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Microsoft GH-200 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Author and Maintain Workflows: This section of the exam measures skills of DevOps Engineers and Automation Specialists and covers building and managing workflows triggered by events such as pushes, scheduled times, manual triggers, and webhooks. It includes understanding workflow components like jobs, steps, actions, and runners, syntax correctness, environment variables, secrets management, and dependencies between jobs. Candidates will also demonstrate practical abilities to create workflows for various purposes, including publishing packages, using service containers, routing jobs, and deploying releases to cloud providers.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manage GitHub Actions in the Enterprise: This section measures the expertise of Enterprise Administrators and Platform Engineers in distributing and managing GitHub Actions and workflows at the organizational level. It includes reuse and sharing of templates, strategies for managing reusable components via repositories and naming conventions, controlling access to actions, setting organization-wide usage policies, and planning maintenance to ensure efficient enterprise-wide deployment of GitHub Actions.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Consume Workflows: This domain targets Software Developers and Quality Assurance Engineers and focuses on interpreting workflow runs and their outcomes. It covers identifying triggering events, reading workflow configurations, troubleshooting failures by analyzing logs, enabling debug logging, managing environment variables, caching dependencies, and passing data between jobs. Candidates also manage workflow runs, artifacts, approvals, and status badges, as well as locating workflows within repositories and leveraging organizational templated workflows.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Author and Maintain Actions: This domain evaluates the abilities of Action Developers and Automation Engineers to select and create suitable types of GitHub Actions, such as JavaScript, Docker containers, or run steps. It emphasizes troubleshooting action code, understanding the components and file structures of actions, and using workflow commands within actions to communicate with runners, including exit code management.

Microsoft GitHub Actions Sample Questions (Q91-Q96):

NEW QUESTION # 91

You need to create new workflows to deploy to an unfamiliar cloud provider. What is the fastest and safest way to begin?

- A. Download the CLI for the cloud provider and review the associated documentation.
- B. Create a custom action to wrap the cloud provider's CLI.
- C. Use the actions/jenkins-plugin action to utilize an existing Jenkins plugin for the cloud provider.
- **D. Search GitHub Marketplace for verified actions published by the cloud provider.**
- E. Search GitHub Marketplace for actions created by GitHub.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Searching the GitHub Marketplace for verified actions published by the cloud provider is the quickest and safest approach. Many cloud providers offer verified GitHub Actions that are maintained and optimized to interact with their services. These actions typically come with the correct configurations and best practices, allowing you to get started quickly without reinventing the wheel.

NEW QUESTION # 92

As a developer, you created a JavaScript action. What is the best way to test your JavaScript action?

- A. Create a workflow that includes the actions/debug-javascript action.
- **B. Create a workflow that only executes your specific JavaScript action.**
- C. Use a tool called @vercel/ncc to compile your code.
- D. Package your JavaScript action inside a docker container image and run it.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Testing out your JavaScript action in a workflow

You can test your action out in a workflow.

Public actions can be used by workflows in any repository. When an action is in a private repository, the repository settings dictate whether the action is available only within the same repository or also to other repositories owned by the same user or organization. Reference:

<https://docs.github.com/en/actions/tutorials/create-actions/create-a-javascript-action>

NEW QUESTION # 93

Which scopes are available to define custom environment variables within a workflow file?

(Choose three.)

- A. all jobs being run on a single Actions runner, by using `runner.env` at the top of the workflow file
- B. within the `run` attribute of a job step
- C. the entire stage, by using `env` at the top of the defined build stage
- **D. a specific step within a job, by using `jobs..steps[*].env`**
- **E. the entire workflow, by using `env` at the top level of the workflow file**
- **F. the contents of a job within a workflow, by using `jobs.env`**

Answer: D,E,F

Explanation:

Defining environment variables for a single workflow

To set a custom environment variable for a single workflow, you can define it using the `env` key in the workflow file. The scope of a custom variable set by this method is limited to the element in which it is defined. You can define variables that are scoped for:

[A] The entire workflow, by using `env` at the top level of the workflow file.

[E] The contents of a job within a workflow, by using `jobs.<job_id>.env`.

[F] A specific step within a job, by using `jobs.<job_id>.steps[*].env`.

Reference:

<https://docs.github.com/en/actions/how-to/write-workflows/choose-what-workflows-do/use-variables>

NEW QUESTION # 94

You are reaching your organization's storage limit for GitHub artifacts and packages. What should you do to prevent the storage limit from being reached? (Choose two.)

- **A. Delete artifacts from the repositories manually**
- B. Configure the repo to use Git Large File Storage.
- **C. Configure the artifact and log retention period.**
- D. Use self-hosted runners for all workflow runs.
- E. Disable branch protections in the repository.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Deleting artifacts from repositories manually will free up storage space. Artifacts are typically stored for a limited time by default, but manual cleanup can help manage space.

Configuring the artifact and log retention period allows you to control how long artifacts and logs are retained in your repository. By shortening the retention period, you can prevent unnecessary accumulation of data and manage storage more effectively.

NEW QUESTION # 95

When creating and managing custom actions in an enterprise setting, which of the following is considered a best practice?

- A. including custom actions that other teams need to reference in the same repository as application code
- B. creating a separate branch in application repositories that only contains the actions
- C. creating a single repository for all custom actions so that the versions for each action are all the same
- **D. creating a separate repository for each action so that the version can be managed independently**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Managing custom actions

<https://docs.github.com/en/actions/how-to/create-and-publish-actions/manage-custom-actions>

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