

DAA-C01 Valid Braindumps & DAA-C01 Exam Fee



DOWNLOAD the newest Fast2test DAA-C01 PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free: https://drive.google.com/open?id=13Qe_adV_9EqGJWeo8Y-nbKRDhYLbX6KQ

DAA-C01 study material is in the form of questions and answers like the real exam that help you to master knowledge in the process of practicing and help you to get rid of those drowsy descriptions in the textbook. DAA-C01 test dumps can make you no longer feel a headache for learning, let you find fun and even let you fall in love with learning. The content of DAA-C01 Study Material is comprehensive and targeted so that you learning is no longer blind. DAA-C01 test answers help you to spend time and energy on important points of knowledge, allowing you to easily pass the exam.

Snowflake DAA-C01 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Objectives
Data Loading and Unloading	- Data export • 1. UNLOAD and external stages - Data ingestion methods • 1. Continuous ingestion and Snowpipe concepts • 2. COPY INTO and bulk loading
Data Transformation and Analysis	- Analytical workloads • 1. Materialized views and caching • 2. Query optimization for analytics - SQL-based transformations • 1. Semi-structured data (VARIANT, JSON, XML) • 2. Joins, aggregations, window functions
Security, Governance, and Data Sharing	- Access control and security • 1. Role-based access control (RBAC) • 2. Authentication and encryption concepts - Data sharing and governance • 1. Data masking and policies • 2. Secure data sharing

Snowflake Architecture and Data Platform Fundamentals	- Data platform fundamentals • 1. Separation of storage and compute • 2. Data lifecycle in Snowflake - Snowflake architecture concepts • 1. Cloud services layer, compute layer, storage layer • 2. Virtual warehouses and scaling
Data Modeling and Performance Optimization	- Performance tuning • 1. Warehouse sizing and auto-suspend/auto-resume • 2. Clustering and pruning techniques - Modeling approaches in Snowflake • 1. Star and snowflake schemas • 2. Data normalization vs denormalization

>> DAA-C01 Valid Braindumps <<

Evaluate Your Skills with Online Snowflake DAA-C01 Practice Test Engine

We have confidence and ability to make you get large returns but just need input small investment. our DAA-C01 study materials provide a platform which help you gain knowledge in order to let you outstanding in the labor market and get satisfying job that you like. The content of our DAA-C01 question torrent is easy to master and simplify the important information. It conveys more important information with less answers and questions, thus the learning is easy and efficient. We believe our latest DAA-C01 exam torrent will be the best choice for you.

Snowflake SnowPro Advanced: Data Analyst Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q18-Q23):

NEW QUESTION # 18

In Snowflake, how do window functions differ from table functions?

- A. Window functions work on entire tables.
- B. Window functions modify table structures.
- **C. Table functions operate on windowed rows.**
- D. Table functions return tables as results.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Table functions operate on windowed rows, distinguishing them from window functions in Snowflake.

NEW QUESTION # 19

A data analyst needs to enrich customer data in a Snowflake database with demographic information obtained from the Snowflake Marketplace. The purchased listing provides data as a secure view Which of the following SQL commands is the MOST efficient and secure way to create a new table in the data analyst's database that combines customer data with the demographic information from the Marketplace listing, while ensuring that only necessary columns from the Marketplace data are included?

- A.
- B.
- C.

```
CREATE TABLE enriched_customers AS SELECT c. , m.age, m.income FROM customer_table c JOIN marketplace_view m ON c.customer_id = m.customer_id;
```

```
CREATE TABLE enriched_customers AS SELECT c. , m. FROM customer_table c JOIN marketplace_view m ON c.customer_id = m.customer_id;
```

```
CREATE TABLE enriched_customers AS SELECT c. , m.age, m.income FROM customer_table c, marketplace_view m WHERE c.customer_id = m.customer_id;
```

- D.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TABLE enriched_customers AS SELECT c.age, m.income FROM customer_table c JOIN marketplace_view m ON c.customer_id = m.customer_id;
```

- E.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Option D is the most efficient and secure because: it creates a new table or replaces if one exists, it explicitly selects only the necessary columns (age, income) from the Marketplace view, preventing unnecessary data exposure. It also explicitly uses JOIN condition. A new table has to be created instead of view for persistence and to prevent recomputing of the data on frequent requests.

NEW QUESTION # 20

You have a large dataset in Snowflake containing customer order information stored in a table named 'ORDERS' with columns 'ORDER_ID' (INT), 'CUSTOMER_ID' (INT), 'ORDER_DATE' (DATE), 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' (FLOAT), and 'DISCOUNT_APPLIED' (BOOLEAN). You need to use Snowsight dashboards to analyze customer spending behavior and identify potential outliers. Which of the following visualizations, combined with appropriate SQL queries, would be MOST effective in identifying customers with unusually high or low order values? (Select TWO)

- ☐ A Box Plot visualizing the distribution of 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' per 'CUSTOMER_ID'. The SQL query should calculate the 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' for each customer: 'SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, SUM(TOTAL_AMOUNT) AS TOTAL_AMOUNT FROM ORDERS GROUP BY CUSTOMER_ID'.
- ☐ A Line Chart showing the average 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' over time. The SQL query should group the data by 'ORDER_DATE' and calculate the average 'TOTAL_AMOUNT': 'SELECT ORDER_DATE, AVG(TOTAL_AMOUNT) FROM ORDERS GROUP BY ORDER_DATE ORDER BY ORDER_DATE'.
- ☐ A Scatter Plot with 'CUSTOMER_ID' on the x-axis and 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' on the y-axis. The SQL query should return each 'CUSTOMER_ID' and their corresponding 'TOTAL_AMOUNT': 'SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, SUM(TOTAL_AMOUNT) FROM ORDERS GROUP BY CUSTOMER_ID'.
- ☐ A Histogram showing the distribution of 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' across all orders. The SQL query should simply select the 'TOTAL_AMOUNT' from the 'ORDERS' table: 'SELECT TOTAL_AMOUNT FROM ORDERS'.
- ☐ A Bar Chart showing the total number of orders placed by each customer. The SQL query should count the orders for each 'CUSTOMER_ID': 'SELECT CUSTOMER_ID, COUNT(*) FROM ORDERS GROUP BY CUSTOMER_ID'.

- A. Option E
- B. Option A
- C. Option D
- D. Option B
- E. Option C

Answer: B,E

Explanation:

Options A and C are the most effective. A Box Plot (A) is ideal for identifying outliers in a distribution. By visualizing the distribution of total order amounts per customer, you can easily spot customers with unusually high or low spending. A Scatter Plot (C) directly shows the relationship between customer ID and total spending, making it easy to visually identify outliers based on their position relative to other data points. Option B is more suitable for trend analysis over time, and options D and E are useful but don't directly highlight individual customer outliers in terms of order value.

NEW QUESTION # 21

Why is the Parquet format preferred for complex data sets?

- A. It supports efficient compression and encoding schemes
- B. It changes data colors for differentiation
- C. It randomly alters data for testing
- D. It has visually appealing data presentation

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 22

A retail company uses Snowflake to store sales data. They have a dashboard showing daily sales trends, powered by a materialized view. The sales data is updated every hour. The dashboard team reports that the dashboard sometimes shows stale data. They want

- A. Increase the warehouse size to X-Large. This will ensure refreshes complete faster and data is always fresh.
- B. Schedule a task to refresh the materialized view using 'ALTER MATERIALIZED VIEW sales_mv REFRESH' immediately after each hourly data load.
- C. Set the property of the materialized view to 'TRUE'. Snowflake will automatically manage the refresh frequency.
- D. Drop and recreate the materialized view every hour after the data load. This guarantees data freshness.
- E. Change the materialized view to a standard view. Standard views always show the latest data.

Explanation:

NEW QUESTION # 23

DAA-C01 Exam Fee: <https://www.fast2test.com/DAA-C01-premium-file.html>

- [illegible]

myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, scalar.usc.edu, Disposable vapes

P.S. Free 2026 Snowflake DAA-C01 dumps are available on Google Drive shared by Fast2test: https://drive.google.com/open?id=13Qe_adV_9EqGJWeo8Y-nbKRDhYLbX6KQ