

Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 인기덤프문제, Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 덤프문제모음



그리고 PassTIP Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Bzsjd2HhUPWpBCh1p_vcGeiH1FNVCfe

Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험을 패스해서 자격증을 취득하려고 하는데 시험비며 학원비며 공부자료비며 비용이 만만치 않다고요? 제일 저렴한 가격으로 제일 효과좋은 PassTIP의 Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 덤프를 알고 계시는지요? PassTIP의 Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 덤프는 최신 시험문제에 근거하여 만들어진 시험준비공부가이드로서 학원공부 필요없이 덤프공부만으로도 시험을 한방에 패스할 수 있습니다. 덤프를 구매하신분은 철저한 구매후 서비스도 받을 수 있습니다.

Google Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analyze Chrome Data: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome Data Analyst and focuses on using the Google Admin console to view, analyze, and troubleshoot browser data. It includes reviewing reports, diagnosing browser or update issues, investigating performance problems, and identifying security risks based on log events and Chrome activity.
주제 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Enterprise Management Fundamentals: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome Device Administrator and covers the foundational elements of managing Chrome in an enterprise. It includes understanding how policies are applied and resolved, differentiating managed browsers from profiles, and describing how policies work. It also covers Chrome's built-in security features, how extensions are used and deployed, and how the release cycle and channels are managed.
주제 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Manage Chrome Enterprise in the Cloud: This section of the exam measures skills of a Cloud Systems Administrator and focuses on preparing and configuring environments for Chrome cloud management. Candidates must demonstrate how to verify domains, use admin roles, configure organizational structures, deploy enrollment tokens, enable reporting, and maintain Chrome using the Google Admin console.
주제 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Extensions: This section of the exam measures skills of an Endpoint Security Manager and involves managing Chrome extension policies. It includes designing extension management strategies, handling extension exemptions, creating approval workflows, and assessing extensions for their risk and compliance with business continuity requirements.
주제 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chrome Updates: This section of the exam measures skills of a Chrome IT Policy Analyst and addresses the various update methods available for Chrome. It includes selecting the right update strategy for different business and security needs, managing compliance across platforms, and adapting update methods based on environmental changes or risks.

Google Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator덤프문제모음, Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 100% 시험패스 덤프

PassTIP의 완벽한 Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator덤프는 고객님의Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator시험을 패스하는 지름길입니다. 시간과 돈을 적게 들이는 반면 효과는 십점만점에 십점입니다. PassTIP의 Google인증 Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator덤프를 선택하시면 고객님의께서 원하시는 시험점수를 받아 자격증을 쉽게 취득할 수 있습니다.

최신 Professional Chrome Enterprise Chrome-Enterprise-Administrator 무료 샘플문제 (Q22-Q27):

질문 # 22

A company deploys policies in a hybrid manner from both on premises and the Google Admin console How would policies set in chrome://policy?

- A. Applies To: Machine, Source: Cloud
- B. Level: Mandatory, Source: Platform
- C. Level: Mandatory, Source: Cloud
- D. Level: Recommended, Source: Cloud

정답: C

설명:

When viewing applied Chrome policies in the `chrome://policy` internal page, policies enforced through Chrome Enterprise Core (the cloud management console) will typically be labeled with a "Source" of "Cloud." If the administrator has enforced the policy, the "Level" will likely be "Mandatory," indicating that users cannot change this setting. "Platform" would refer to policies set locally on the operating system (like Group Policy on Windows). "Recommended" policies are suggestions that users can typically override.

질문 # 23

A company uses Chrome Enterprise Core to manage Chrome browsers for its employees and contractors who share devices They need a way to ensure the following:

- * Full-Time Employees (FTEs) can only see and use extensions assigned to them
- * Contractors can only see and use extensions assigned to them
- * Both FTEs and contractors have access to a set of shared extensions

How can the Chrome administrator configure Chrome Enterprise Core to achieve this'?

- A. Create Organizational Units (OUs) for Shared devices, assign shared extensions to the OU. Use Group Policy Objects to assign specific extensions by user group
- B. Create Organizational Units (OUs) for Shared devices, assign shared extensions to the OU. Create a separate group in the Google Admin Console for FTEs. Assign extensions to the group based on their needs
- C. Ask users to install all the extensions they need on the shared device
- D. Create separate groups in the Google Admin Console for FTEs and Contractors. Assign extensions to respective groups based on their needs

정답: B

설명:

The most effective way to manage extensions in this scenario is to use a combination of OUs and groups. Create an OU for the shared devices and force-install the shared extensions at this OU level. Then, create separate user groups for FTEs and Contractors in the Google Admin console and force-install their specific extensions to these groups. User group policies have a higher precedence than OU policies, ensuring the correct extensions are available to each user type when they sign in to the shared devices. Option A mentions Group Policy Objects, which are for Windows environments and less relevant in a cloud-managed scenario across potentially different OSes. Option B doesn't address the shared device aspect effectively. Option C is not a managed approach.

질문 # 24

An organization experiences a recent surge in account takeovers and suspicious activity. Upon investigation, a security team discovers that employees are falling victim to infostealer malware specifically designed to target Chrome browser cookies. This malware is spreading through phishing emails and compromised websites, and it is capable of stealing session cookies, login credentials, and other sensitive information stored in the browser. Which measure can an administrator implement using Chrome Enterprise Core to mitigate the risks posed by cookie theft?

- A. Block the use of third-party cookies
- **B. Require Enhanced Safe Browsing and enable Application Bound Encryption**
- C. Invalidate user's session cookies and tokens by resetting the sign-in cookies from the Google Admin console
- D. Disallow Chrome Sync and Require Incognito mode

정답: B

설명:

To combat cookie theft from infostealer malware, requiring "Enhanced Safe Browsing" provides proactive protection against malicious websites and downloads that might distribute such malware. Enabling "Application Bound Encryption" adds an extra layer of security to cookies and other sensitive data stored by Chrome, making them harder for malware to use even if stolen. Blocking third-party cookies (option A) can improve privacy but doesn't directly prevent malware from stealing first-party session cookies. Invalidating existing cookies (option C) is a reactive measure and doesn't prevent future theft. Disallowing Chrome Sync and requiring Incognito mode (option D) changes user behavior but doesn't inherently protect against malware on the local machine.

질문 # 25

An organization is deploying 50 new devices which will be managed by a Mobile Device Management solution. Which method should be used to enroll the Chrome browser on those devices into Chrome Enterprise Core?

- A. Generate a single device enrollment token and email it to all users, instructing them to enroll their devices individually
- **B. Use Google Admin to generate an enrollment token and distribute it using mobile device management software**
- C. Use Google Admin to generate 50 individual device registration keys and distribute them using mobile device management software
- D. Use Google Admin console bulk enrollment feature to generate a set of unique tokens, and then distribute them via secure file sharing platform

정답: B

설명:

The study guide emphasizes using enrollment tokens generated in the Google Admin console for enrolling browsers. When using an MDM solution, the most efficient and recommended method is to generate a single enrollment token and then deploy it to the devices through the MDM software. This allows for automated and scalable enrollment. Bulk enrollment features in the Admin console are typically for direct enrollment, not through MDM. Individual tokens or keys would be inefficient for a large deployment.

질문 # 26

An administrator wants users to have the ability to install extensions of their choosing. However, due to company security policies, the administrator cannot allow any extension to be installed that has the ability to read documents on the local drive. Which policy combination best meets the administrator's need?

- A. Chrome Webstore: Block all apps, admin manages allowlist; Block extensions by permission: Sync File System
- **B. Chrome Webstore: Allow all apps, admin manages blocklist; Block extensions by permission: File System**
- C. Chrome Webstore: Allow all apps, admin manages blocklist; Runtime Blocked Hosts: file:///*
- D. Chrome Webstore: Allow all apps, admin manages blocklist; Runtime Blocked Hosts: C:*

정답: B

설명:

To allow users to install extensions while blocking those with specific risky permissions, the administrator should "Allow all apps" from the Chrome Web Store and then use the "Block extensions by permission" policy to block extensions that request the "File System" permission. This prevents extensions from accessing local files. Option A is too restrictive by blocking all apps by default.

