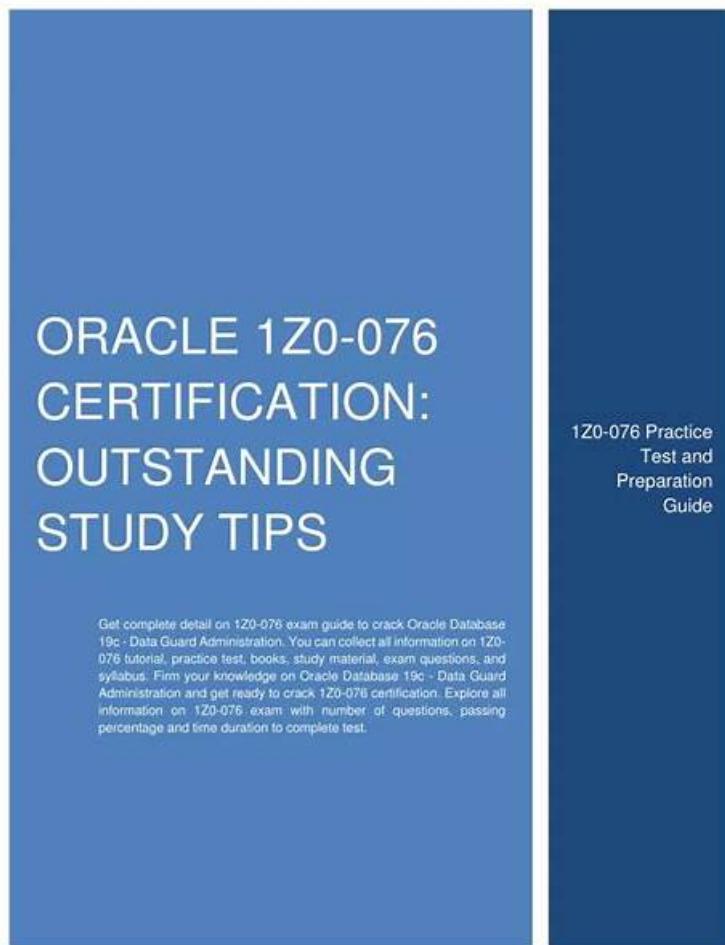


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Oracle 1z0-076 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Performing Role Transitions: Here, the concept of database roles is explained, along with the steps for performing switchovers, failovers, and maintaining physical standby sessions during role transitions.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Creating a Data Guard Broker Configuration: This section delves into the practical aspects of creating and managing a Data Guard broker configuration, including command-line and Enterprise Manager approaches.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Managing Physical Standby Files After Structural Changes on the Primary Database: The topic covers managing structural changes in the primary database and their impact on physical standby files.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Managing Oracle Net Services in a Data Guard Environment: The section focuses on Oracle Net Services and its role in Data Guard networking setup.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Patching and Upgrading Databases in a Data Guard Configuration: This section provides guidance on patching and upgrading databases in a Data Guard environment, along with performance optimization techniques and monitoring considerations.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Oracle Data Guard Broker Basics: An overview of the Data Guard broker, its architecture, components, benefits, and configurations, is provided here. It serves as an introduction to the tool used for managing Data Guard configurations.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Using Oracle Active Data Guard: Supported Workloads in Read-Only Standby Databases: Here, the usage of physical standby databases for real-time queries is discussed.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Monitoring a Data Guard Broker Configuration: The topic covers the use of Enterprise Manager and DGMGRL to monitor Data Guard configurations and explains the various data protection modes available.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Oracle Data Guard Basics: This topic covers the essential architecture and concepts of Oracle Data Guard. It includes sub-topics such as the physical and logical standby database comparison, benefits of Data Guard, and its integration with multi-tenant databases.

Oracle Database 19c: Data Guard Administration Sample Questions (Q109-Q114):

NEW QUESTION # 109

Which two steps must be performed before running DUPLICATE TARGET DATABASE FOR STANDBY using RMAN?

- A. Create a standby control file.
- B. Run the nrd utility to modify the DBID of the primary database.
- C. Create an SPFILE for the standby database.
- D. **Configure Oracle Net connectivity between the primary host and the standby host.**
- E. Transfer a copy of the password file from the primary host to the standby host.

Answer: D,E

NEW QUESTION # 110

Which THREE statements are TRUE about Global Sequences when connected to a physical standby database with Real-Time Query enabled?

- A. Their creation requires that a LOG archive_dest_n parameter be defined in the standby that points back to the primary.
- B. If the CACHE option is set then the size of the cache must be at least 100.
- C. **Their usage may have a performance impact on the physical standby database if the CACHE size is too small.**
- D. **Their usage will always have a performance impact on the primary database.**

- E. They must have the NOORDEK and CACHE options set.

Answer: C,D,E

Explanation:

Global Sequences are Oracle sequences that generate unique values across multiple instances in an Oracle RAC or a Data Guard configuration. Regarding their behavior and performance when connected to a physical standby database with Real-Time Query enabled:

A: The usage of Global Sequences can indeed have a performance impact on the primary database due to the need to generate unique values that are consistent across both primary and standby databases.

D: The performance impact on the physical standby database may occur if the CACHE size is too small. This is because the standby database will frequently have to access the primary database to replenish the cache, which can increase the load and potentially lead to performance degradation.

E: Global Sequences should have the NOORDER and CACHE options set. The NOORDER option ensures that sequence numbers are provided without guaranteeing sequence order, thus improving scalability and performance. The CACHE option is used to specify how many sequence values will be held in memory for faster access.

Option B is incorrect as the LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_n parameter's definition for standbys pointing back to the primary does not directly pertain to the creation of sequences.

Option C is incorrect because there is no requirement that the size of the cache for a sequence must be at least 100. The CACHE size can be set to a different number based on specific use cases or performance considerations.

NEW QUESTION # 111

Examine this validate command:

DGMGRL> VALIDATE DATABASE VERBOSE "<database name>";

Which THREE statements are TRUE?

- A. The command can be used for a logical standby database.
- B. The command performs a comparison of SPFILE entries between the primary database and a specified standby database.
- C. The command performs a comprehensive set of database checks prior to a role change.
- D. The command uses information available in various Oracle Data Guard views as well as the Automatic Diagnostic Repository.
- E. The command performs network connectivity checks between members of a broker configuration.

Answer: A,C,E

Explanation:

* The command performs a comprehensive set of database checks prior to a role change (A): The VALIDATE DATABASE command in Data Guard Manager (DGMGRL) is designed to perform an exhaustive check of a specified database's readiness for a role change, such as a switchover or failover.

* The command performs network connectivity checks between members of a broker configuration (C): One of the checks includes verifying that the necessary network connectivity exists between the databases in a Data Guard Broker configuration.

* The command can be used for a logical standby database (D): The VALIDATE DATABASE command is versatile and can be used for both physical and logical standby databases to ensure their readiness for role changes.

References:

* Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation

* Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide

NEW QUESTION # 112

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

□ What happens if you issue "switchover to sheep;" at the DGMGRL prompt?

- A. The switchover succeeds and Cats becomes the new failover target.
- B. The switchover succeeds and Fast-Start Failover is suspended.
- C. The switchover succeeds and Dogs becomes the new failover target.
- D. The switchover succeeds but Dogs needs to be reinstated.
- E. It results in an error indicating that a switchover is not allowed.

Answer: C

Explanation:

When issuing a "switchover to sheep;" command in a Data Guard configuration, the primary database (Dogs) transitions to a standby role, and the target standby database (Sheep) becomes the new primary database. Fast-Start Failover (FSFO) remains enabled, but its target changes according to the new roles of the databases. Since Cats is also a physical standby database, it does not become the failover target by default unless it is specified in the broker configuration. After the switchover, the original primary (Dogs) becomes the new standby database and thus the new failover target for FSFO.

Reference:

Oracle Data Guard Broker documentation provides detailed procedures and explanations of switchover operations, including how FSFO targets are affected post-switchover. This behavior is consistent across different Oracle Database versions that support Data Guard and FSFO.

NEW QUESTION # 113

Examine this list of possible steps:

1. Raise the compatibility level on both databases.
2. Restart SQL Apply on the upgraded logical standby database.
3. Start SQL Apply on the old primary database.
4. Perform a Switchover to the logical standby database.
5. Upgrade the logical standby database.
6. Upgrade the old primary database.

Which is the minimum number of steps in the correct order, to perform a rolling release upgrade of a data guard environment using an existing logical standby database and to enable the new functionality?

- A. 5,2,4,3,6,1
- B. 5,2,4,1
- C. 4,6,5,2,3,1
- D. 5,2,4,6,3,1
- E. 1,5,2,4,6,3

Answer: E

Explanation:

The process of performing a rolling release upgrade in a Data Guard environment using a logical standby database generally involves these steps:

- * Raise the compatibility level on both databases (1): Ensuring both the primary and logical standby databases are operating with the same and correct compatibility level is essential before starting the upgrade process.
- * Upgrade the logical standby database (5): Apply the database upgrade to the logical standby first, which allows the primary database to continue serving the workload without interruption.
- * Restart SQL Apply on the upgraded logical standby database (2): Once the logical standby has been upgraded, SQL Apply must be restarted to apply the redo data from the primary database, which is still running the earlier version.
- * Perform a switchover to the logical standby database (4): After confirming that the logical standby database is successfully applying redo data, perform a switchover to make it the new primary database.
- * Upgrade the old primary database (6): With the new primary database now in place, upgrade the old primary database (which is now the new standby) to the new Oracle Database release.
- * Start SQL Apply on the old primary database (3): Finally, start SQL Apply on what is now the standby database to synchronize it with the new primary database.

References:

- * Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration Guide
- * Oracle Database Upgrade Guide

NEW QUESTION # 114

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