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CheckPoint 156-587 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	Introduction to Advanced Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Network Security Engineers and covers the foundational concepts of advanced troubleshooting techniques. It introduces candidates to various methodologies and approaches used to identify and resolve complex issues in network environments.

Topic 2	Advanced Troubleshooting with Logs and Events: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Security Administrators and covers the analysis of logs and events for troubleshooting. Candidates will learn how to interpret log data to identify issues and security threats effectively.
Topic 3	Advanced Access Control Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators in demonstrating expertise in troubleshooting access control mechanisms. It involves understanding user permissions and resolving authentication issues.
Topic 4	Advanced Identity Awareness Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Security Consultants and focuses on troubleshooting identity awareness systems.
Topic 5	Advanced Client-to-Site VPN Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators and focuses on troubleshooting client-to-site VPN issues.
Topic 6	Advanced Management Server Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators and focuses on troubleshooting management servers. It emphasizes understanding server architecture and diagnosing problems related to server performance and connectivity.

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CheckPoint Check Point Certified Troubleshooting Expert - R81.20 Sample Questions (Q101-Q106):

NEW QUESTION # 101

What command is used to find out which port Multi-Portal has assigned to the Mobile Access Portal?

- A. `mpclient getdata sslvpn`
- B. `mpclient getdata mobi`
- C. `netstat -nap | grep mobile`
- D. `netstat getdata sslvpn`

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 102

You run a free-command on a gateway and notice that the Swap column is not zero Choose the best answer

- A. Swap file is used regularly because RAM memory is reserved for management traffic
- B. Its old Swap is used to increase performance
- C. Swap memory is used for heavy connections when RAM memory is full
- D. Utilization of ram is high and swap file had to be used

Answer: D

Explanation:

When the free command on a Linux-based system (like a Check Point Gaia gateway) shows a non-zero value in the "Swap" column, it indicates that the system has utilized its swap space. Swap space is a portion of the hard disk designated to act as virtual RAM when the physical RAM is fully utilized.

The most direct and accurate explanation for swap usage is that the system's demand for Random Access Memory (RAM)

exceeded the available physical RAM, forcing the operating system to move some less frequently used memory pages from RAM to the swap space on the disk. This frees up physical RAM for more active processes.

Let's analyze the options:

A . Utilization of ram is high and swap file had to be used: This is the correct and fundamental reason. Swap is used precisely because RAM utilization reached a point where the system needed more memory than was physically available.

B . Swap file is used regularly because RAM memory is reserved for management traffic: While Check Point gateways handle management traffic, operating systems do not typically use swap "regularly" due to a fixed reservation of RAM for such traffic in a way that would routinely force swapping under normal conditions. If management traffic is excessively high and consumes too much RAM, it would fall under the general case of high RAM utilization.

C . Swap memory is used for heavy connections when RAM memory is full: This describes a common cause for high RAM utilization on a firewall. Heavy connections can consume significant memory resources. When this consumption leads to RAM exhaustion, swap will indeed be used. However, option A is a more general and direct explanation of why swap is used, regardless of the specific cause of high RAM utilization. Option C is a specific scenario leading to the condition described in A.

D . Its ole Swap is used to increase performance: This statement is incorrect. Swapping to disk is significantly slower than accessing RAM. Therefore, swap usage generally indicates a performance bottleneck (or potential for one) rather than a performance enhancement. While virtual memory (which includes swap) allows a system to run more or larger applications than its physical RAM would normally allow, the act of swapping itself is detrimental to performance.

Conclusion: The best answer is A because it directly and accurately describes the immediate reason for swap usage: high RAM utilization necessitating the use of the swap file. Option C, while plausible as a cause of high RAM utilization, is a specific instance, whereas A is the overarching reason swap comes into play.

Reference (General Linux/System Administration Principles and supported by CCTE exam preparation materials): This understanding is based on fundamental principles of how operating systems manage memory and swap space. Check Point CCTE R81.20 exam preparation materials also affirm this understanding for similar questions. For instance, a question identical to this one appearing in CCTE exam preparation resources typically points to option A as the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 103

What is the best way to resolve an issue caused by a frozen process?

- A. Reboot the machine
- B. Kill the process
- C. Power off the machine
- D. Restart the process

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 104

An administrator receives reports about issues with log indexing and text searching regarding an existing Management Server. In trying to find a solution she wants to check if the process responsible for this feature is running correctly. What is true about the related process?

- A. fwm manages this database after initialization of the 1CA
- B. cpd needs to be restarted manual to show in the list
- C. fwssd crashes can affect therefore not show in the list
- D. solr is a child process of cpm

Answer: D

Explanation:

The process responsible for log indexing and text searching is solr, which is a child process of cpm. The solr process is responsible for indexing the logs and providing the search engine for SmartLog and SmartConsole.

The solr process is started by the cpm process and can be monitored by the command `cpwd admin list`. The solr process uses the PostgreSQL database to store the indexed data and the Lucene library to perform the text search. The solr process can be affected by various factors, such as the size and number of log files, the hardware resources, the network connectivity, and the configuration settings. If the solr process is not running correctly, the administrator may experience issues with log indexing and text searching, such as slow performance, missing logs, or incorrect results.

NEW QUESTION # 105

- A. cpstat antimalware-f subscription status
- B. fw monitor license status
- C. fwm lie print
- D. show license status

NEW QUESTION # 106

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