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IDP Exam Preparation: CrowdStrike Certified Identity Specialist(CCIS) Exam & IDP Best Questions

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CrowdStrike IDP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Risk Assessment: Covers entity risk categorization, risk and event analysis dashboards, filtering, user risk reduction, custom insights versus reports, and export scheduling.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Falcon Identity Protection Fundamentals: Introduces the four menu categories (monitor, enforce, explore, configure), subscription differences between ITD and ITP, user roles, permissions, and threat mitigation capabilities.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• GraphQL API: Covers Identity API documentation, creating API keys, permission levels, pivoting from Threat Hunter to GraphQL, and building queries.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Risk Management with Policy Rules: Covers creating and managing policy rules and groups, triggers, conditions, enabling• disabling rules, applying changes, and required Falcon roles.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• User Assessment: Examines user attributes, differences between users• endpoints• entities, risk baselining, risky account types, elevated privileges, watchlists, and honeytoken accounts.

Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multifactor Authentication (MFA) and Identity-as-a-service (IDaaS) Configuration Basics: Focuses on accessing and configuring MFA and IDaaS connectors, configuration fields, and enabling third-party MFA integration.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Falcon Fusion SOAR for Identity Protection: Explores SOAR workflow automation including triggers, conditions, actions, creating custom • templated • scheduled workflows, branching logic, and loops.

CrowdStrike Certified Identity Specialist(CCIS) Exam Sample Questions (Q27-Q32):

NEW QUESTION # 27

What setting can be switched under the Domain Security Overview for each Active Directory domain and/or Azure tenant?

- A. Scope
- B. Domains
- C. Goal
- D. Privileged Identities

Answer: A

Explanation:

In the Domain Security Overview, Scope is a configurable setting that allows administrators to switch between Active Directory domains and Azure tenants. This capability is essential for organizations managing multiple identity environments, as it enables targeted risk assessment and comparison across different identity infrastructures.

The CCIS documentation explains that Scope determines which domain or tenant's identity data is displayed in the Overview dashboard, including risk scores, trends, and prioritized remediation guidance.

Changing the scope does not alter risk calculations; it simply refocuses the analysis on the selected identity environment.

Other options are incorrect because:

* Privileged Identities represent a subset of users, not a switchable setting.

* Domains are entities, not a dashboard control.

* Goal changes how risks are evaluated, not which environment is displayed.

By allowing granular control over which domain or tenant is analyzed, Scope supports accurate identity risk management in complex, hybrid environments. Therefore, Option A is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 28

How many days will an identity-based incident be suppressed if new events related to the same incident occur?

- A. 30 days
- B. 5 days
- C. 7 days
- D. 14 days

Answer: B

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection uses incident suppression windows to prevent alert fatigue while still maintaining accurate incident tracking. According to the CCIS documentation, when new events related to an existing identity-based incident occur, the incident is suppressed for 5 days.

This suppression means that Falcon does not generate a new incident for the same activity during this window. Instead, additional detections are added to the existing incident, allowing analysts to view the full progression of the threat in a single investigative context.

The 5-day suppression window ensures that ongoing identity attacks—such as repeated authentication abuse or lateral movement—are consolidated rather than fragmented across multiple incidents. This improves investigation efficiency and aligns with Falcon's incident lifecycle management approach.

Because the suppression period is fixed at 5 days, Option B is the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 29

Which of the following actions under the Investigate menu will pivot to Falcon Identity Protection from an identity-based detection?

- A. Search for events in Threat Hunter
- B. Investigate involved users
- **C. Search for involved entities in Threat Hunter**
- D. Investigate involved endpoints

Answer: C

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection integrates directly with Threat Hunter to enable deeper investigation of identity-based activity. According to the CCIS curriculum, selecting Search for involved entities in Threat Hunter allows analysts to pivot from an identity-based detection into Threat Hunter while preserving identity context.

This pivot enables analysts to examine related users, service accounts, endpoints, and authentication behavior using advanced queries and timelines. Importantly, this action maintains the identity-centric investigation flow, bridging detections with broader hunting capabilities.

The other options do not perform this specific pivot:

* Investigating users or endpoints remains within entity views.

* Searching for events in Threat Hunter does not preserve entity context.

Because Search for involved entities in Threat Hunter is the correct pivot action, Option C is the verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which of the following are NOT included within the three-dot menu on Identity-based Detections?

□ Which of the following are not included within the three-dot menu on Identity-based Detections?

- **A. Add to Watchlist**
- B. Add comment
- C. Edit status
- D. Add exclusion

Answer: A

Explanation:

In Falcon Identity Protection, the three-dot (#) action menu on an identity-based detection provides analysts with a limited set of actions that apply directly to the detection itself. According to the CCIS curriculum, these actions are designed to support investigation workflow, tuning, and documentation.

The supported actions in the detection-level three-dot menu include:

* Edit status, which allows analysts to update the detection state (for example, New, In Progress, or Closed).

* Add comment, which enables collaboration and documentation directly on the detection.

* Add exclusion, where supported, to suppress future detections that match known benign behavior.

Add to Watchlist is not included in this menu because watchlists are applied to entities (such as users, service accounts, or endpoints), not to detections. Watchlists are managed from entity views or investigation workflows and are used to increase visibility and monitoring priority for specific identities—not to act on individual detections.

This distinction is emphasized in CCIS training to reinforce the separation between entity-centric actions and detection-centric actions.

Because watchlists operate at the entity level, Option B is the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 31

Where in the Identity Protection module can one view the monitoring status of domain controllers?

- A. System Notifications
- B. Settings
- **C. Domains**
- D. Connectors

Answer: C

In Falcon Identity Protection, the Domains page is where administrators can view the monitoring and health status of domain controllers. The CCIS curriculum explains that this page provides visibility into which domain controllers are actively reporting authentication traffic, their inspection status, and whether Authentication Traffic Inspection (ATI) is enabled. This view is essential for validating coverage and ensuring that Falcon Identity Protection has sufficient visibility into domain authentication activity. Administrators can quickly identify gaps, such as domain controllers that are not reporting or are misconfigured, and take corrective action.

* Settingsmanage general configuration.

* Connectors manage integrations such as MFA and IDaaS.

NEW QUESTION # 32

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