

PCA Exam Forum, New PCA Test Cost

PCA Competency Test (Georgia Exam) | latest 2024 | with complete solution

Reinforce a dressing. - True
Apply a hot pack. - False
Give an enema. - False
Administer medication. - False
Change a sterile dressing. - False
Assist with change of a colostomy bag. - True
Give a rectal suppository. - False
Give a tubal feeding. - False
give insulin - False
Cut Nails - False
As a Personal Care Assistant, you - work as part of the health care team.
When you work in the home, you will be: - working under the supervision of a professional supervisor.
As Personal Care Assistant, it is your responsibility to: - do only the tasks that the registered nurse or therapist assigns to you
In the home, it is important to be a good listener. - True
Always tell the patient what you are going to do before starting a procedure. - True
You only communicate through words. - False
Which of the following is important in communicating with people: - Courtesy, Tact, listening
Body language is: - a way of communicating feelings by using the body, facial expressions and the eyes
PCA care for a conscious patient should be preceded by: - giving an explanation of what is going to be done
Miss Harris, a Personal Care Assistant, is assigned to care for Mr. Goodway. Miss Harris notices that she feels very angry when she is with Mr. Goodway. What should Miss Harris do because she feels this way? - Talk with the agency supervisor about the situation.
A patient accuses a Personal Care Assistant of stealing five dollars. The PCA has not taken the patient's money, but the patient does not believe this. What should the PCA do? - Notify the agency supervisor.
If you do not chart a task that you do for a patient, legally, it was not done. - True
If the patient has a new area of skin breakdown and the nurse is coming in two days, you do not need to report the skin breakdown to your supervisor. - False
A rapid pulse and shortness of breath in a patient usually indicates the patient is excited and does not need to be reported to the nurse. - False
The patient tells you he has not moved his bowels in three days: What should you do? - Report it to the nursing supervisor.

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Linux Foundation PCA Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Observability Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of Site Reliability Engineers and covers the essential principles of observability used in modern systems. It focuses on understanding metrics, logs, and tracing mechanisms such as spans, as well as the difference between push and pull data collection methods. Candidates also learn about service discovery processes and the fundamentals of defining and maintaining SLOs, SLAs, and SLIs to monitor performance and reliability.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Prometheus Fundamentals: This domain evaluates the knowledge of DevOps Engineers and emphasizes the core architecture and components of Prometheus. It includes topics such as configuration and scraping techniques, limitations of the Prometheus system, data models and labels, and the exposition format used for data collection. The section ensures a solid grasp of how Prometheus functions as a monitoring and alerting toolkit within distributed environments.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Instrumentation and Exporters: This domain evaluates the abilities of Software Engineers and addresses the methods for integrating Prometheus into applications. It includes the use of client libraries, the process of instrumenting code, and the proper structuring and naming of metrics. The section also introduces exporters that allow Prometheus to collect metrics from various systems, ensuring efficient and standardized monitoring implementation.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Alerting and Dashboarding: This section of the exam assesses the competencies of Cloud Operations Engineers and focuses on monitoring visualization and alert management. It covers dashboarding basics, alerting rules configuration, and the use of Alertmanager to handle notifications. Candidates also learn the core principles of when, what, and why to trigger alerts, ensuring they can create reliable monitoring dashboards and proactive alerting systems to maintain system stability.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PromQL: This section of the exam measures the skills of Monitoring Specialists and focuses on Prometheus Query Language (PromQL) concepts. It covers data selection, calculating rates and derivatives, and performing aggregations across time and dimensions. Candidates also study the use of binary operators, histograms, and timestamp metrics to analyze monitoring data effectively, ensuring accurate interpretation of system performance and trends.

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Linux Foundation Prometheus Certified Associate Exam Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

Which Prometheus component handles service discovery?

- A. Node Exporter
- **B. Prometheus Server**
- C. Alertmanager
- D. Pushgateway

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Prometheus Server is responsible for service discovery, which identifies the list of targets to scrape. It integrates with multiple service discovery mechanisms such as Kubernetes, Consul, EC2, and static configurations.

This allows Prometheus to automatically adapt to dynamic environments without manual reconfiguration.

NEW QUESTION # 35

What is a rule group?

- A. It is the set (the group) of all the rules in a file.

- B. It is a set of rules, split into groups by type.
- C. It is a set of rules that are grouped by labels.
- D. It is a set of rules that are executed sequentially.

Answer: D

Explanation:

In Prometheus, a rule group is a logical collection of recording and alerting rules that are evaluated sequentially at a specified interval. Rule groups are defined in YAML files under the `groups:` key, with each group containing a name, an interval, and a list of rules.

For example:

`groups:`

`- name: example`

`interval: 1m`

`rules:`

`- record: job:http_inprogress_requests:sum`

`expr: sum(http_inprogress_requests) by (job)`

All rules in a group share the same evaluation schedule and are executed one after another. This ensures deterministic order, especially when one rule depends on another's result.

Reference:

Verified from Prometheus documentation - Rule Configuration, Rule Groups and Evaluation Order, and Recording & Alerting Rules Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 36

What is the difference between client libraries and exporters?

- A. Exporters run next to the services to monitor, and use client libraries internally.
- B. Exporters and client libraries mean the same thing.
- C. Exporters are written in Go. Client libraries are written in many languages.
- D. Exporters expose metrics for scraping. Client libraries push metrics via Remote Write.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The fundamental difference between Prometheus client libraries and exporters lies in how and where they are used.

Client libraries are integrated directly into the application's codebase. They allow developers to instrument their own code to define and expose custom metrics. Prometheus provides official client libraries for multiple languages, including Go, Java, Python, and Ruby.

Exporters, on the other hand, are standalone processes that run alongside the applications or systems they monitor. They use client libraries internally to collect and expose metrics from software that cannot be instrumented directly (e.g., operating systems, databases, or third-party services). Examples include the Node Exporter (for system metrics) and MySQL Exporter (for database metrics).

Thus, exporters are typically used for external systems, while client libraries are used for self-instrumented applications.

Reference:

Verified from Prometheus documentation - Writing Exporters, Client Libraries Overview, and Best Practices for Exporters and Instrumentation.

NEW QUESTION # 37

Given the metric `prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds`, how do you know in which month the lowest timestamp of your Prometheus TSDB belongs?

- A. `format_date(prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds,"%M")`
- B. `(time() - prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds) / 86400`
- C. `month(prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds)`
- D. `prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds % month`

Answer: B

Explanation:

The metric `prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds` provides the oldest stored sample timestamp in Prometheus's local TSDB.

(in Unix epoch seconds). To determine the age or approximate date of this timestamp, you compare it with the current time (using `time()` in PromQL).

The expression:

`(time() - prometheus_tsdb_lowest_timestamp_seconds) / 86400`

converts the difference between the current time and the oldest timestamp from seconds into days (1 day = 86,400 seconds). This gives the number of days since the earliest sample was stored, allowing you to infer the time range and approximate month manually. The other options are invalid because PromQL does not support direct date formatting (`format_date()`) or month() extraction functions.

Reference:

Extracted and verified from Prometheus documentation - TSDB Internal Metrics, Time Functions in PromQL, and Using `time()` for Relative Calculations.

NEW QUESTION # 38

What is `api_http_requests_total` in the following metric?

`api_http_requests_total{method="POST", handler="/messages"}`

- A. `"api_http_requests_total"` is a metric type.
- B. `"api_http_requests_total"` is a metric name.
- C. `"api_http_requests_total"` is a metric label name.
- D. `"api_http_requests_total"` is a metric field.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Prometheus, the part before the curly braces `{}` represents the metric name. Therefore, in the metric `api_http_requests_total{method="POST", handler="/messages"}`, the term `api_http_requests_total` is the metric name. Metric names describe the specific quantity being measured - in this example, the total number of HTTP requests received by an API.

The portion within the braces defines labels, which provide additional dimensions to the metric. Here, `method="POST"` and `handler="/messages"` are labels describing request attributes. The metric name should follow Prometheus conventions: lowercase letters, numbers, and underscores only, and ending in `_total` for counters.

This naming scheme ensures clarity and standardization across instrumented applications. The metric type (e.g., counter, gauge) is declared separately in the exposition format, not within the metric name itself.

Reference:

Verified from Prometheus documentation - Metric and Label Naming, Data Model, and Instrumentation Best Practices sections.

NEW QUESTION # 39

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