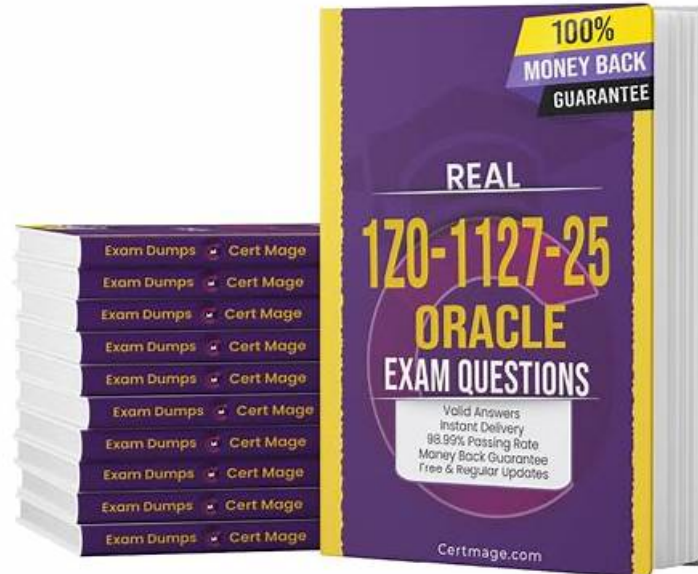


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Oracle 1Z0-1127-25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using OCI Generative AI Service: This section evaluates the expertise of Cloud AI Specialists and Solution Architects in utilizing Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) Generative AI services. It includes understanding pre-trained foundational models for chat and embedding, creating dedicated AI clusters for fine-tuning and inference, and deploying model endpoints for real-time inference. The section also explores OCI's security architecture for generative AI and emphasizes responsible AI practices.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Implement RAG Using OCI Generative AI Service: This section tests the knowledge of Knowledge Engineers and Database Specialists in implementing Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) workflows using OCI Generative AI services. It covers integrating LangChain with Oracle Database 23ai, document processing techniques like chunking and embedding, storing indexed chunks in Oracle Database 23ai, performing similarity searches, and generating responses using OCI Generative AI.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using OCI Generative AI RAG Agents Service: This domain measures the skills of Conversational AI Developers and AI Application Architects in creating and managing RAG agents using OCI Generative AI services. It includes building knowledge bases, deploying agents as chatbots, and invoking deployed RAG agents for interactive use cases. The focus is on leveraging generative AI to create intelligent conversational systems.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fundamentals of Large Language Models (LLMs): This section of the exam measures the skills of AI Engineers and Data Scientists in understanding the core principles of large language models. It covers LLM architectures, including transformer-based models, and explains how to design and use prompts effectively. The section also focuses on fine-tuning LLMs for specific tasks and introduces concepts related to code models, multi-modal capabilities, and language agents.
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Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2025 Generative AI Professional Sample Questions (Q86-Q91):

NEW QUESTION # 86

Which component of Retrieval-Augmented Generation (RAG) evaluates and prioritizes the information retrieved by the retrieval system?

- A. Generator
- **B. Ranker**
- C. Retriever
- D. Encoder-Decoder

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation=

In RAG, the Ranker evaluates and prioritizes retrieved information (e.g., documents) based on relevance to the query, refining what the Retriever fetches-Option D is correct. The Retriever (A) fetches data, not ranks it. Encoder-Decoder (B) isn't a distinct RAG component-it's part of the LLM. The Generator (C) produces text, not prioritizes. Ranking ensures high-quality inputs for generation.

OCI 2025 Generative AI documentation likely details the Ranker under RAG pipeline components.

NEW QUESTION # 87

Which is a characteristic of T-Few fine-tuning for Large Language Models (LLMs)?

- A. It updates all the weights of the model uniformly.
- B. It does not update any weights but restructures the model architecture.
- **C. It selectively updates only a fraction of the model's weights.**
- D. It increases the training time as compared to Vanilla fine-tuning.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation=

T-Few fine-tuning, a Parameter-Efficient Fine-Tuning (PEFT) method, updates only a small fraction of an LLM's weights, reducing computational cost and overfitting risk compared to Vanilla fine-tuning (all weights). This makes Option C correct. Option A describes Vanilla fine-tuning. Option B is false-T-Few updates weights, not architecture. Option D is incorrect-T-Few typically reduces training time. T-Few optimizes efficiency.

OCI 2025 Generative AI documentation likely highlights T-Few under fine-tuning options.

NEW QUESTION # 88

How are chains traditionally created in LangChain?

- A. Using Python classes, such as LLMChain and others
- B. Declaratively, with no coding required
- C. Exclusively through third-party software integrations
- D. By using machine learning algorithms

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation=

Traditionally, LangChain chains (e.g., LLMChain) are created using Python classes that define sequences of operations, such as calling an LLM or processing data. This programmatic approach predates LCEL's declarative style, making Option C correct.

Option A is vague and incorrect, as chains aren't ML algorithms themselves. Option B describes LCEL, not traditional methods.

Option D is false, as third-party integrations aren't required. Python classes provide structured chain building.

OCI 2025 Generative AI documentation likely contrasts traditional chains with LCEL under LangChain sections.

NEW QUESTION # 89

What is the purpose of frequency penalties in language model outputs?

- A. To penalize tokens that have already appeared, based on the number of times they have been used
- B. To reward the tokens that have never appeared in the text
- C. To randomly penalize some tokens to increase the diversity of the text
- D. To ensure that tokens that appear frequently are used more often

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation=

Frequency penalties reduce the likelihood of repeating tokens that have already appeared in the output, based on their frequency, to enhance diversity and avoid repetition. This makes Option B correct. Option A is the opposite effect. Option C describes a different mechanism (e.g., presence penalty in some contexts). Option D is inaccurate, as penalties aren't random but frequency-based.

OCI 2025 Generative AI documentation likely covers frequency penalties under output control parameters.

Below is the next batch of 10 questions (11-20) from your list, formatted as requested with detailed explanations. These answers are based on widely accepted principles in generative AI and Large Language Models (LLMs), aligned with what is likely reflected in the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) 2025 Generative AI documentation. Typographical errors have been corrected for clarity.

NEW QUESTION # 90

Why is it challenging to apply diffusion models to text generation?

- A. Because text is not categorical
- B. Because diffusion models can only produce images
- C. Because text generation does not require complex models
- D. Because text representation is categorical unlike images

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation=

Diffusion models, widely used for image generation, iteratively denoise data from noise to a structured output. Images are continuous (pixel values), while text is categorical (discrete tokens), making it challenging to apply diffusion directly to text, as the denoising process struggles with discrete spaces. This makes Option C correct. Option A is false-text generation can benefit from complex models. Option B is incorrect-text is categorical. Option D is wrong, as diffusion models aren't inherently image-only but are better suited to continuous data. Research adapts diffusion for text, but it's less straightforward.

OCI 2025 Generative AI documentation likely discusses diffusion models under generative techniques, noting their image focus.

NEW QUESTION # 91

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