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1 / 27

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CompTIA DY0-001 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Machine Learning: This section of the exam measures skills of a Machine Learning Engineer and covers foundational ML concepts such as overfitting, feature selection, and ensemble models. It includes supervised learning algorithms, tree-based methods, and regression techniques. The domain introduces deep learning frameworks and architectures like CNNs, RNNs, and transformers, along with optimization methods. It also addresses unsupervised learning, dimensionality reduction, and clustering models, helping candidates understand the wide range of ML applications and techniques used in modern analytics.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mathematics and Statistics: This section of the exam measures skills of a Data Scientist and covers the application of various statistical techniques used in data science, such as hypothesis testing, regression metrics, and probability functions. It also evaluates understanding of statistical distributions, types of data missingness, and probability models. Candidates are expected to understand essential linear algebra and calculus concepts relevant to data manipulation and analysis, as well as compare time-based models like ARIMA and longitudinal studies used for forecasting and causal inference.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modeling, Analysis, and Outcomes: This section of the exam measures skills of a Data Science Consultant and focuses on exploratory data analysis, feature identification, and visualization techniques to interpret object behavior and relationships. It explores data quality issues, data enrichment practices like feature engineering and transformation, and model design processes including iterations and performance assessments. Candidates are also evaluated on their ability to justify model selections through experiment outcomes and communicate insights effectively to diverse business audiences using appropriate visualization tools.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Specialized Applications of Data Science: This section of the exam measures skills of a Senior Data Analyst and introduces advanced topics like constrained optimization, reinforcement learning, and edge computing. It covers natural language processing fundamentals such as text tokenization, embeddings, sentiment analysis, and LLMs. Candidates also explore computer vision tasks like object detection and segmentation, and are assessed on their understanding of graph theory, anomaly detection, heuristics, and multimodal machine learning, showing how data science extends across multiple domains and applications.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Operations and Processes: This section of the exam measures skills of an AI ML Operations Specialist and evaluates understanding of data ingestion methods, pipeline orchestration, data cleaning, and version control in the data science workflow. Candidates are expected to understand infrastructure needs for various data types and formats, manage clean code practices, and follow documentation standards. The section also explores DevOps and MLOps concepts, including continuous deployment, model performance monitoring, and deployment across environments like cloud, containers, and edge systems.

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CompTIA DataX Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q32-Q37):

NEW QUESTION # 32

A data scientist built several models that perform about the same but vary in the number of features. Which of the following models should the data scientist recommend for production according to Occam's razor?

- A. The model with the most features and the highest performance
- B. The model with the fewest features and highest performance**
- C. The model with the most features and the lowest performance
- D. The model with the fewest features and the lowest performance

Answer: B

Explanation:

Occam's razor is a principle that suggests selecting the simplest solution that sufficiently explains the data.

In data science, this translates to favoring simpler models (fewer features) when performance is similar.

Therefore, the model with the fewest features and the highest performance is preferred - balancing simplicity and effectiveness.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * B: Poor performance undermines utility.
- * C & D: More features add complexity and risk overfitting, making them less desirable when simpler models suffice.

Official References:

- * CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Official Study Guide - Section 3.2:"Simplicity in models improves interpretability and robustness. When models perform similarly, the simpler model should be preferred."

- * Data Science Principles, Chapter 5:"Occam's razor encourages the use of fewer features to minimize complexity while preserving accuracy."

NEW QUESTION # 33

An analyst is examining data from an array of temperature sensors and sees that one sensor consistently returns values that are much higher than the values from the other sensors. Which of the following terms best describes this type of error?

- A. Synthetic
- B. Idiosyncratic
- C. Heteroskedastic
- D. **Systematic**

Answer: D

Explanation:

A systematic error is a consistent, repeatable error caused by faulty equipment or flawed measurement techniques. Since one sensor consistently over-reports values, this is a classic case of systematic error.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: Synthetic data is artificially generated - unrelated to sensor malfunction.
- * C: Heteroskedasticity refers to non-constant variance - not consistent bias.
- * D: Idiosyncratic errors are random and unpredictable - not consistent.

Official References:

- * CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Study Guide - Section 1.4:"Systematic errors arise from consistent biases in measurement devices or methods, requiring calibration or correction."

NEW QUESTION # 34

A data scientist needs to:

Build a predictive model that gives the likelihood that a car will get a flat tire.

Provide a data set of cars that had flat tires and cars that did not.

All the cars in the data set had sensors taking weekly measurements of tire pressure similar to the sensors that will be installed in the cars consumers drive.

Which of the following is the most immediate data concern?

- A. **Granularity misalignment**
- B. Lagged observations
- C. Multivariate outliers
- D. Insufficient domain expertise

Answer: A

Explanation:

Granularity misalignment refers to a mismatch between the level of detail in the predictor variables and the event being predicted. In this case, flat tires are likely discrete, infrequent events, while tire pressure is measured weekly. If the prediction model is trying to link a specific tire pressure value to a binary outcome (flat tire: yes/no), and the timing doesn't align precisely, the predictor variable (pressure) may not be granular enough to accurately associate with the event.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * B: While outliers can exist, they are not the most immediate concern given the time-series nature of the data.
- * C: While domain expertise is helpful, it doesn't directly address the data structure issue.
- * D: Lagged observations can be engineered in modeling but aren't the primary problem here.

Official References:

- * CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Official Study Guide - Section 3.1 (Data Granularity):"Granularity misalignment occurs when the

temporal or spatial resolution of features does not align with the prediction target."

* Data Science Process Guide, Section 2.3."Predictive performance can suffer when temporal mismatch exists between observations and outcomes. Granularity issues must be resolved prior to modeling."

NEW QUESTION # 35

The following graphic shows the results of an unsupervised, machine-learning clustering model:

k is the number of clusters, and n is the processing time required to run the model. Which of the following is the best value of k to optimize both accuracy and processing requirements?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: A

Explanation:

The graph represents a classic "elbow curve," which is often used in clustering (e.g., k-means) to help determine the optimal number of clusters. The point where the curve starts to level off (the "elbow") reflects the best trade-off between model accuracy and processing efficiency.

In this graph, the elbow visually occurs around k = 10. Beyond that, the processing time continues to decrease, but the marginal gain in clustering quality (or drop in processing time) diminishes.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: k = 2 underfits the data - too few clusters.
- * C & D: k = 15 or 20 provides minimal additional benefit in processing but may overcomplicate the model.

Official References:

* CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Study Guide - Section 4.2."The elbow method identifies the optimal number of clusters where the rate of improvement drops significantly."

NEW QUESTION # 36

An analyst wants to show how the component pieces of a company's business units contribute to the company's overall revenue. Which of the following should the analyst use to best demonstrate this breakdown?

- A. Box-and-whisker chart
- B. Residual chart
- C. Sankey diagram
- D. Scatter plot matrix

Answer: C

Explanation:

A Sankey diagram is ideal for illustrating flow-based relationships, such as how different units or sources contribute to a total. It's especially effective for showing proportions, hierarchy, and decomposition - such as revenue contribution by business units.

Why the other options are incorrect:

- * A: Box plots show distributions and spread - not contributions or breakdowns.
- * C: Scatter plot matrix explores relationships between numeric variables, not part-to-whole relationships.
- * D: Residual charts are diagnostic tools for regression - not for revenue visualization.

Official References:

* CompTIA DataX (DY0-001) Official Study Guide - Section 5.5."Sankey diagrams are useful for visualizing contributions, flows, and proportional allocations across categories."

* Data Visualization Best Practices, Chapter 7."Sankey charts are preferred when tracking contributions from multiple inputs to a unified output."

NEW QUESTION # 37

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