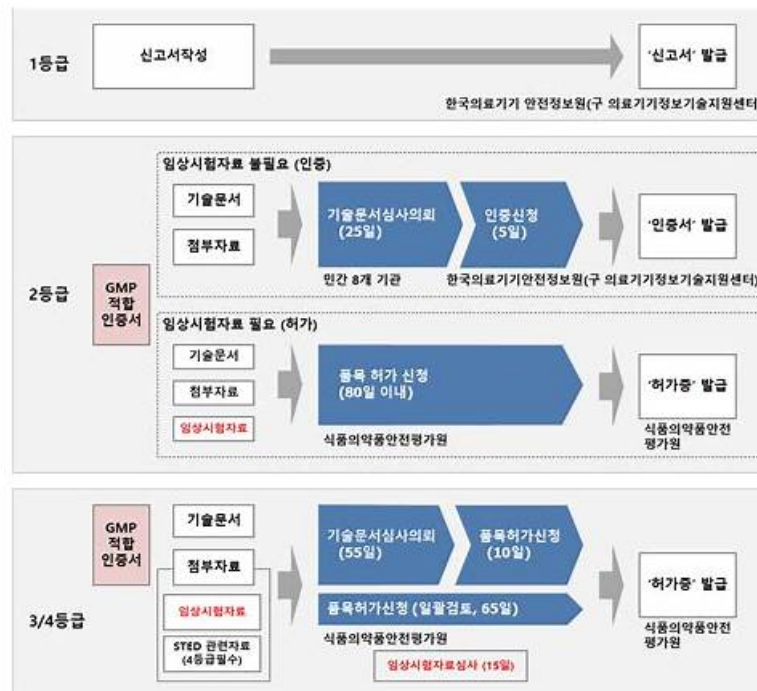


NCP-MCI-6.10시험패스보장덤프 - NCP-MCI-6.10최고 품질인증시험자료



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Nutanix NCP-MCI-6.10 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	Configure Disaster Recovery and Data Protection within a Nutanix Multicloud Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Disaster Recovery Specialists and Cloud Engineers and covers configuring protection policies and domains for data security and recovery. Candidates need to identify the right entities for protection, schedule backups, define retention policies, and set up replication to remote sites. Recovery plans must be configured and executed with proper scripting, network mapping, and failover strategies. Metro replication requires understanding failover methodologies, comparing solutions on different hypervisors, and preventing split-brain scenarios. Effective disaster recovery planning ensures minimal downtime and data integrity across environments.
주제 2	Manage Clusters within a Nutanix Multicloud Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Infrastructure Engineers and Systems Administrators and covers the administration of Nutanix clusters. Storage management includes creating, reading, updating, and deleting storage containers and volume groups. Configuring AOS and Prism Central settings involves authentication, SSL certificate management, IAM role-based access control, and configuring network segmentation. Network administration procedures focus on creating VLAN-backed subnets, virtual switches, and load-balancing policies while monitoring NIC usage. Lifecycle management includes performing hardware and software updates and maintaining firmware. Hardware maintenance involves adding or removing nodes and physical disks while ensuring proper upgrades and replacements. Intelligent operations require configuring capacity policies, discovering application relationships, and simulating scenarios to optimize performance.

주제 3	• Conduct Custom Monitoring within a Nutanix Multicloud Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Analysts and Systems Engineers and covers custom monitoring for optimized performance management. Candidates must analyze performance charts, set retention policies, create custom service level agreements (SLAs), and manage storage based on policies. Creating reports involves identifying the required type, selecting generation frequency, determining retention properties, and customizing report formats for different monitoring needs. Effective monitoring ensures better resource utilization, system efficiency, and proactive issue resolution within the multi-cloud environment.
주제 4	• Troubleshoot a Nutanix Multicloud Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Technical Support Engineers and IT Operations Specialists and covers diagnosing and resolving common issues within a Nutanix multi-cloud environment. Troubleshooting protection policies and recovery plans requires identifying network mapping failures, vNIC issues, script execution problems, and connectivity failures. Metro replication troubleshooting involves addressing naming conventions, network limitations, and replication states. Security issues in AOS and Prism Central must be resolved by managing CVM communications, security warnings, and log analysis. LCM operations require diagnosing failures in inventory updates and version upgrades. Performance troubleshooting involves analyzing logs, reading performance charts, and adjusting VM configurations to meet performance needs.
주제 5	• Manage VMs within a Nutanix Multicloud Environment: This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Administrators and Virtualization Engineers and covers managing virtual machines (VMs) within a Nutanix multicloud environment. It includes creating and updating VMs by determining hardware requirements, boot modes, sizing, and configuration based on application needs. Candidates must understand how to deploy VMs using templates, snapshots, and image configurations, ensuring the correct formats for importing and exporting VMs. Migration processes require knowledge of prerequisites, storage, network settings, and software compatibility. Additionally, configuring VM categories and attributes is essential for proper organization and management within the environment, ensuring alignment with labels, storage policies, and security settings.

>> NCP-MCI-6.10시험패스보장덤프 <<

적중을 높은 NCP-MCI-6.10시험패스보장덤프 덤프자료

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최신 NCM-MCI NCP-MCI-6.10 무료샘플문제 (Q55-Q60):

질문 # 55

An administrator is trying to configure Metro Availability between Nutanix ESXi-based clusters. However, the Compatible Remote Sites screen does not list all required storage containers.

Which two reasons could be a cause for this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Source and destination hardware are from different vendors.
- B. Both storage containers must have the same name.
- C. The remote site storage container has compression enabled.
- D. The destination storage container is not empty.

정답: B,D

설명:

For Metro Availability to work properly, the storage containers at both the primary and secondary sites must meet certain requirements:

* The storage containers must have the same name (Option D). This ensures that replication and failover work seamlessly. If the names do not match, the storage containers will not be listed as compatible.

- * The destination storage container must be empty(Option C). Metro Availability requires a clean storage container at the secondary site to receive data. If the container already contains data, it cannot be used.
- * Option A is incorrect: Different vendor hardware does not affect Metro Availability compatibility.
- * Option B is incorrect: Compression does not affect Metro Availability compatibility. However, it is recommended to keep compression settings aligned between sites.

References:

- * Nutanix Documentation: Metro Availability Deployment Guide
- * Nutanix Best Practices for Metro Availability
- * Nutanix KB 2093: Troubleshooting Metro Availability Storage Container Issues

질문 # 56

An administrator receives complaints about VM performance.

After reviewing the VM's CPU Ready Time data, which step should the administrator take to diagnose the issue further?

- A. Assess cluster SSD capacity.
- B. Enable VM memory oversubscription.
- **C. Review host CPU utilization.**
- D. Check the number of vCPUs assigned to each CVM.

정답: C

설명:

CPU Ready Time indicates how long a VM waits for CPU resources due to contention.

- * Option B (Review host CPU utilization) is correct:
- * If CPU utilization is high, there may be excessive CPU overcommitment, leading to high CPU Ready Time.
- * Adding more hosts or reducing vCPU allocations may resolve the issue.
- * Option A (Check CVM vCPUs) is incorrect:
- * The Controller VM (CVM) does not directly impact application VM performance in this case.
- * Option C (Assess SSD capacity) is incorrect:
- * CPU Ready Time is unrelated to storage performance.
- * Option D (Enable VM memory oversubscription) is incorrect:
- * Memory oversubscription does not affect CPU contention.

References:

- * Nutanix Prism Central Guide #Troubleshooting VM Performance
- * Nutanix KB #Identifying High CPU Ready Time and Solutions

질문 # 57

Which update in LCM can an administrator apply on a per-node basis?

- A. NCC
- **B. BMC**
- C. AHV
- D. AOS

정답: B

설명:

BMC (Baseboard Management Controller) updates can be applied per-node in Nutanix LCM, unlike AOS or AHV, which require cluster-wide upgrades.

- * Option B (BMC) is correct:
- * BMC firmware controls remote management and power cycling of individual nodes.
- * Updating BMC does not impact the entire cluster and can be done per node.
- * Option A (AOS) is incorrect:
- * AOS upgrades affect the entire cluster and require cluster-wide consistency.
- * Option C (NCC) is incorrect:
- * NCC updates apply across all nodes simultaneously, ensuring uniformity in checks.
- * Option D (AHV) is incorrect:
- * AHV updates require coordinated upgrades across hosts to maintain VM availability.

References:

* Nutanix LCM User Guide#Per-Node Firmware Updates
* Nutanix KB#How to Upgrade BMC Using LCM

질문 # 58

A company is evaluating Nutanix Disaster Recovery (DR) to protect multiple business-critical applications. Some applications are built using a 3-tier architecture and have interdependencies. After failover, the VM's static IP address is retained, but DNS configuration is lost. How should an administrator proceed to resolve this issue?

- A. Install Network Manager command-line tool (nmcli) in the protected Windows VMs.
- B. Configure a Protection Domain.
- C. Configure Self-Service Restore.
- D. Create custom in-guest scripts to preserve the statically assigned DNS IP addresses.

정답: D

설명:

During failover in Nutanix Disaster Recovery, VMs retain their static IPs but may lose DNS settings if the network configuration at the DR site is different from the primary site.

- * Option B (Create custom in-guest scripts) is correct:
- * Custom scripts allow Windows or Linux VMs to restore DNS settings automatically after failover.
- * These scripts can be executed using post-failover automation in Nutanix DR policies.
- * Option A (Self-Service Restore) is incorrect:
- * Self-Service Restore is used for end-user recovery of deleted files, not for network settings.
- * Option C (nmcli tool) is incorrect:
- * The nmcli tool is used for network troubleshooting, but it does not automatically restore DNS settings.
- * Option D (Configure a Protection Domain) is incorrect:
- * Protection Domains define replication policies, but they do not fix DNS settings after failover.

References:

Nutanix Disaster Recovery Guide #Failover Automation and Network Configuration
Nutanix Bible #VM Recovery and IP Management in DR Scenarios
Nutanix KB #Preserving DNS Settings in Disaster Recovery

질문 # 59

An administrator configured a remote site for Protection Domain replication, but network performance and stability are impacted. How can the remote site configuration be adjusted to fix the issue?

- A. Configure the Protection Domain with many-to-many replication.
- B. Configure a Bandwidth Throttling Policy.
- C. Configure Network Address Translation (NAT) between the two Nutanix clusters.
- D. Configure the remote Cluster VIP as a proxy.

정답: B

질문 # 60

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