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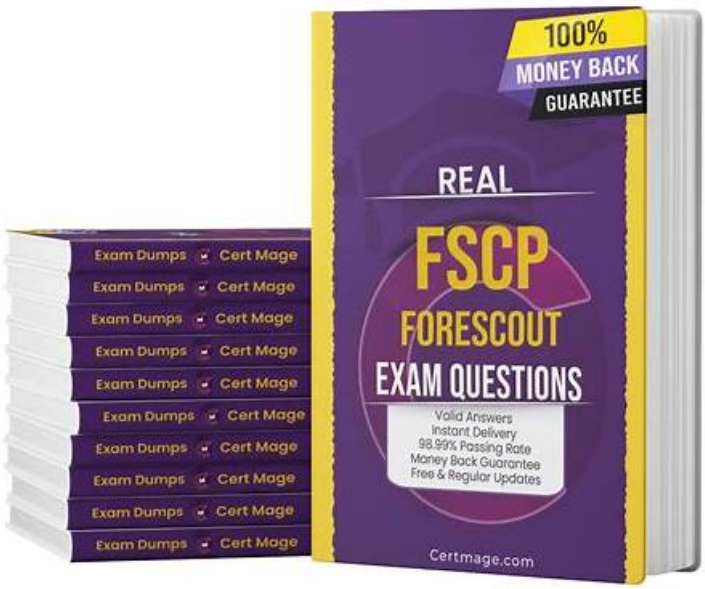

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Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Advanced Product Topics Licenses, Extended Modules and Redundancy: This section of the exam measures skills of product deployment leads and solution engineers, and covers topics such as licensing models, optional modules or extensions, high availability or redundancy configurations, and how those affect architecture and operational readiness.
Topic 2	• Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking: This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.
Topic 3	• Plugin Tuning HPS: This section of the exam measures skills of plugin developers and endpoint integration engineers, and covers tuning the Host Property Scanner (HPS) plugin: how to profile endpoints, refine scanning logic, handle exceptions, and ensure accurate host attribute collection for enforcement.

Topic 4	• Customized Policy Examples: This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.
Topic 5	• Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.
Topic 6	• Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2 • 3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.
Topic 7	• General Review of FSCA Topics: This section of the exam measures skills of network security engineers and system administrators, and covers a broad refresh of foundational platform concepts, including architecture, asset identification, and initial deployment considerations. It ensures you are fluent in relevant baseline topics before moving into more advanced areas.|. Policy Best Practices: This section of the exam measures skills of security policy architects and operational administrators, and covers how to design and enforce robust policies effectively, emphasizing maintainability, clarity, and alignment with organizational goals rather than just technical configuration.
Topic 8	• Advanced Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures skills of operations leads and senior technical support engineers, and covers diagnosing complex issues across component interactions, policy enforcement failures, plugin misbehavior, and end to end workflows requiring root cause analysis and corrective strategy rather than just surface level fixes.
Topic 9	• Policy Functionality: This section of the exam meas-ures skills of policy implementers and integration specialists, and covers how policies operate within the platform, including dependencies, rule order, enforcement triggers, and how they interact with device classifications and dynamic attributes.

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Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q50-Q55):

NEW QUESTION # 50
When using Remote Inspection for Windows, which of the following properties require fsprocsvc.exe interactive scripting?

- A. Windows Service Running
- B. Windows Expected Script Result
- C. Update Microsoft Vulnerabilities
- D. User Directory Common Name
- E. Antivirus Running

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
The Windows Expected Script Result property is the correct answer. According to the official Forescout CounterACT Endpoint Module: HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide Version 10.8, the fsprocsvc.exe service is required to run interactive scripts for several CounterACT tasks during Remote Inspection operations on Windows endpoints.
The documentation explicitly lists the following Properties requiring the fsprocsvc service (with Remote Inspection, i.e., not via SecureConnector):
* Windows Expected Script Result #
* Device Interfaces
* Number of IP Addresses
* External Devices
* Windows File MD5 Signature
* Windows Is Behind NAT
* Microsoft Vulnerabilities
About fsprocsvc.exe Service:
The fsprocsvc.exe service is a proprietary ForeScout service utility that is downloaded by the HPS Inspection Engine to endpoints. It is used to run interactive scripts for several CounterACT tasks. Key characteristics include:
* Size on disk: Approximately 250KB
* Memory acquired during runtime: 2 MB
* Runs under: System context
* Start type: Automatic
* Inactivity timeout: After 2 hours of inactivity, the service stops automatically
* Communication: Does not open any new network connection. Communication is carried out over Microsoft's SMB/RPC (445/TCP and 139/TCP) with domain credentials authentication Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. User Directory Common Name - This property is derived from User Directory plugin queries and does not require fsprocsvc interactive scripting
* B. Update Microsoft Vulnerabilities - This is an action, not a property. While Microsoft Vulnerabilities property does require fsprocsvc, "Update" is not the property name listed
* D. Antivirus Running - This is a basic WMI-based property that does not require interactive scripting via fsprocsvc
* E. Windows Service Running - This is a basic property that can be determined through WMI queries without requiring fsprocsvc interactive scripting Interactive Scripts Requirement:
According to the HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide, WMI does not support interactive scripts on all Windows endpoints. When WMI is used for Remote Inspection, CounterACT uses the fsprocsvc service to run interactive scripts on endpoints that require them. The Windows Expected Script Result property specifically requires running a custom script on the endpoint, which necessitates the fsprocsvc service for proper execution.
Referenced Documentation:
* Forescout CounterACT Endpoint Module: HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide Version 10.8
* Section: "About fsprocsvc.exe" and "Properties requiring the service (With remote inspection, i.e. not via SecureConnector)"

NEW QUESTION # 51
Main rules are executed independently of each other. However, one policy may be set to run first by configuring which of the following?

- A. Categorizing the Policy as an assessment policy
- B. Setting the Main Rule condition to utilize primary classification
- C. There is no way to cause one policy to run first
- D. Categorizing the Policy as a classifier
- E. Using Irresolvable criteria

Answer: D

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide, one policy can be set to run first by categorizing the Policy as a classifier. Classifier policies run before other policy types.
Policy Categorization and Execution Order:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide:
Forescout supports different policy categories, and these categories determine execution order:
* Classifier Policies - Run FIRST
* Used for initial device classification
* Establish basic device properties (OS, Function, Network Function)

* Must complete before other policies can evaluate classification properties
* Assessment Policies - Run AFTER classifiers
* Assess compliance based on classified properties
* Depend on classifier output
* Control/Action Policies - Run LAST
* Apply remediation actions
* Depend on assessment results
How Classifier Policies Run First:
According to the documentation:
"When you categorize a policy as a classifier, it runs before assessment and action policies. This allows the classified properties to be established before other policies attempt to evaluate them." Reason for Classifier Priority:
According to the policy execution guidelines:
Classifier policies must run first because:
* Dependency Resolution - Other policies depend on classification properties
* Property Population - Classifiers populate device properties used by other policies
* Execution Efficiency - Classifiers determine what type of device is being evaluated
* Logical Flow - You must know what a device is before assessing or controlling it Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. There is no way to cause one policy to run first - Incorrect; categorization determines execution order
* B. Setting Main Rule condition to utilize primary classification - While main rule conditions can reference classification, this doesn't change policy execution order
* C. Categorizing the Policy as an assessment policy - Assessment policies run AFTER classifier policies, not first
* E. Using Irresolvable criteria - Irresolvable criteria handling doesn't affect policy execution order Policy Categorization Example:
According to the documentation:
text
Policy Execution Order:
1. CLASSIFIER Policies (Run First)
- "Device Classification Policy" (categorized as Classifier)
- Resolves: OS, Function, Network Function
2. ASSESSMENT Policies (Run Second)
- "Windows Compliance Policy" (categorized as Assessment)
- Depends on classification from step 1
3. ACTION Policies (Run Last)
- "Remediate Non-Compliant Devices" (categorized as Control)
- Depends on assessment from step 2
In this workflow, because "Device Classification Policy" is categorized as a Classifier, it executes first, populating device properties that the subsequent Assessment and Action policies need.
Referenced Documentation:
* ForeScout CounterACT Administration Guide - Policy Categorization
* Categorize Endpoint Authorizations - Policy Categories and Execution

NEW QUESTION # 52
Which of the following is true regarding Failover Clustering module configuration?

- A. Segments should be assigned to appliance folders and NOT to the individual appliances.
- B. You can see the status of failover by selecting IP Assignments and failover tab.
- C. Once appliances are configured, then press the Apply button.
- D. Place only the EM to participate in failover in the folder.
- E. Configure the second HA on the Secondary node.

Answer: A

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Resiliency Solutions User Guide and Failover Clustering configuration documentation, the correct statement is: "Segments should be assigned to appliance folders and NOT to the individual appliances".
Failover Clustering Folder Structure:
According to the Resiliency Solutions User Guide:
"When configuring failover: Identify segments of the CounterACT Internal Network that should participate in failover, and assign these segments to the folder." Key requirement:
"Clear statically assigned segments from Appliances in the failover cluster folder. Appliances in the failover cluster support only the

network segments assigned to the folder. They cannot support individually assigned segments." Segment Assignment Rules:
According to the documentation:
text
Correct Configuration:
Failover Cluster Folder
Assigned Segments: Segment1, Segment2, Segment3
Appliance A (no individual segments)
Appliance B (no individual segments)
Appliance C (no individual segments)
NOT this way:
text
Incorrect Configuration:
Failover Cluster Folder
Appliance A: Segment1
Appliance B: Segment2
Appliance C: Segment3
Configuration Steps:
According to the official procedure:
* Create or select an appliance folder
* Place appliances in the folder
* Assign segments to the FOLDER (not individual appliances)
* Clear any statically assigned segments from individual appliances
* Configure the folder as a failover cluster
Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Once appliances are configured, then press the Apply button - Failover uses "Configure Failover" button, not "Apply"
* C. See failover status by selecting IP Assignments and failover tab - It's the "IP Assignment and Failover pane," not a separate tab
* D. Configure the second HA on the Secondary node - Incorrect; failover clustering is configured at the folder level, not on individual nodes
* E. Place only the EM to participate in failover - Incorrect; member appliances participate; EM has separate HA Referenced Documentation:
* ForeScout CounterACT Resiliency Solutions User Guide - Failover Clustering section
* Define a Forescout Platform failover cluster
* Forescout Platform Failover Clustering
* Work with Appliance Folders

NEW QUESTION # 53
What information must be known prior to generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)?

- A. IP address, CA, Host Name
- B. Hostname, IP Address, and FQDN
- C. CA, Domain Name, Administrators Name
- D. Revocation Authority, Certificate Extension, CA
- E. Certificate extension, format requirements, Encryption Type

Answer: B

Explanation:
Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide and CSR Generation documentation, the information that must be known prior to generating a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) is Hostname, IP Address, and FQDN.
Information Required for CSR Generation:
According to the RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide:
"When you generate the certificate signing request (CSR), you must know the following information about the system requesting the certificate:
* The hostname of the system
* The IP address of the system
* The FQDN (Fully Qualified Domain Name) of the system"
Standard CSR Requirements:
According to the official documentation:
When generating a CSR, the following information is typically requested:

* Common Name (CN) - The FQDN or hostname of the system
* IP Address - The IP address of the appliance or device
* Organization Name - The organization/company name
* Organization Unit (OU) - Department or division
* Locality (L) - City or town
* State (ST) - State or province
* Country (C) - Country code
* Key Type - Typically RSA (2048-bit minimum)
Core Required Elements:
The most critical information that MUST be known before generating the CSR:
* Hostname - The computer/appliance name (e.g., "counteract-em-01")
* IP Address - The management IP address of the appliance (e.g., "192.168.1.50")
* FQDN - The fully qualified domain name (e.g., "counteract-em-01.example.com") These three pieces of information are essential because:
* The certificate's validity is tied to these identifiers
* The CSR encodes these values
* The CA uses this information to validate the certificate request
* Endpoints and systems verify certificates against these values
Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Certificate extension, format requirements, Encryption Type - These are configuration options, not prerequisite knowledge; extension type (e.g., .pfx, .pem) is determined after CSR signing
* C. IP address, CA, Host Name - Missing FQDN; while CA information is needed eventually, it's not required to GENERATE the CSR
* D. Revocation Authority, Certificate Extension, CA - Revocation authority and certificate extension are post-generation concerns; not needed to generate CSR
* E. CA, Domain Name, Administrators Name - Administrator name is not necessary for CSR generation; CA information is needed for obtaining signed certificate, not generating CSR CSR Generation Process:
According to the documentation:
* Gather Required Information - Collect hostname, IP address, and FQDN
* Generate CSR - Use tools like fstool cert gen to create the CSR file
* Answer Prompts - Provide the hostname, IP, and FQDN when prompted
* Submit to CA - Send the CSR file to a Certificate Authority for signing
* Receive Signed Certificate - CA returns the signed certificate
CSR File Output:
According to the documentation:
The CSR generation process creates a file (typically ca_request.csr) containing:
* The encoded hostname, IP address, and FQDN
* The public key
* The signature algorithm
* Other system identification information
This file is then submitted to a Certificate Authority for signing.
Referenced Documentation:
* Forescout RADIUS Plugin Configuration Guide v4.3 - Certificate Readiness section
* Create a Certificate Sign Request documentation
* How to Create a CSR (Certificate Signing Request) - DigiCert Reference
* RADIUS Plugin Configuration - System Certificate section

NEW QUESTION # 54
When using the discover properties OS, Function, Network Function and NIC Vendor and Module, certain hosts may not be correctly profiled. What else may be used to provide additional possible details to assist in correctly profiling the host?

- A. Function
- B. Packet engine
- C. NMAP Scanning
- D. Monitoring traffic
- E. Advanced Classification

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:
According to the Forescout Administration Guide and List of Properties by Category documentation, NMAP Scanning provides additional discovery details that can assist in correctly profiling hosts when the standard discover properties (OS, Function, Network Function, NIC Vendor) do not provide sufficient information.
Standard Discovery Properties:
According to the Device Profile Library and classification documentation:
The standard discovery properties include:
* OS - Operating System classification
* Function - Network function (printer, workstation, server, etc.)
* Network Function - Specific network device role
* NIC Vendor - MAC address vendor information
These properties provide basic device identification but may not be sufficient for complete profiling.
NMAP Scanning for Enhanced Profiling:
According to the Advanced Classification Properties documentation:
"NMAP Scanning - Indicates the service and version information, as determined by Nmap. Due to the activation of Nmap, this..."
NMAP scanning provides advanced discovery including:
* Service Banner Information - Service name and version (e.g., Apache 2.4, OpenSSH 7.6)
* Open Port Detection - Identifies which ports are open and responding
* Service Fingerprinting - Determines exact service versions through banner grabbing
* Application Detection - Identifies specific applications and their versions Why NMAP Provides Additional Details:
According to the documentation:
When standard properties (OS, Function, NIC Vendor) are insufficient for profiling:
* NMAP banner scanning uses active probing of open ports
* Returns service version information through banner grabbing
* Enables more precise device classification
* Helps identify specific applications running on endpoints
Example of NMAP Enhancement:
According to the documentation:
Standard properties might show: "Windows 7, Workstation, Dell NIC"
NMAP scanning additionally shows:
* Open ports: 80, 135, 445, 3389
* Services: Apache 2.4.41, MS RPC, SMB 3.0
* This enables more precise classification (e.g., "Development workstation running web services") Why Other Options Are Incorrect:
* A. Monitoring traffic - While traffic monitoring provides insights, it doesn't provide the specific service and version details that NMAP banner scanning does
* B. Packet engine - The Packet Engine provides network visibility through passive monitoring, but not active service version detection like NMAP
* C. Advanced Classification - This is a category that encompasses NMAP scanning and other methods, not a specific profiling enhancement
* E. Function - This is already listed as one of the discover properties that may be insufficient; it's not an additional tool for profiling
NMAP Configuration:
According to the HPS Inspection Engine documentation:
NMAP banner scanning is configured with specific port targeting:
text
NMAP Banner Scan Parameters:
-T Insane -sV -p T: 21,22,23,53,80,135,88,1723,3389,5900
The -sV parameter performs version detection, which resolves the Service Banner property.
Referenced Documentation:
* Forescout Administration Guide - Advanced Classification Properties
* Forescout Administration Guide - List of Properties by Category
* CounterACT HPS Inspection Engine Configuration Guide
* NMAP Scan Options documentation
* NMAP Scan Logs documentation

NEW QUESTION # 55
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