

2026 SAP Pass-Sure C_ABAPD_2507: Valid Dumps SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Ppt



SAP CERTIFICATION

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SAP C_ABAPD_2507 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ABAP RESTful Application Programming Model: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP Application Programmers and covers the fundamentals of the ABAP RESTful Application Programming Model (RAP). It includes topics such as behavior definitions, service binding, and the use of managed and unmanaged scenarios. The focus is on building modern, scalable, and cloud-ready applications using RAP.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">SAP Clean Core Extensibility and ABAP Cloud: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP Application Programmers and covers the clean core principles and extensibility options within SAP BTP. It also includes cloud-native ABAP development practices, emphasizing the creation of upgrade-stable and maintainable extensions aligned with SAP's cloud strategy.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">ABAP Core Data Services and Data Modeling: This section of the exam measures skills of SAP ABAP Developers and covers the creation, definition, and use of Core Data Services (CDS) views for data modeling within SAP environments. Candidates are expected to understand annotations, data definitions, and the role of CDS in enabling advanced data processing and integration across SAP systems.

C_ABAPD_2507 Real Exam Questions in Three Formats

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SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

NEW QUESTION # 35

Given the following Core Data Services (CDS) View Entity data definition:

```
DEFINE VIEW ENTITY demo_cds_view_entity
AS SELECT FROM spfli
{
  cityfrom,
  cityto,
  carrid,
  connid
}
```

When you attempt to activate the definition, what will be the response?

- A. Activation error due to missing annotation "@AbapCatalog.sqlViewName"
- B. Activation error due to no key defined
- C. Activation error due to missing annotation "@AccessControl.authorizationCheck"
- D. Activation will be successful

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

* CDS View Entities are the successor of classic DDIC-based CDS views and do not use the CDS- managed DDIC view; therefore @AbapCatalog.sqlViewName (used for classic DDIC-based views) is not required for view entities. This eliminates option B.

* RAP and CDS modeling rely on key fields identified by the keyword key in the underlying CDS view to uniquely identify instances; this key is fundamental for BOs and their sources. A view entity without any key elements therefore lacks a primary key and will not pass activation. This supports option A.

* Authorization annotations are component annotations; their absence does not by itself block first-time activation of a CDS entity. This rules out option D as the primary cause.

Study-Guide anchors: CDS View Entities (successor of DDIC-based views; no SQL view name), requirement for key elements to define primary keys, and activation behavior for component annotations.

NEW QUESTION # 36

Given the following code which defines an SAP HANA database table in SAP S/4HANA Cloud, public edition:

```
@EndUserText.label : 'Draft table for entity /DMO/R_AGENCY'
@AbapCatalog.tableCategory : #TRANSPARENT
@AbapCatalog.deliveryClass : #A
@AbapCatalog.dataMaintenance : #RESTRICTED
define table /dmo/agency_d {
  key mandt : mandt not null;
  key agencyid : /dmo/agency_id not null;
  key draftuuid : sdraft_uuid not null;
  name : /dmo/agency_name;
```

```

street : /dmo/street;
postalcode : /dmo/postal_code;
city : /dmo/city;
}

```

You are a consultant and the client wants you to extend this SAP database table with a new field called `zz_countrycode` on line #14. Which of the following is the correct response?

- A. The database table cannot be extended since it has not been extensibility enabled by SAP.
- B. The database table can be extended whether extensibility enabled or not if it is assigned to a software component of type "ABAP Cloud".
- C. The database table can be extended whether extensibility enabled or not if it is assigned to a software component of type "Standard ABAP".
- D. The database table can be extended once it has extensibility been enabled by the customer.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

In SAP S/4HANA Cloud, public edition, database tables are only extendable if SAP has explicitly enabled extensibility for them via metadata. This is a strict limitation in the ABAP Cloud model to ensure upgrade- stability and isolation of extensions from SAP-owned objects.

Key facts:

- * The annotation `@AbapCatalog.dataMaintenance : #RESTRICTED` implies that this table is not editable or extensible by default.
- * The table resides in a delivered component and unless SAP marks it as extensible, customers cannot add fields like `zz_countrycode`.
- * Even if the table is in an ABAP Cloud-compliant software component, extensibility must be explicitly enabled by SAP.
- * Therefore, Option B is the only correct and valid answer.

Incorrect options:

- * Option A and D are wrong because extensibility is not determined by the software component type alone.
- * Option C is wrong because customers cannot enable extensibility for SAP-delivered tables; it must be pre-approved by SAP.

Reference: ABAP Extension Guidelines for SAP S/4HANA Cloud (ABAP Extension.pdf, section 2.3 - Extensibility Enablement and Restrictions in Tier 1)

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which of the following are valid ABAP SQL type conversions? (Select 3 correct answers)

- A. `CAST(field_f5 AS DEC(15, 2)) AS f_dec_15_2`
- B. `CAST(34 AS I) AS f_i34`
- C. `CAST(field_f2 AS N(8)) AS f_n8`
- D. `CAST('field_f1' AS CHAR(8)) AS f_char8`
- E. `CAST(29 AS INT8) AS f_int8`

Answer: A,B,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

* ABAP Open SQL allows `CAST(... AS ...)` to SQL/Dictionary-compatible types such as `CHAR(n)` and `DEC(p,s)`, which are valid (A, D).

- * ABAP numeric integer target is accepted as `I` in Open SQL casting context on recent ABAP platform levels (E).
- * `N(8)` is not a valid SQL cast target (NUMC is an ABAP elementary type, not an SQL cast target), and plain `INT8` (without the ABAP type namespace form) is not a generally valid SQL type literal in Open SQL (so B and C are rejected on standard ABAP Cloud systems).
- * RAP and ABAP Cloud emphasize pushdown with typed SQL expressions and strict static checks; only released, database-compatible types are permitted in `CAST`, enforced by the language and static checks.

NEW QUESTION # 38

What would be the correct expression to change a given string value 'mr joe doe' into 'JOE' in an ABAP SQL field list?

- A. `SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS`

Ofl,
 substring(upper('mr joe doe'), 4, 3) AS f2_sub_up, f3,...

- B. SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS
 Ofl,
 substring(lower(upper('mr joe doe')), 4, 3) AS f2_sub_lo_up, f3,
- C. SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS
 Ofl,
 left(lower(substring('mr joe doe', 4, 3)), 3) AS f2_left_lo_sub, f3,
- D. SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS
 Ofl,
 upper(left('mr joe doe', 6)) AS f2_up_left, f3,

Answer: A

Explanation:

The correct expression to change a given string value 'mr joe doe' into 'JOE' in an ABAP SQL field list is C. SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS Ofl, substring(upper('mr joe doe'), 4, 3) AS f2_sub_up, f3,.... This expression uses the following SQL functions for strings12:

upper: This function converts all lowercase characters in a string to uppercase. For example, upper('mr joe doe') returns 'MR JOE DOE'.

substring: This function returns a substring of a given string starting from a specified position and with a specified length. For example, substring('MR JOE DOE', 4, 3) returns 'JOE'.

AS: This keyword assigns an alias or a temporary name to a field or an expression in the field list. For example, AS f2_sub_up assigns the name f2_sub_up to the expression substring(upper('mr joe doe'), 4, 3).

You cannot do any of the following:

A . SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS Ofl, upper(left('mr joe doe', 6)) AS f2_up_left, f3,....: This expression uses the wrong SQL function for strings to get the desired result. The left function returns the leftmost characters of a string with a specified length, ignoring the trailing blanks. For example, left('mr joe doe', 6) returns 'mr joe'. Applying the upper function to this result returns 'MR JOE', which is not the same as 'JOE'.

B . SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS Ofl, left(lower(substring('mr joe doe', 4, 3)), 3) AS f2_left_lo_sub, f3,....: This expression uses unnecessary and incorrect SQL functions for strings to get the desired result. The lower function converts all uppercase characters in a string to lowercase. For example, lower(substring('mr joe doe', 4, 3)) returns 'joe'. Applying the left function to this result with the same length returns 'joe' again, which is not the same as 'JOE'.

D . SELECT FROM TABLE dbtbl FIELDS Ofl, substring(lower(upper('mr joe doe')), 4, 3) AS f2_sub_lo_up, f3,....: This expression uses unnecessary and incorrect SQL functions for strings to get the desired result. The lower function converts all uppercase characters in a string to lowercase, and the upper function converts all lowercase characters in a string to uppercase. Applying both functions to the same string cancels out the effect of each other and returns the original string. For example, lower(upper('mr joe doe')) returns 'mr joe doe'. Applying the substring function to this result returns 'joe', which is not the same as 'JOE'.

NEW QUESTION # 39

When you create an exception class, what does SAP recommend you do? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Implement interface if_t100_message, if you want to reuse messages from a message class.
- B. Inherit from cx_no_check, if you want to reuse messages from a system exception class.
- C. Inherit from cx_static_check, if you want a warning at design time that the exception can never be raised.
- D. Inherit from cx_static_check, if you want a warning at design time that the exception will not be caught.
- E. Define corresponding public attributes, if you want to pass context-specific values to placeholders of a message.

Answer: A,D,E

NEW QUESTION # 40

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