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CrowdStrike Certified Identity Specialist(CCIS) Exam Sample Questions (Q33-Q38):

NEW QUESTION # 33

Which of the following best describes how Policy Group and Policy Rule precedence works?

- A. Policy Groups only group Policy Rules together. Precedence is dictated by the Rules
- B. Policy Groups are evaluated in the order in which the groups appear on the page; however, Policy Rules within those groups have no precedence
- **C. Policy Groups are evaluated in the order in which the groups appear on the page. The Policy Rules within those groups are evaluated in the order in which they appear in the group**
- D. There is no precedence with Policy Groups or Policy Rules; they enact policy if the conditions match

Answer: C

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection enforces deterministic policy execution using a clear and predictable precedence model. As outlined in the CCIS curriculum, Policy Groups are evaluated top to bottom, based on their order in the console. Within each Policy Group, Policy Rules are evaluated sequentially, also from top to bottom.

This ordered evaluation ensures consistent enforcement behavior and allows administrators to design layered identity controls. When a rule's conditions are met and an action is executed, subsequent rules may or may not be evaluated depending on rule logic and configuration. This model gives administrators precise control over enforcement priority.

The incorrect options misunderstand how precedence works. Policy enforcement is not unordered, nor are Policy Groups merely visual containers. Both grouping and rule order matter.

This precedence model is critical for avoiding conflicting enforcement actions and aligns with Zero Trust principles by ensuring predictable, auditable identity enforcement. Therefore, Option A is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 34

How does CrowdStrike Falcon Identity Protection help customers identify different types of accounts in their domain?

- A. Conducts regular vulnerability assessments on programmatic accounts
- **B. Analyzes authentication traffic and automatically classifies programmatic and human accounts**
- C. Assigns a human authorizer to each programmatic account for approval
- D. Implements advanced encryption algorithms for account metadata

Answer: B

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection automatically differentiates human and programmatic accounts by analyzing authentication traffic patterns. According to the CCIS curriculum, the platform uses behavioral analytics to observe how accounts authenticate, including frequency, protocol usage, timing, and access patterns.

Human users typically authenticate interactively and exhibit variable behavior, while programmatic or service accounts authenticate predictably and non-interactively. Falcon leverages these differences to automatically classify account types without requiring manual tagging or administrative input.

This classification is critical for accurate risk scoring, privilege analysis, and detection logic. Programmatic accounts often carry elevated privileges and long-lived credentials, making them attractive targets for attackers. Automatically identifying them allows Falcon to apply appropriate risk models and detections.

Because Falcon uses authentication traffic analysis to classify account types, Option C is the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 35

Any countries or regions included in the _ will trigger a geolocation detection.

- **A. Blocklist**
- B. Allowlist
- C. Exclusion
- D. Dictionary

Answer: A

Explanation:

Falcon Identity Protection supports geolocation-based detection to identify potentially risky authentication activity originating from unexpected or prohibited locations. According to the CCIS curriculum, any countries or regions added to the Blocklist will automatically trigger a geolocation-based detection when authentication traffic is observed from those locations.

The Blocklist is designed to explicitly definedisallowed geographic regions. When an authentication attempt originates from a blocklisted country or region, Falcon treats the activity as suspicious and generates a detection or contributes to increased identity risk.

By contrast:

- * An Allowlist defines approved locations and suppresses detections.

- * A Dictionary is used for password-related analysis.

- * An Exclusion suppresses detections rather than generating them.

Because geolocation detections are triggered byblocklisted locations,Option Ais the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 36

How should a user be classified if one requires observation for potential risk to the business?

- A. Marked User
- **B. Watched User**
- C. High Risk
- D. Honeytoken Account

Answer: B

Explanation:

Within Falcon Identity Protection, aWatched Useris a user explicitly designated forheightened monitoring due to potential business risk. According to the CCIS curriculum, watchlists are designed to provide additional visibility into users whose behavior, access level, or role may warrant closer observation, even if they have not yet exhibited confirmed malicious activity.

Watched Users may include executives, administrators, users with access to sensitive systems, or accounts suspected of being targeted. Placing a user on a watchlist does not imply compromise; instead, it ensures their activity is prioritized in investigations, detections, and dashboards.

The other options are incorrect:

- * Honeytoken Accountsare decoy accounts designed to detect malicious usage.

- * High Riskis a calculated risk state, not a monitoring classification.

- * Marked Useris not a valid Falcon Identity Protection classification.

Because the CCIS material explicitly identifiesWatched Usersas accounts requiring observation for potential risk,Option Cis the correct and verified answer.

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which section of the Falcon menu is used to investigate the Event Analysis dashboard?

- A. Configure
- **B. Explore**
- C. Enforce
- D. Threat Hunter

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Falcon Identity Protection, theExploressection of the Falcon menu is used to investigate analytical views such as theEvent Analysis dashboard. This aligns with the CCIS framework, which defines Explore as the primary area forinteractive investigation, analytics, and risk explorationacross identity data.

The Event Analysis dashboard is designed to help administrators analyzeidentity-related authentication events, behavioral patterns, and anomalous activity derived from domain traffic inspection and domain controller telemetry. These analytical capabilities are intentionally placed underExplorebecause this menu category supports hypothesis-driven investigation rather than enforcement or configuration actions.

By contrast:

- * Enforceis used to apply policy rules and automated controls.

- * Threat Hunteris focused on proactive hunting using queries and detection pivots.

- * Configureis used to manage settings, connectors, policies, and integrations.

The CCIS documentation explicitly associates dashboards such asRisk AnalysisandEvent Analysiswith the Explore menu, emphasizing its role in understandingwhyrisk exists before taking action. Therefore,Option C (Explore)is the correct and verified answer.

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