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Information about Microsoft SC-200 Exam:

• Vendor: Microsoft
• Exam Code: SC-200
• Exam Name: Microsoft Security Operations Analyst
• Number of Questions: 138
• Certification Name: Security Operations Analyst Associate
• Exam Language: English
• Promo Code For SC-200 Questions: Save25

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Microsoft Security Operations Analyst Sample Questions (Q205-Q210):

NEW QUESTION # 205

You need to implement Microsoft Sentinel queries for Contoso and Fabrikam to meet the technical requirements. What should you include in the solution? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Minimum number of Log Analytics workspaces required in the Azure subscription of Fabrikam:

1
0
1
2
3

Query element required to correlate data between tenants:

workspace
extend
project
workspace

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer Area

Minimum number of Log Analytics workspaces required in the Azure subscription of Fabrikam:

1
0
1
2
3

Query element required to correlate data between tenants:

workspace
extend
project
workspace

NEW QUESTION # 206

You have an Azure subscription that uses Microsoft Defender for Cloud and contains a storage account named storage1. You receive an alert that there was an unusually high volume of delete operations on the blobs in storage1. You need to identify which blobs were deleted. What should you review?

- **A. the activity logs of storage1**
- B. the related entities of the alert
- C. the alert details
- D. the Azure Storage Analytics logs

Answer: A

Explanation:

To identify which blobs were deleted, you should review the activity logs of the storage account. The activity logs contain information about all the operations that have taken place in the storage account, including delete operations. These logs can be accessed in the Azure portal by navigating to the storage account, selecting "Activity log" under the "Monitoring" section, and filtering by the appropriate time range. You can also use Azure Monitor and Log Analytics to query and analyze the activity logs data.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-activity-logs>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/activity-log-azure-storage>

NEW QUESTION # 207

You have a Microsoft Sentinel workspace named sws1.

You need to create a hunting query to identify users that list storage keys of multiple Azure Storage accounts. The solution must exclude users that list storage keys for a single storage account.

How should you complete the query? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

▼

AzureActivity
BehaviorAnalytics
SecurityEvent

```
| where OperationNameValue == "microsoft.storage/storageaccounts/listkeys/action"
| where ActivityStatusValue == "Succeeded"
| join kind= inner (
    AzureActivity
    | where OperationNameValue == "microsoft.storage/storageaccounts/listkeys/action"
    | where ActivityStatusValue == "Succeeded"
    | project ExpectedIpAddress=CallerIpAddress, Caller
    | evaluate

```

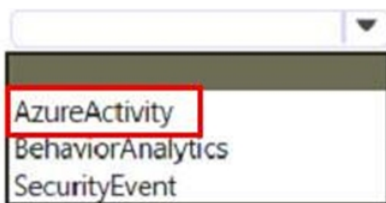
▼

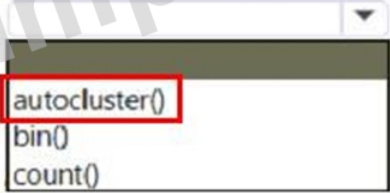
autocluster()
bin()
count()

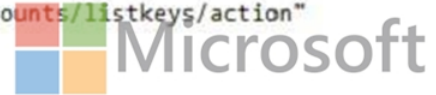
```
) on Caller
| where CallerIpAddress != ExpectedIpAddress
| summarize ResourceIds = make_set(ResourceId), ResourceIdCount = dcount(ResourceId)
    by OperationNameValue, Caller, CallerIpAddress
```

Answer:

Explanation:



```
| where OperationNameValue == "microsoft.storage/storageaccounts/listkeys/action"
| where ActivityStatusValue == "Succeeded"
| join kind= inner (
    AzureActivity
    | where OperationNameValue == "microsoft.storage/storageaccounts/listkeys/action"
    | where ActivityStatusValue == "Succeeded"
    | project ExpectedIpAddress=CallerIpAddress, Caller
    | evaluate
        
) on Caller
| where CallerIpAddress != ExpectedIpAddress
| summarize ResourceIds = make_set(ResourceId), ResourceIdCount = dcount(ResourceId)
    by OperationNameValue, Caller, CallerIpAddress
```



NEW QUESTION # 208

You have 500 on-premises Windows 11 devices that use Microsoft Defender for Endpoint. You enable Network device discovery. You need to create a hunting query that will identify discovered network devices and return the identity of the onboarded device that discovered each network device.

Which built-in function should you use?

- A. next ()
- B. SeenBy ()
- C. DeviceFromIP ()
- D. current_cluster,endpoint()

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Microsoft Defender for Endpoint advanced hunting, when Network device discovery is enabled, onboarded devices can detect other devices on the same network. To build a hunting query that identifies discovered network devices and shows which onboarded device discovered each, you use the SeenBy() built-in function.

Microsoft's official Defender XDR KQL function documentation explains:

"The SeenBy() function returns the list of devices that have observed the entity (for example, IP address, URL, or network device).

This function is typically used to correlate discovered devices with the onboarded devices that detected them." For example, you can write:

DeviceNetworkInfo

```
| where NetworkDeviceRole == "Discovered"
```

```
| extend DiscoveringDevice = SeenBy()
```

This function effectively maps the discovered asset to the detecting (onboarded) device.

Other options are not applicable:

- * current_cluster,endpoint() - not a valid Defender hunting function.
 - * DeviceFromIP() - resolves IP addresses to onboarded devices but does not show which device discovered another.
 - * next() - a general KQL operator for sequencing data, not for correlating network discovery events.
- Therefore, to identify discovered network devices and the discovering endpoints, the correct built-in function is SeenBy().

NEW QUESTION # 209

You have a Microsoft Sentinel workspace named Workspaces

You configure Workspace1 to c

ollect DNS events and deploy the Advanced Security information Model (ASIM) unifying parser for the DNS schema.

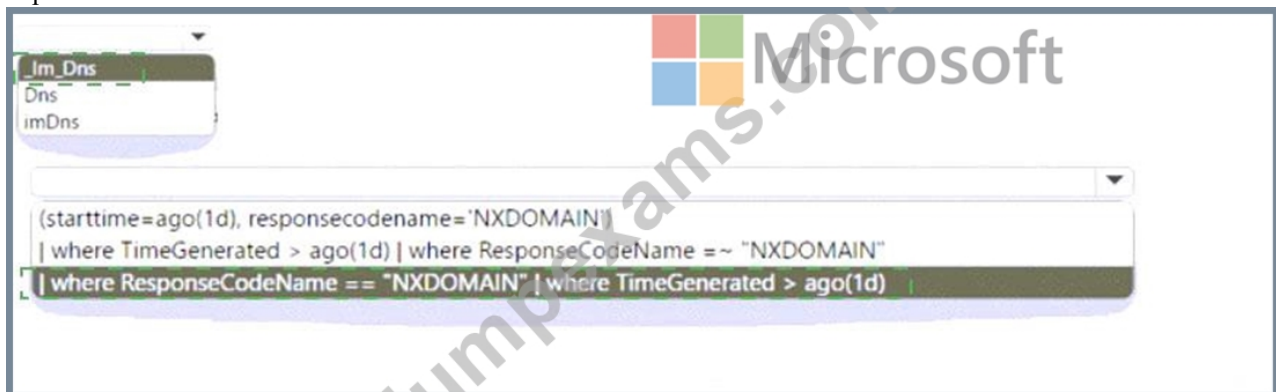
You need to query the ASIM DNS schema to list all the DNS events from the last 24 hours that have a response code of 'NXDOMAIN' and were aggregated by the source IP address in 15-minute intervals. The solution must maximize query performance.

How should you complete the query? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



Answer:

Explanation:



Explanation:



NEW QUESTION # 210

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