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Have you ever noticed that people who prepare themselves for Splunk SPLK-4001 certification exam do not need to negotiate their salaries for a higher level, they just get it after they are Splunk SPLK-4001 Certified? The reason behind this fact is that they are considered the most deserving candidates for that particular job.

Splunk O11y Cloud Certified Metrics User Sample Questions (Q26-Q31):

NEW QUESTION # 26

Which component of the OpenTelemetry Collector allows for the modification of metadata?

- A. Exporters
- B. Pipelines

- C. Receivers
- **D. Processors**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The component of the OpenTelemetry Collector that allows for the modification of metadata is A. Processors.

Processors are components that can modify the telemetry data before sending it to exporters or other components. Processors can perform various transformations on metrics, traces, and logs, such as filtering, adding, deleting, or updating attributes, labels, or resources. Processors can also enrich the telemetry data with additional metadata from various sources, such as Kubernetes, environment variables, or system information¹ For example, one of the processors that can modify metadata is the attributes processor. This processor can update, insert, delete, or replace existing attributes on metrics or traces. Attributes are key-value pairs that provide additional information about the telemetry data, such as the service name, the host name, or the span kind² Another example is the resource processor. This processor can modify resource attributes on metrics or traces. Resource attributes are key-value pairs that describe the entity that produced the telemetry data, such as the cloud provider, the region, or the instance type³ To learn more about how to use processors in the OpenTelemetry Collector, you can refer to this documentation¹.

1: <https://opentelemetry.io/docs/collector/configuration/#processors> 2: <https://github.com/open-telemetry/opentelemetry-collector-contrib/tree/main/processor/attributesprocessor> 3: <https://github.com/open-telemetry/opentelemetry-collector-contrib/tree/main/processor/resourceprocessor>

NEW QUESTION # 27

The alert recipients tab specifies where notification messages should be sent when alerts are triggered or cleared. Which of the below options can be used? (select all that apply)

- **A. Send an SMS message.**
- B. Export to CSV.
- **C. Send to email addresses.**
- **D. Invoke a webhook URL.**

Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

The alert recipients tab specifies where notification messages should be sent when alerts are triggered or cleared. The options that can be used are:

Invoke a webhook URL. This option allows you to send a HTTP POST request to a custom URL that can perform various actions based on the alert information. For example, you can use a webhook to create a ticket in a service desk system, post a message to a chat channel, or trigger another workflow¹ Send an SMS message. This option allows you to send a text message to one or more phone numbers when an alert is triggered or cleared. You can customize the message content and format using variables and templates² Send to email addresses. This option allows you to send an email notification to one or more recipients when an alert is triggered or cleared. You can customize the email subject, body, and attachments using variables and templates. You can also include information from search results, the search job, and alert triggering in the email³ Therefore, the correct answer is A, C, and D.

1: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Alert/Webhooks> 2: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Alert/SMSnotification> 3: <https://docs.splunk.com/Documentation/Splunk/latest/Alert/Emailnotification>

NEW QUESTION # 28

When installing OpenTelemetry Collector, which error message is indicative that there is a misconfigured realm or access token?

- A. 403 (NOT ALLOWED)
- **B. 401 (UNAUTHORIZED)**
- C. 503 (SERVICE UNREACHABLE)
- D. 404 (NOT FOUND)

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

The correct answer is C. 401 (UNAUTHORIZED).

According to the web search results, a 401 (UNAUTHORIZED) error message is indicative that there is a misconfigured realm or access token when installing OpenTelemetry Collector. A 401 (UNAUTHORIZED) error message means that the request was not authorized by the server due to invalid credentials. A realm is a parameter that specifies the scope of protection for a resource, such as a Splunk Observability Cloud endpoint.

An access token is a credential that grants access to a resource, such as a Splunk Observability Cloud API. If the realm or the access token is misconfigured, the request to install OpenTelemetry Collector will be rejected by the server with a 401 (UNAUTHORIZED) error message.

Option A is incorrect because a 403 (NOT ALLOWED) error message is not indicative that there is a misconfigured realm or access token when installing OpenTelemetry Collector. A 403 (NOT ALLOWED) error message means that the request was authorized by the server but not allowed due to insufficient permissions. Option B is incorrect because a 404 (NOT FOUND) error message is not indicative that there is a misconfigured realm or access token when installing OpenTelemetry Collector. A 404 (NOT FOUND) error message means that the request was not found by the server due to an invalid URL or resource. Option D is incorrect because a 503 (SERVICE UNREACHABLE) error message is not indicative that there is a misconfigured realm or access token when installing OpenTelemetry Collector. A 503 (SERVICE UNREACHABLE) error message means that the server was unable to handle the request due to temporary overload or maintenance.

NEW QUESTION # 29

A DevOps engineer wants to determine if the latency their application experiences is growing faster after a new software release a week ago. They have already created two plot lines, A and B, that represent the current latency and the latency a week ago, respectively. How can the engineer use these two plot lines to determine the rate of change in latency?

- A. Create a temporary plot by clicking the Change% button in the upper-right corner of the plot showing lines A and B.
- B. Create a temporary plot by dragging items A and B into the Analytics Explorer window.
- C. Create a plot C using the formula $(A/B-1)$ and add a scale: 100 function to express the rate of change as a percentage.
- D. Create a plot C using the formula $(A-B)$ and add a scale:percent function to express the rate of change as a percentage.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The correct answer is C. Create a plot C using the formula $(A/B-1)$ and add a scale: 100 function to express the rate of change as a percentage.

To calculate the rate of change in latency, you need to compare the current latency (plot A) with the latency a week ago (plot B). One way to do this is to use the formula $(A/B-1)$, which gives you the ratio of the current latency to the previous latency minus one. This ratio represents how much the current latency has increased or decreased relative to the previous latency. For example, if the current latency is 200 ms and the previous latency is 100 ms, then the ratio is $(200/100-1) = 1$, which means the current latency is 100% higher than the previous latency. To express the rate of change as a percentage, you need to multiply the ratio by 100. You can do this by adding a scale: 100 function to the formula. This function scales the values of the plot by a factor of 100. For example, if the ratio is 1, then the scaled value is 100%. To create a plot C using the formula $(A/B-1)$ and add a scale: 100 function, you need to follow these steps:

Select plot A and plot B from the Metric Finder.

Click on Add Analytics and choose Formula from the list of functions.

In the Formula window, enter $(A/B-1)$ as the formula and click Apply.

Click on Add Analytics again and choose Scale from the list of functions.

In the Scale window, enter 100 as the factor and click Apply.

You should see a new plot C that shows the rate of change in latency as a percentage.

To learn more about how to use formulas and scale functions in Splunk Observability Cloud, you can refer to these documentations³⁴.

1: <https://www.mathsisfun.com/numbers/percentage-change.html> 2:

<https://docs.splunk.com/observability/gdi/metrics/analytics.html#Scale> 3:

<https://docs.splunk.com/observability/gdi/metrics/analytics.html#Formula> 4:

<https://docs.splunk.com/observability/gdi/metrics/analytics.html#Scale>

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which of the following is optional, but highly recommended to include in a datapoint?

- A. Value
- B. Metric name
- C. Metric type

- D. Timestamp

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The correct answer is D. Metric type.

A metric type is an optional, but highly recommended field that specifies the kind of measurement that a datapoint represents. For example, a metric type can be gauge, counter, cumulative counter, or histogram. A metric type helps Splunk Observability Cloud to interpret and display the data correctly¹ To learn more about how to send metrics to Splunk Observability Cloud, you can refer to this documentation².

1: <https://docs.splunk.com/Observability/gdi/metrics/metrics.html#Metric-types> 2:

<https://docs.splunk.com/Observability/gdi/metrics/metrics.html>

NEW QUESTION # 31

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