

100% Pass Quiz 2026 Microsoft Latest Latest AZ-500 Test Notes

Answer Area

Microsoft.Compute

Microsoft.Network

Role1:

Microsoft.Security

Role2:

Microsoft.Solutions

Correct Answer:

Answer Area

Microsoft.Compute

Microsoft.Network

Role1: Microsoft.Network

Microsoft.Security

Role2: Microsoft.Network

Microsoft.Solutions

QUESTION 3

DRAG DROP

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Microsoft AZ-500 (Microsoft Azure Security Technologies) Certification Exam is designed for professionals who are responsible for securing Microsoft Azure environments. Microsoft Azure Security Technologies certification exam is intended for individuals who possess a strong understanding of Azure security concepts, including cloud security, network security, identity and access management, and compliance. Candidates for the AZ-500 Exam should also have experience implementing security controls and maintaining security posture in Microsoft Azure.

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2026 High-quality Microsoft AZ-500: Latest Microsoft Azure Security Technologies Test Notes

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Microsoft AZ-500: Microsoft Azure Security Technologies is a certification exam that is designed for professionals who want to demonstrate their skills in securing Microsoft Azure cloud services. AZ-500 Exam is aimed at security engineers, security analysts, and other professionals who are responsible for managing and implementing security controls in the Azure environment.

Managing security operations

- Configuring security policies: this includes customizing security settings with the help of Azure Policy; customizing security settings with Azure Blueprint; customizing a playbook utilizing Azure Sentinel.
- Monitoring security with the help of Azure Monitor: the learners need to show their expertise in designing and customizing alerts; monitoring security logs with the help of Azure Monitor; customizing log retention and diagnostic logging.
- Monitoring security with the help of Azure Security Center: this includes one's abilities, such as assessing Azure Security Center vulnerability scans; customizing Just in Time VM access with the help of Azure Security Center; customizing centralized policy management with Azure Security Center; customizing compliance policies and assessing for compliance with the help of Azure Security Center.
- Monitoring security with the help of Azure Sentinel: this requires the individuals' skills in designing and customizing alerts; customizing Azure Sentinel data sources; assessing Azure Sentinel results; customizing a workflow automation with the help of Azure Sentinel.

Microsoft Azure Security Technologies Sample Questions (Q317-Q322):

NEW QUESTION # 317

You are configuring network connectivity for two Azure virtual networks named VNET1 and VNET2.

You need to implement VPN gateways for the virtual networks to meet the following requirements:

- * VNET1 must have six site-to-site connections that use BGP.
- * VNET2 must have 12 site-to-site connections that use BGP.
- * Costs must be minimized.

Which VPN gateway SKU should you use for each virtual network? To answer, drag the appropriate SKUs to the correct networks. Each SKU may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

SKUs	Answer Area	Microsoft
Basic		VNET1: <input type="text"/>
VpnGw1		VNET2: <input type="text"/>
VpnGw2		
VpnGw3		

Answer:

Explanation:

SKUs	Answer Area	Microsoft
Basic		VNET1: <input type="text"/>
VpnGw1		VNET2: <input type="text"/>
VpnGw2		
VpnGw3		

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/vpn-gateway-about-vpngateways#gwsku>

NEW QUESTION # 318

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Member of	Multi-factor authentication (MFA) status
User1	None	Disabled
User2	Group1	Disabled
user3	Group1	Enforced

Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) is enabled for the tenant.

In PIM, the Password Administrator role has the following settings:

- * Maximum activation duration (hours): 2
- * Send email notifying admins of activation: Disable
- * Require incident/request ticket number during activation: Disable
- * Require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication for activation: Enable
- * Require approval to activate this role: Enable
- * Selected approver: Group1

You assign users the Password Administrator role as shown in the following table.

Name	Assignment type
User1	Active
User2	Eligible
user3	Eligible

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
When User1 signs in, the user is assigned the Password Administrator role automatically.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User2 can request to activate the Password Administrator role.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 wants to activate the Password Administrator role, the user can approve their own request.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
When User1 signs in, the user is assigned the Password Administrator role automatically.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
User2 can request to activate the Password Administrator role.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 wants to activate the Password Administrator role, the user can approve their own request.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Explanation

Statements	Yes	No
When User1 signs in, the user is assigned the Password Administrator role automatically.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User2 can request to activate the Password Administrator role.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 wants to activate the Password Administrator role, the user can approve their own request.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Box 1: Yes

Active assignments don't require the member to perform any action to use the role. Members assigned as active have the privileges assigned to the role at all times.

Box 2: No

MFA is disabled for User2 and the setting Require Azure Multi-Factor Authentication for activation is enabled.

Note: Eligible assignments require the member of the role to perform an action to use the role. Actions might include performing a multi-factor authentication (MFA) check, providing a business justification, or requesting approval from designated approvers.

Box 3: Yes

User3 is Group1, which is a Selected Approver Group

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/bs-latn-ba/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-resource-roles->

NEW QUESTION # 319

You need to ensure that User2 can implement PIM.

What should you do first?

- A. Configure authentication methods for contoso.com
- B. Enable multi-factor authentication (MFA) for User2.**
- C. Configure the identity secure score for contoso.com
- D. Assign User2 the Global administrator role.

Answer: B

Explanation:

To start using PIM in your directory, you must first enable PIM.

1. Sign in to the Azure portal as a Global Administrator of your directory.

You must be a Global Administrator with an organizational account (for example, @yourdomain.com), not a Microsoft account (for example, @outlook.com), to enable PIM for a directory.

Scenario: Technical requirements include: Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/bs-latn-ba/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-getting-started>

Topic 1, Contoso

Technical Requirements

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

Deploy Azure Firewall to VNetWork1 in Sub2.

Register an application named App2 in contoso.com

Whenever possible, use the principle of least privilege.

Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com

Existing Environment

Azure AD

Contoso.com contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	City	Role
User1	Montreal	Global administrator
User2	MONTREAL	Security administrator
User3	London	Privileged role administrator
User4	Ontario	Application administrator
User5	Seattle	Cloud application administrator
User6	Seattle	User administrator
User7	Sydney	Reports reader
User8	Sydney	None

Contoso.com contains the security groups shown in the following table.

Name	Membership type	Dynamic membership rule
Group1	Dynamic user	user.city -contains "ON"
Group2	Dynamic user	user.city -match "*on"

Sub1

Sub1 contains six resource groups named RG1, RG2, RG3, RG4, RG5, and RG6.

User2 creates the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group
VNET1	RG1
VNET2	RG2
VNET3	RG3
VNET4	RG4

Sub1 contains the locks shown in the following table.

Name	Set on Microsoft	Lock type
Lock1	RG1	Delete
Lock2	RG2	Read-only
Lock3	RG3	Delete
Lock4	RG3	Read-only

Sub1 contains the Azure policies shown in the following table.

Policy definition	Resource type	Scope
Allowed resource types	networkSecurityGroups	RG4
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/subnets	RG5
Not allowed resource types	networksSecurityGroups	RG5
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/virtualNetworkPeerings	RG6

Sub2

Name	Subnet
VNetwork1	Subnet1.1, Subnet1.2 and Subnet1.3
VNetwork2	Subnet2.1

Sub2 contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Network interface	Application security group	Connected to
VM1	NIC1	ASG1	Subnet1.1
VM2	NIC2	ASG2	Subnet1.1
VM3	NIC3	None	Subnet1.2
VM4	NIC4	ASG1	Subnet1.3
VM5	NIC5	None	Subnet2.1

All virtual machines have the public IP addresses and the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The firewalls for each virtual machine allow ping requests and web requests.

Sub2 contains the network security groups (NSGs) shown in the following table.

Name	Associated to
NSG1	NIC2
NSG2	Subnet1.1
NSG3	Subnet1.3
NSG4	Subnet2.1

NSG1 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG2 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	80	TCP	Internet	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG3 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	TCP	ASG1	ASG1	Allow
150	Any	Any	ASG2	VirtualNetwork	Allow
200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG4 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG1, NSG2, NSG3, and NSG4 have the outbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

Deploy Azure Firewall to VNetwork1 in Sub2.

Register an application named App2 in contoso.com

Whenever possible, use the principle of least privilege.

Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com.

NEW QUESTION # 320

You have an Azure subscription that contains the alerts shown in the following exhibit.

All Alerts

New alert rule Edit columns Manage alert rules View classic alerts Refresh Change state

Don't see a subscription? Open Directory + Subscription settings

Subscription: Azure Pass - Sponsorship (15 selected) Resource group: Type to start filtering... (2 selected) Resource type: 0 selected (Sev 4) Time range: Past hour

Monitor service: Monitor condition: Severity: Alert state: Smart group id: (3 selected) (Smart group id)

All Alerts Alerts By Smart Group (Preview)

Search by name (case-insensitive)

NAME	SEVERITY	MONITOR C...	ALERT STATE	AFFECT...	MONITOR SERV...	SIGNAL TYPE	FIRRED TIME	SU...
Alert1	Sev4	⚠ Fired	New		ActivityLog Ad...	Log	6/6/2019, 11:23:53 ...	Azure ...
Alert1	Sev4	⚠ Fired	Acknowledged		ActivityLog Ad...	Log	6/6/2019, 11:23:52 ...	Azure ...
Alert2	Sev4	⚠ Fired	Acknowledged		ActivityLog Ad...	Log	6/6/2019, 11:23:25 ...	Azure ...
Alert2	Sev4	⚠ Fired	Closed		ActivityLog Ad...	Log	6/6/2019, 11:23:24 ...	Azure ...

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

The state of Alert1 that was fired at 11:23:52



Microsoft



- cannot be changed
- can be changed to Closed only
- can be changed to New only
- can be changed to New or Closed

The state of Alert2 that was fired at 11:23:24

- cannot be changed
- can be changed to Acknowledged only
- can be changed to New only
- can be changed to New or Acknowledged

Answer:

Explanation:

The state of Alert1 that was fired at 11:23:52

- cannot be changed
- can be changed to Closed only
- can be changed to New only
- can be changed to New or Closed

The state of Alert2 that was fired at 11:23:24

- cannot be changed
- can be changed to Acknowledged only
- can be changed to New only
- can be changed to New or Acknowledged

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/alerts-overview>

NEW QUESTION # 321

You have 15 Azure virtual machines in a resource group named RG1.

All the virtual machines run identical applications.

You need to prevent unauthorized applications and malware from running on the virtual machines.

What should you do?

- A. Configure Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) Identity Protection.
- B. Apply an Azure policy to RG1.
- C. Apply a resource lock to RG1.
- D. From Azure Security Center, configure adaptive application controls.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Section: [none]

Explanation:

Adaptive application control is an intelligent, automated end-to-end application whitelisting solution from Azure Security Center. It helps you control which applications can run on your Azure and non-Azure VMs (Windows and Linux), which, among other benefits, helps harden your VMs against malware. Security Center uses machine learning to analyze the applications running on your VMs and helps you apply the specific whitelisting rules using this intelligence.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/security-center/security-center-adaptive-application>

NEW QUESTION # 322

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Reliable AZ-500 Test Pattern: https://www.dumpkiller.com/AZ-500_braindumps.html

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