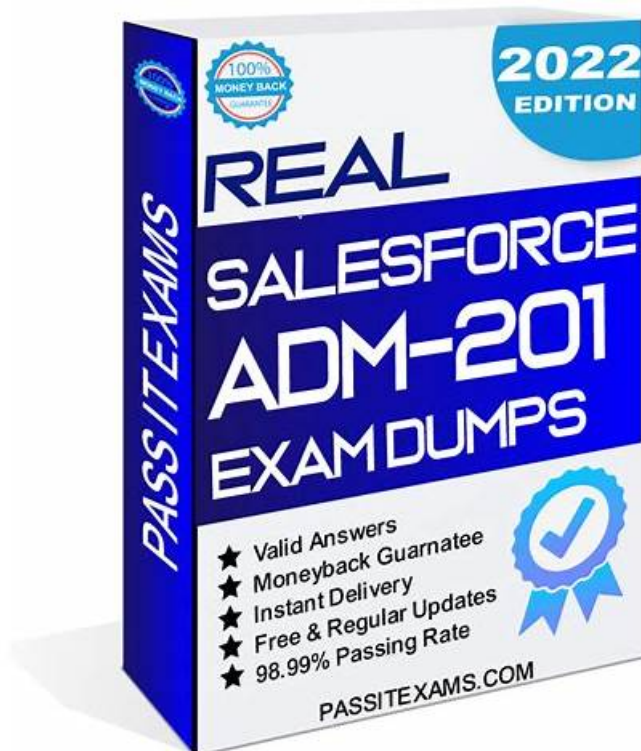


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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Migration & Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed.

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Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q35-Q40):

NEW QUESTION # 35

What command should you run to update the automatically-generated secrets that are created during a Tableau Server installation?

- A. `tsm security regenerate-internal-tokens`
- B. `tsm licenses refresh`
- C. `tsm data-access caching set -r 1`
- D. `tsm security validate-asset-keys`

Answer: A

Explanation:

Tableau Server uses internal secrets (tokens) for secure communication between its processes (e.g., Repository, File Store). These are automatically generated during installation and can be regenerated if compromised or for security maintenance. The command to update these is:

* `tsm security regenerate-internal-tokens`: This regenerates the internal security tokens, ensuring all processes use the new tokens after a restart.

* Option C (`tsm security regenerate-internal-tokens`): Correct. This is the documented command for updating internal secrets.

* Option A (`tsm data-access caching set -r 1`): Incorrect. This command configures caching behavior, not security tokens.

* Option B (`tsm licenses refresh`): Incorrect. This refreshes license data, unrelated to internal secrets.

* Option D (`tsm security validate-asset-keys`): Incorrect. This validates encryption keys for assets, not internal tokens.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Regenerate Internal Tokens" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli_security.htm#regenerate-internal-tokens).

NEW QUESTION # 36

You have an existing group subscription. You add a user to the group. What statement correctly describes the result?

- A. The administrator receives a notice to approve or deny adding the user to the subscription
- **B. The subscription updates automatically to include the new user**
- C. The subscription will continue to include only the members of the group at the time the subscription was made
- D. The creator of the subscription receives notice of the change and must manually edit the subscription to reflect the new group membership

Answer: B

Explanation:

Subscriptions in Tableau Server deliver workbook views to users via email on a schedule. Group subscriptions apply to all group members-let's unpack this:

* Group Subscription Mechanics:

* Created via Workbooks > Actions > Subscribe > Select Group.

* Delivers content to all users in the group at the time the subscription runs (e.g., daily PDF).

* Dynamic: Membership updates (additions/removals) are reflected automatically on the next run.

* Option C (The subscription updates automatically to include the new user): Correct.

* Details: When you add a user to the group (e.g., via Users > Groups > Add Users), Tableau Server's subscription process queries the group's current membership at runtime. The new user receives the subscription on the next scheduled delivery-no manual action needed.

* Example: Group "Sales" has a 9 AM subscription. Add a user at 8 AM-they get the email tomorrow at 9 AM.

* Option A (Admin receives notice to approve/deny): Incorrect.

* Why: No approval workflow exists for group membership changes in subscriptions-it's automatic.

* Option B (Creator must manually edit): Incorrect.

* Why: Subscriptions are tied to the group, not a static user list-manual edits aren't required for membership changes.

* Option D (Only members at creation time): Incorrect.

* Why: This would be true for individual subscriptions (static list), but group subscriptions are dynamic.

Why This Matters: Dynamic group subscriptions streamline content delivery as teams evolve, reducing admin overhead.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Subscriptions" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/subscribe.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 37

What type of information is stored in the tsm maintenance backup -f<filename>.tsbak command?

- A. Topology data
- B. SMTP server settings
- **C. Repository data**
- D. Notification settings

Answer: C

Explanation:

The tsm maintenance backup command creates a backup file (with a .tsbak extension) that captures critical data needed to restore Tableau Server in case of failure or migration. This backup primarily includes:

Repository data: This encompasses the PostgreSQL database, which stores metadata such as workbooks, data sources, user information, permissions, schedules, and subscriptions.

Configuration data: This includes server settings like authentication methods, port configurations, and service layouts, but it does not include topology data as a separate entity (topology is part of the configuration).

The command does not back up the following:

Extract files (stored in the File Store), which must be backed up separately if needed.

Log files, which are archived using tsm maintenance ziplogs.

Option A (Notification settings) is incorrect because while notification settings are part of the configuration data stored in the repository, they are not the primary focus of the backup. The broader category is "repository data." Option B (SMTP server settings) is also incorrect for the same reason-SMTP settings are configuration data within the repository, but the backup is not limited to just these settings.

Option D (Topology data) is incorrect because topology data (e.g., how services are distributed across nodes) is part of the configuration included in the backup, but it's not stored as a standalone item. The .tsbak file is centered on the repository database.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Back Up Tableau Server Data" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/backup_restore.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 38

What should you do to disable table recommendations for popular data sources and tables to users?

- A. Disable the option using the site Settings page
- B. Use the command: tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false
- C. Disable the option using the server Settings page
- D. Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked to the project

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table recommendations in Tableau Server suggest popular tables and data sources to users when they create new content in the web authoring environment. This feature is enabled by default but can be disabled at the site level.

Option A (Disable the option using the site Settings page): Correct. A site administrator can disable table recommendations by navigating to the site's Settings > General page in the Tableau Server web interface and unchecking the option "Enable table recommendations." This prevents users on that site from seeing these suggestions, offering a straightforward UI-based solution.

Option B (Use the command: tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false): Incorrect. There is no recommendations.enabled key in the TSM configuration settings. This feature is managed per site, not server-wide via TSM.

Option C (Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked): Incorrect. Locking permissions restricts access but doesn't disable the recommendation feature itself. Users with access would still see recommendations.

Option D (Disable the option using the server Settings page): Incorrect. Table recommendations are a site-specific setting, not a server-wide setting. The server Settings page (via TSM) controls global configurations, not this feature.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Site Settings" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/site_settings.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 39

Which two types of content can you include in comments on a visualization? (Choose two.)

- A. Text
- B. @mentions
- C. Interactive snapshots of a view
- D. Images (jpg, png)

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Comments on Tableau Server visualizations facilitate collaboration. Let's explore what's supported:

* Comments Feature: Enabled per site (Settings > General > Allow Comments). Users with "Add Comment" permission can post on views.

* Option B (Text): Correct.

* Details: The primary content type-users type free-form text in the comment box.

* Use: Notes, questions, or feedback (e.g., "Sales spiked here-why?").

* Option C (@mentions): Correct.

* Details: Typing @username notifies the mentioned user via email or the UI (if notifications are enabled).

* Use: Directs comments to specific people (e.g., "@John, check this trend").

* Option A (Interactive snapshots of a view): Incorrect.

* Details: Snapshots (static images) aren't supported in comments-users must take screenshots externally and can't embed them interactively.

* Option D (Images - jpg, png): Incorrect.

* Details: No attachment or image embedding in comments-text and mentions only. Workaround:

Link to an image hosted elsewhere.

Why This Matters: Comments enhance teamwork, but their simplicity (text + mentions) keeps the interface lightweight and focused.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Comment on a View" (<https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/comment.htm>).

NEW QUESTION # 40

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