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After years of operation, our platform has accumulated a wide network of relationships, so that we were able to learn about the changes in the exam at the first time. This is a benefit that students who have not purchased 100-160 exam guide can't get. The team of experts hired by Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity study questions constantly updates and supplements the contents of study materials according to the latest syllabus and the latest industry research results. We also have dedicated staff to maintain 100-160 Exam Material every day, and you can be sure that compared to other test materials on the market, Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity study questions are the most advanced.

Cisco 100-160 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Essential Security Principles: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Cybersecurity Technician and covers foundational cybersecurity concepts such as the CIA triad (confidentiality, integrity, availability), along with basic threat types and vulnerabilities, laying the conceptual groundwork for understanding how to protect information systems.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Endpoint Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Endpoint Security Specialist and includes securing individual devices, understanding protections such as antivirus, patching, and access control at the endpoint level, essential for maintaining device integrity.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Incident Handling: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Incident Responder and centers on recognizing security incidents, responding appropriately, and containing threats—forming the essential foundation of incident response procedures.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Basic Network Security Concepts: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Network Defender and focuses on understanding network-level protections, including firewalls, VPNs, and intrusion detection prevention systems, providing insight into how threats are mitigated within network environments.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vulnerability Assessment and Risk Management: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Risk Management Analyst and entails identifying and assessing vulnerabilities, understanding risk priorities, and applying mitigation strategies that help manage threats proactively within an organization's systems

Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity Sample Questions (Q277-Q282):

NEW QUESTION # 277

Which of the following is an example of a passive vulnerability identification technique?

- A. Incident response
- B. Intrusion detection system (IDS)
- C. Penetration testing
- D. Vulnerability scanning

Answer: D

Explanation:

Vulnerability scanning is a passive technique used to identify vulnerabilities in a system or network. It involves the use of automated tools that scan the system for known vulnerabilities without actively exploiting them.

NEW QUESTION # 278

How does a honeypot enhance network security?

- A. It monitors network traffic and sends alerts when potential threats are detected.
- B. It detects and prevents identified threats through real-time packet inspection.
- C. It acts as a decoy and diverts malicious traffic away from important systems.
- D. It isolates external-facing services from the Internet and protects them from attack.

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the Cisco Certified Support Technician (CCST) Cybersecurity Study Guide, a honeypot is a security mechanism that appears to be a legitimate system or resource but is intentionally made vulnerable to attract attackers. Its purpose is not to serve legitimate users but to detect, study, and sometimes divert malicious activity.

"A honeypot is a decoy system or service designed to attract and engage attackers. By simulating a target of interest, it allows security teams to monitor attack methods, collect intelligence, and sometimes divert threats away from production systems. Honeypots do not prevent attacks but help in identifying them and understanding adversary tactics." (CCST Cybersecurity, Basic Network Security Concepts, Honeypots and Honey Nets section, Cisco Networking Academy) In this context:

Option A describes an IDS (Intrusion Detection System), not a honeypot.

Option C refers to a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone), not a honeypot.

Option D describes an IPS (Intrusion Prevention System).

Option B correctly identifies a honeypot's role as a decoy to divert or engage attackers.

NEW QUESTION # 279

Which of the following options is not an example of a subscription service in cybersecurity?

- A. Anti-malware software
- B. Intrusion detection system (IDS) signatures updates
- C. Vulnerability scanning tools
- D. Threat intelligence feeds

Answer: A

Explanation:

Anti-malware software is not typically considered a subscription service in cybersecurity. It is a security tool that detects, prevents, and removes malware from systems, but it is usually purchased as a one-time product rather than a subscription. On the other hand, threat intelligence feeds, vulnerability scanning tools, and IDS signatures updates are examples of subscription services that provide regular updates and information to enhance security against evolving threats.

NEW QUESTION # 280

Which encryption type is commonly used to secure WiFi networks?

- A. RSA (Rivest-Shamir-Adleman)
- **B. Advanced Encryption Algorithm (AES)**
- C. Data Encryption Standard (DES)
- D. Triple Data Encryption Algorithm (Triple DES)

Answer: B

Explanation:

The CCST Cybersecurity Study Guide specifies that AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) is the encryption method used in modern WiFi security protocols like WPA2 and WPA3.

"WPA2 and WPA3 use the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) for securing wireless traffic. AES provides strong symmetric encryption, replacing outdated methods like WEP and TKIP." (CCST Cybersecurity, Basic Network Security Concepts, Wireless Security section, Cisco Networking Academy) A (DES) is outdated and insecure.

B (Triple DES) is older and slower, rarely used in WiFi.

C is correct: AES is the industry standard for WiFi security.

D (RSA) is asymmetric encryption used in key exchange, not bulk WiFi encryption.

NEW QUESTION # 281

Which of the following statements best describes the impact of compliance frameworks on incident handling?

- A. Compliance frameworks focus primarily on prevention, not incident handling.
- B. Compliance frameworks have no impact on incident handling.
- **C. Compliance frameworks establish standards and guidelines for incident handling.**
- D. Compliance frameworks are only relevant for incident response teams.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Compliance frameworks, such as the Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard (PCI DSS) or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), play a crucial role in incident handling. These frameworks define requirements and best practices for various aspects of cybersecurity, including incident response. They outline procedures and guidelines to be followed during incident handling and help organizations establish an effective incident response plan. Compliance frameworks ensure that incidents are handled according to industry standards and regulatory requirements, helping organizations mitigate risks, minimize damages, and maintain compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

NEW QUESTION # 282

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