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Fortinet NSE5_SSE_AD-7.6 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• SASE Deployment: This domain covers FortiSASE administration settings, user onboarding methods, and integration with SD-WAN infrastructure.
Topic 2	• Analytics: This domain covers analyzing SD-WAN and FortiSASE logs to monitor traffic behavior, identify security threats, and generate reports.
Topic 3	• Secure Internet Access (SIA) and Secure SaaS Access (SSA): This section focuses on implementing security profiles for content inspection and deploying compliance rules to managed endpoints.
Topic 4	• Decentralized SD-WAN: This domain covers basic SD-WAN implementation including configuring members, zones, and performance SLAs to monitor network quality.
Topic 5	• Rules and Routing: This section addresses configuring SD-WAN rules and routing policies to control and direct traffic flow across different links.

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Fortinet NSE 5 - FortiSASE and SD-WAN 7.6 Core Administrator Sample Questions (Q25-Q30):

NEW QUESTION # 25
Which two delivery methods are used for installing FortiClient on a user's laptop? (Choose two.)

- A. Send an invitation email to selected users containing links to FortiClient installers.
- B. Use zero-touch installation through a third-party application store.
- C. Download the installer directly from the FortiSASE portal.
- D. Configure automatic installation through an API to the user's laptop.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:
TheFortiSASE 7.6 Administration Guideoutlines the standard onboarding procedures for deploying the FortiClientagent to remote endpoints. There are two primary user-facing delivery methods:
* Download from the FortiSASE portal (Option B):Administrators can provide users with access to the FortiSASE portal where they can directly download apre-configured installer. This installer is uniquely tied to the organization's SASE instance, ensuring the client automatically registers to the correct cloud EMS upon installation.
* Invitation Email (Option C):This is the most common administrative method. The FortiSASE portal (via its integrated EMS) allows administrators to send an invitation email to specific users or groups.
This email contains direct download links for various operating systems (Windows, macOS, Linux) and the necessary invitation code for zero-touch registration.
Why other options are incorrect:
* Option A:While third-party stores (like the App Store or Google Play) are used for mobile devices,
"zero-touch installation through a third-party store" is not the standard curriculum-defined method for laptops(Windows/macOS) in a SASE environment.
* Option D:FortiSASE does not use a direct "API to the user's laptop" for automatic installation. While MDM/GPO (centralized deployment) is supported, it is not described as an API-based auto-installation in the core curriculum.

NEW QUESTION # 26
Which configuration is a valid use case for FortiSASE features in supporting remote users?

- A. Monitoring SaaS application performance, isolating browser sessions for all websites, and integrating with SD-WAN for data loss prevention.
- B. Enabling secure SaaS access through SD-WAN integration, protecting against web-based threats with data loss prevention, and monitoring user connectivity with shadow IT visibility.
- C. Enabling secure web browsing to protect against threats, providing explicit application access with zero- trust or SD-WAN integration, and addressing shadow IT visibility with data loss prevention.
- D. Providing secure web browsing through remote browser isolation, addressing shadow IT with zero-trust access, and protecting data at rest only.

Answer: C

Explanation:
According to theFortiSASE 7.6 Architecture GuideandFCP - FortiSASE 24/25 Administratormaterials, the solution is built around three primary use cases that support a hybrid workforce:
* Secure Internet Access (SIA):This enables secure web browsing by applying security profiles such as Web Filter,Anti-Malware, andSSL Inspectionin the SASE cloud. It protects remote users from internet-based threats regardless of their location.
* Secure Private Access (SPA):This provides granular, explicit access to private applications hosted in data centers or the cloud. It

is achieved through ZTNA (Zero Trust Network Access) for session-based security or through SD-WAN integration where FortiSASE acts as a spoke to an existing corporate SD- WAN hub.
* SaaS Security:FortiSASE utilizes Inline-CASB and Shadow IT visibility to monitor and control the use of cloud applications.Data Loss Prevention (DLP) is integrated into these workflows to prevent sensitive corporate data from being uploaded to unauthorized SaaS platforms.
Why other options are incorrect:
* Option A:While it mentions SD-WAN and Shadow IT, it misses the core definition of SIA (secure web browsing) which is the primary driver for SASE deployments.
* Option B:Remote Browser Isolation (RBI) is typically applied to risky or uncategorized websites, not
"all websites," due to the high performance and resource overhead.
* Option D:FortiSASE is designed to protect data in motion (via security profiles) as well as data stored in sanctioned cloud apps, not "at rest only".

NEW QUESTION # 27
Which statement about security posture tags in FortiSASE is correct?

- A. Multiple tags can be assigned to an endpoint and used for evaluation.
- B. Only one tag can be assigned to an endpoint.
- C. Tags are static and do not change with endpoint status.
- D. Multiple tags can be assigned to an endpoint, but only one is used for evaluation.

Answer: A

Explanation:
According to the FortiSASE 7.6 Administration Guide and FCP - FortiSASE 24/25 Administrator curriculum, security posture tags (often referred to as ZTNA tags) are the fundamental building blocks for identity-based and posture-based access control.
* Multiple Tag Assignment: A single endpoint can be assigned multiple tags at the same time. For example, an endpoint might simultaneously have the tags "OS-Windows-11","AV-Running", and
"Corporate-Domain-Joined".
* Evaluation Logic: During the policy evaluation process (for both SIA and SPA), FortiSASE or the FortiGate hub considers all tags assigned to the endpoint. Security policies can be configured to use these tags as source criteria. If an administrator defines a policy that requires both "AV-Running" and
"Corporate-Domain-Joined," the system evaluates both tags to decide whether to permit the traffic.
* Dynamic Nature: Contrary to Option C, these tags are highly dynamic. They are automatically applied or removed in real-time based on the telemetry data sent by the FortiClient to the SASE cloud. If a user disables their antivirus, the "AV-Running" tag is removed immediately, and the endpoint's access is revoked by the next policy evaluation.
* Scalability: While the system supports many tags, documentation recommends a baseline of custom tags for optimal performance, though it confirms that multiple tags are standard for reflecting a comprehensive security posture.
Why other options are incorrect:
* Option A: This is incorrect because the system does not pick just one tag; it evaluates the collection of tags against the policy's requirements (e.g., matching any or matching all).
* Option C: This is incorrect because tags are dynamic and change as soon as the endpoint's status (like vulnerability count or software presence) changes.
* Option D: This is incorrect because the architectural advantage of ZTNA is the ability to layer multiple security "checks" (tags) for a single user.

NEW QUESTION # 28
Which two statements about configuring a steering bypass destination in FortiSASE are correct? (Choose two.)

- A. Subnet is the only destination type that supports the Apply condition
- B. Apply condition can be set only to On-net or Off-net. but not both
- C. You can select from four destination types: Infrastructure, FQDN, Local Application, or Subnet
- D. Apply condition allows split tunneling destinations to ae applied to On-net. off-net. or both types of endpoints

Answer: C,D

Explanation:
According to the FortiSASE 7.6 Feature Administration Guide, steering bypass destinations (also known as split tunneling) allow administrators to optimize bandwidth by redirecting specific trusted traffic away from the SASE tunnel to the endpoint's local

physical interface.

* Destination Types (Option C): When creating a bypass destination, administrators can select from four distinct types: Infrastructure (pre-defined apps like Zoom/O365), FQDN (specific domains), Local Application (identifying processes on the laptop), or Subnet (specific IP ranges).

* Apply Condition (Option B): The "Apply" condition is a flexible setting that allows the administrator to choose when the bypass is active. It can be applied to endpoints that are On-net (inside the office), Off- net (remote), or Both. This ensures that if a user is in the office, they don't use the SASE tunnel for local resources, but if they are home, they might still bypass high-bandwidth sites like YouTube to preserve tunnel capacity.

Why other options are incorrect:

* Option A: Subnet is one of four types and is not the only type supporting these conditions.

* Option D: The system explicitly supports "Both" to ensure consistency across network transitions.

NEW QUESTION # 29

Refer to the exhibit.

You configure SD-WAN on a standalone FortiGate device. You want to create an SD-WAN rule that steers traffic related to Facebook and LinkedIn through the less costly internet link. What must you do to set Facebook and LinkedIn applications as destinations from the GUI?

- A. You cannot configure applications as destinations of an SD-WAN rule on a standalone FortiGate device.
- B. In the Internet service field, select Facebook and LinkedIn.

- C. Install a license to allow applications as destinations of SD-WAN rules.
- D. Enable the visibility of the applications field as destinations of the SD-WAN rule.

Answer: B

Explanation:
According to theSD-WAN 7.6 Core Administratorcurriculum and theFortiOS 7.6 Administration Guide, setting common web-based services like Facebook and LinkedIn as destinations in an SD-WAN rule is primarily accomplished through theInternet Service Database (ISDB).
* Internet Service vs. Application Control: In FortiOS, there is a distinction betweenInternet Services (which use a database of known IP addresses and ports to identify traffic at the first packet) and Applications(which require the IPS engine to inspect deeper into the packet flow to identify Layer 7 signatures).
* SD-WAN Efficiency: Fortinet recommends using theInternet service fieldfor services like Facebook and LinkedIn in SD-WAN rules because it allows the FortiGate to steer the traffic immediately upon the first packet. If the "Application"signatures were used instead, the first session might be misrouted because the application is not identified until after the initial handshake.
* GUI Configuration: As shown in the exhibit (image_b3a4c2.png), the "Destination" section of an SD- WAN rule includes anInternet servicefield by default. To steer Facebook and LinkedIn traffic, the administrator simply clicks the "+" icon in that field and selects the entries for Facebook and LinkedIn from the database.
* Feature Visibility (Alternative): While youcanenable a specific "Application" field inSystem > Feature Visibility(by enabling "Application Detection Based SD-WAN"), this is typically used for less common applications that do not have dedicated ISDB entries. For the specific "applications" mentioned (Facebook and LinkedIn), they are natively available in theInternet servicefield, making Option B the most direct and common implementation.
Why other options are incorrect:
* Option A: Licensing for application signatures is part of the standard FortiGuard services and is not a prerequisite specific only to "applications as destinations" in SD-WAN rules.
* Option C: Standalone FortiGate devices fully support application-based and ISDB-based steering in SD-WAN rules.
* Option D: While enabling feature visibility would add anadditionalfield for L7 applications, it is not a
"must" for Facebook and LinkedIn, which are already accessible via the Internet Service field provided in the default GUI layout.

NEW QUESTION # 30
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