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Huawei HCIP-Access V2.5 Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

Max-Forwards fields can be used in SIP messages to solve loop problems and avoid endless packet forwarding.

- A. Right
- B. wrong

Answer: A

Explanation:

Right. The SIP Max-Forwards header limits how many SIP elements a request can traverse. Each proxy decrements the value by one; when it reaches zero, the message must not be forwarded, preventing infinite loops and yielding responses like 483 (Too Many Hops). RFC 3261 (Sections 8.1.1.6, 16.6, 20.22) defines this behavior; later work further discusses loop mitigation

NEW QUESTION # 35

During DBA planning, which of the following types of DBA should be used if a user wants to apply for the Internet access service?

- A. type4
- B. type1
- C. type3
- D. type2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 36

In a campus project, XGS-PON is used; ONUs backhaul APs via a 1:16 splitter, but only 12 APs are actually connected per splitter. What is the downstream concurrent bandwidth per AP (Mbit/s)?

- A. About 800
- B. About 400
- C. About 600
- D. About 300

Answer: A

Explanation:

XGS-PON downstream line rate is ~10 Gbit/s. When 12 terminals share a PON tree concurrently, the rough per-terminal share is $10,000 \text{ Mbit/s} \div 12 \approx 833 \text{ Mbit/s}$, commonly expressed as "about 800 Mbit/s." This aligns with planning examples in HCIP-Access where downstream concurrency on XGS-PON is calculated by dividing the port rate by the number of active ONUs/APs on the splitter.

References: HCIP-Access V2.5 Study Guide - PON Rate & Capacity Planning (XGS-PON 10G), Campus PON Design Examples - concurrency estimation.

NEW QUESTION # 37

(Multiple choice) Which of the following measures can be adopted by GPON in terms of traffic control?

- A. GEM-CAR
- B. Flow-CAR
- C. T-CONT-CAR
- D. GEM mapping

Answer: A,B,C

Explanation:

GPON traffic policing/shaping is commonly applied at multiple layers:

T-CONT rate control (T-CONT-CAR): controls upstream bandwidth per T-CONT.

GEM-port rate control (GEM-CAR): limits per GEM port.

Service flow rate control (Flow-CAR): enforces per-service policies.

GEM mapping is a forwarding association (service#GEM) and not itself a rate-control mechanism.

References: HCIP-Access V2.5 Study Guide (GPON QoS model: T-CONT, GEM, and service flow policing /shaping).

NEW QUESTION # 38

Layer 2 enables IGMP-snooping, and when the switch port receives an IGMP join packet, it listens for the packet and adds the corresponding port to the multicast group

- Answer: A**

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[illegible]