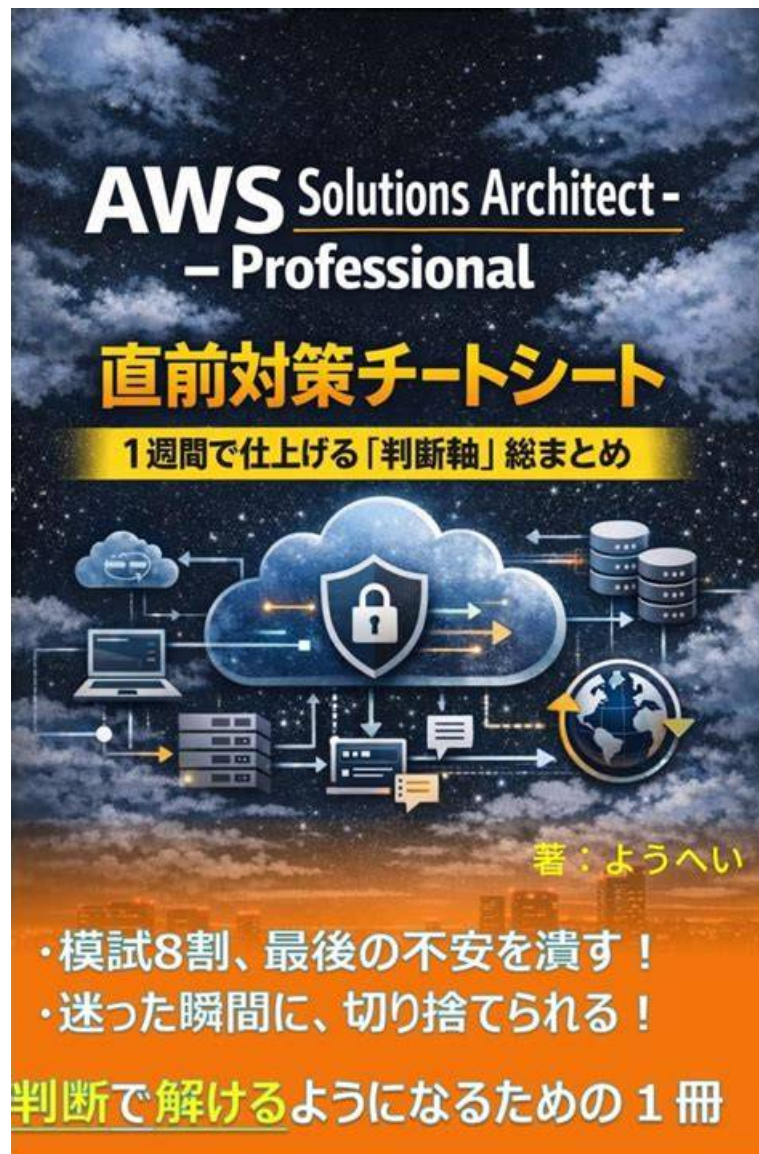


AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional試験概要 & AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional日本語参考



無料でクラウドストレージから最新のJapancert AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional PDFダンプをダウンロードする：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1IhdOLpp_5PTLiW-tG2EU1XlITJeaU6JN

JapancertのAWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional試験の教材では、98%~100%の合格率を得ることができます。試験を受ける前に20~30時間で練習できます。24の無料オンラインカスタマーサービスを提供します。専門家のリモートアシスタンスを提供します。AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional試験に合格しなかった場合、全額払い戻します。AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professionalの実際のテストは、最高の誠実さでお客様をサポートします。非常に多くの利点を備えたこのような優れた製品に直面していますが、今、AWS-Solutions-Architect-ProfessionalのAWS Certified Solutions Architect - Professional学習教材に恋をしていますか？ 答えが「はい」の場合は、今すぐAWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional試験問題を購入してください。

Amazon AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional Exam Overview:

Certification Vendor:	Amazon Web Services (AWS)
Exam Name:	AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Professional
Exam Number:	SAP-C02
Exam Format:	Multiple choice, Multiple response

Real Exam Qty:	Approximately 75 questions
Exam Duration:	180 minutes
Passing Score:	750 (scaled score out of 1000)
Exam Price:	\$300 USD
Certificate Validity Period:	3 years
Available Languages:	English, Japanese, Korean, Simplified Chinese
Related Certifications:	AWS Certified Solutions Architect – Associate
Recommended Training:	AWS Certified Solutions Architect – Professional Exam Readiness AWS Skill Builder Learning Path
Exam Registration:	AWS Training and Certification Portal AWS Certification Official Registration
Sample Questions:	Amazon AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional Sample Questions
Exam Way:	Online proctored or test center (onsite)
Pre Condition:	Recommended: AWS Certified Solutions Architect – Associate certification and at least 1+ years of experience designing distributed systems on AWS.
Official Syllabus URL:	https://aws.amazon.com/certification/certified-solutions-architect-professional/

>> AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional試験概要 <<

AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional日本語参考 & AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional学習体験談

明日ではなく、今日が大事と良く知られるから、そんなにぐずぐずしないで早く我々社のAmazon AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional日本語対策問題集を勉強し、自身を充実させます。我々社の練習問題は長年でAWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional全真模擬試験トレーニング資料に研究している専門化チームによって編集されます。Amazon AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional資格問題集はPDF版、ソフト版、オンライン版を含まれ、この三つバージョンから自分の愛用することを選んでいきます。他の人に先立ってAmazon AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional認定資格を得るために、今から勉強しましょう。

Amazon AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Professional認定試験は、AWSプラットフォーム上でスケラブルで高可用性で耐障害性のあるシステムを設計および展開する専門家の専門知識を証明するためのプロフェッショナルレベルの資格です。試験は、企業向けのアプリケーションを設計および展開し、要件に基づいて適切なAWSサービスを選択および展開し、複雑なアプリケーションをAWSに移行する能力を評価します。

Amazon AWS Certified Solutions Architect - Professional 認定 AWS-Solutions-Architect-Professional 試験問題 (Q85-Q90):

質問 # 85

A company wants to migrate its website from an on-premises data center onto AWS. At the same time, it wants to migrate the website to a containerized microservice-based architecture to improve the availability and cost efficiency. The company's security policy states that privileges and network permissions must be configured according to best practice, using least privilege. A Solutions Architect must create a containerized architecture that meets the security requirements and has deployed the application to an Amazon ECS cluster.

What steps are required after the deployment to meet the requirements? (Choose two.)

- **A. Apply security groups to the tasks, and use IAM roles for tasks to access other resources.**
- B. Apply security groups to the tasks, and pass IAM credentials into the container at launch time to access other resources.
- C. Create tasks using the bridge network mode.
- D. Apply security groups to Amazon EC2 instances, and use IAM roles for EC2 instances to access other resources.
- **E. Create tasks using the awsvpc network mode.**

正解: A、E

質問 # 86

A company is developing a new service that will be accessed using TCP on a static port. A solutions architect must ensure that the

service is highly available, has redundancy across Availability Zones, and is accessible using the DNS name my.service.com, which is publicly accessible. The service must use fixed address assignments so other companies can add the addresses to their allow lists. Assuming that resources are deployed in multiple Availability Zones in a single Region, which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Create an Amazon ECS cluster and a service definition for the application. Create and assign public IP address for each host in the cluster. Create an Application Load Balancer (ALB) and expose the static TCP port. Create a target group and assign the ECS service definition name to the ALB. Create a new CNAME record set and associate the public IP addresses to the record set. Provide the Elastic IP addresses of the Amazon EC2 instances to the other companies to add to their allow lists.
- B. Create an Amazon ECS cluster and a service definition for the application. Create and assign public IP addresses for the ECS cluster. Create a Network Load Balancer (NLB) and expose the TCP port. Create a target group and assign the ECS cluster name to the NLB. Create a new A record set named my.service.com, and assign the public IP addresses of the ECS cluster to the record set. Provide the public IP addresses of the ECS cluster to the other companies to add to their allow lists.
- C. Create Amazon EC2 instances with an Elastic IP address for each instance. Create a Network Load Balancer (NLB) and expose the static TCP port. Register EC2 instances with the NLB. Create a new name server record set named my.service.com, and assign the Elastic IP addresses of the EC2 instances to the record set. Provide the Elastic IP addresses of the EC2 instances to the other companies to add to their allow lists.
- D. Create Amazon EC2 instances for the service. Create one Elastic IP address for each Availability Zone. Create a Network Load Balancer (NLB) and expose the assigned TCP port. Assign the Elastic IP addresses to the NLB for each Availability Zone. Create a target group and register the EC2 instances with the NLB. Create a new A (alias) record set named my.service.com, and assign the NLB DNS name to the record set.

正解: D

質問 #87

A company migrated an application to the AWS Cloud. The application runs on two Amazon EC2 instances behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB). Application data is stored in a MySQL database that runs on an additional EC2 instance. The application's use of the database is read-heavy.

The loads static content from Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volumes that are attached to each EC2 instance. The static content is updated frequently and must be copied to each EBS volume.

The load on the application changes throughout the day. During peak hours, the application cannot handle all the incoming requests. Trace data shows that the database cannot handle the read load during peak hours.

Which solution will improve the reliability of the application?

- A. Migrate the application to a set of AWS Step Functions state machines. Set the state machines as targets for the ALB. Create an Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS) file system for the static content. Configure the state machines to read from the EFS file system. Migrate the database to Amazon Aurora MySQL Serverless v2 with a reader DB instance.
- B. Containerize the application. Migrate the application to an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) Cluster. Use the AWS Fargate launch type for the tasks that host the application. Create a new single EBS volume the static content. Mount the new EBS volume on the ECS cluster. Configure AWS Application Auto Scaling on ECS cluster. Set the ECS service as a target for the ALB. Migrate the database to an Amazon RDS for MySQL Multi-AZ DB cluster.
- C. Migrate the application to a set of AWS Lambda functions. Set the Lambda functions as targets for the ALB. Create a new single EBS volume for the static content. Configure the Lambda functions to read from the new EBS volume. Migrate the database to an Amazon RDS for MySQL Multi-AZ DB cluster.
- D. Containerize the application. Migrate the application to an Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) cluster. Use the AWS Fargate launch type for the tasks that host the application. Create an Amazon Elastic File System (Amazon EFS) file system for the static content. Mount the EFS file system to each container. Configure AWS Application Auto Scaling on the ECS cluster Set the ECS service as a target for the ALB. Migrate the database to Amazon Aurora MySQL Serverless v2 with a reader DB instance.

正解: D

解説:

This solution will improve the reliability of the application by addressing the issues of scalability, availability, and performance.

Containerizing the application will make it easier to deploy and manage on AWS. Migrating the application to an Amazon ECS cluster will allow the application to run on a fully managed container orchestration service. Using the AWS Fargate launch type for the tasks that host the application will enable the application to run on serverless compute engines that are automatically provisioned and scaled by AWS.

Creating an Amazon EFS file system for the static content will provide a scalable and shared storage solution that can be accessed

by multiple containers. Mounting the EFS file system to each container will eliminate the need to copy the static content to each EBS volume and ensure that the content is always up to date.

Configuring AWS Application Auto Scaling on the ECS cluster will enable the application to scale up and down based on demand or a predefined schedule. Setting the ECS service as a target for the ALB will distribute the incoming requests across multiple tasks in the ECS cluster and improve the availability and fault tolerance of the application. Migrating the database to Amazon Aurora MySQL Serverless v2 with a reader DB instance will provide a fully managed, compatible, and scalable relational database service that can handle high throughput and concurrent connections. Using a reader DB instance will offload some of the read load from the primary DB instance and improve the performance of the database.

質問 # 88

Your customer wishes to deploy an enterprise application to AWS, which will consist of several web servers, several application servers, and a small (50GB) Oracle database. Information is stored both in the database and the filesystems of the various servers. The backup system must support database recovery, whole server and whole disk restores, and individual file restores with a recovery time of no more than two hours.

They have chosen to use RDS Oracle as the database.

Which backup architecture will meet these requirements?

- **A. Backup RDS using automated daily DB backups.**
Backup the EC2 Instances using AMIs, and supplement with file-level backup to S3 using traditional enterprise backup software to provide file level restore.
- B. Backup RDS using a Multi-AZ Deployment.
Backup the EC2 instances using AMIs, and supplement by copying filesystem data to S3 to provide file level restore.
- C. Backup RDS database to S3 using Oracle RMAN.
Backup the EC2 instances using AMIs, and supplement with EBS snapshots for individual volume restore.
- D. Backup RDS using automated daily DB backups.
Backup the EC2 instances using EBS snapshots, and supplement with file-level backups to Amazon Glacier using traditional enterprise backup software to provide file level restore.

正解: A

解説:

You need to use enterprise backup software to provide file level restore. See

https://d0.awsstatic.com/whitepapers/Backup_and_Recovery_Approaches_Using_AWS.pdf Page 18:

If your existing backup software does not natively support the AWS cloud, you can use AWS storage gateway products. AWS Storage Gateway is a virtual appliance that provides seamless and secure integration between your data center and the AWS storage infrastructure.

質問 # 89

A company hosts a web application that runs on a group of Amazon EC2 instances that are behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB) in a VPC. The company wants to analyze the network payloads to reverse-engineer a sophisticated attack of the application. Which approach should the company take to achieve this goal?

- **A. Enable VPC Flow Logs. Store the flow logs in an Amazon S3 bucket for analysis.**
- B. Enable Traffic Mirroring on the network interface of the EC2 instances. Send the mirrored traffic to a target for storage and analysis.
- C. Enable logging for the ALB. Store the logs in an Amazon S3 bucket for analysis.
- D. Create an AWS WAF web ACL, and associate it with the ALB. Configure AWS WAF logging.

正解: A

質問 # 90

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