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RedHat EX200, also known as the Red Hat Certified System Administrator (RHCSA) certification exam, is a highly respected and sought-after certification for Linux system administrators. Red Hat is one of the leading providers of open-source software solutions, and their certification program is designed to validate the technical skills and knowledge of IT professionals working with Red Hat technologies.

Red Hat Certified System Administrator (RHCSA) Exam Overview

The performance-based EX200 exam is based on Red Hat® Enterprise Linux® 8.2 and assesses the candidate's skills in system administration for various environments and deployment scenarios across all Red Hat products. If your ambition is to become a Red Hat Certified System Administrator, the three-hour-long exam is what it takes. Besides, the vendor suggests that EX200 is a must-have before you enroll in the Red Hat Linux Automation with Ansible (RH294) or decide to take the Red Hat Certified Engineer (RHCE) exam (EX294). For those interested in obtaining a role over and beyond RHCSA, this important exam will become a step to Red Hat Certified Architect, which is the highest certification level.

EX200 lasts for 180 minutes and costs \$400 or 2 Training Units. You will not be allowed to use the Internet, bring books, notebooks, or any electronic documentation. When it comes to scores, neither examiners nor training partners have the right to report results to the candidates. The official score is exclusively delivered by Red Hat Certification Central, and this process usually takes up to 3 business days.

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The RHCSA certification is a prerequisite for many advanced-level certifications offered by Red Hat, including Red Hat Certified Engineer (RHCE) and Red Hat Certified Architect (RHCA). Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA certification is highly valued by employers, and it can help professionals advance their careers in the field of Linux system administration. Overall, the RHCSA certification is an excellent way for professionals to demonstrate their skills and knowledge in managing Red Hat Enterprise Linux systems.

RedHat Red Hat Certified System Administrator - RHCSA Sample Questions (Q67-Q72):

NEW QUESTION # 67

The firewall must be open.

Answer:

Explanation:

see explanation below.

Explanation

```
/etc/init.d/iptables start
```

```
iptables -F
```

```
iptables -X
```

```
iptables -Z
```

```
/etc/init.d/iptables save
```

```
chkconfig iptables on
```

NEW QUESTION # 68

Configure Container as a Service

As the user "wallah," configure a systemd service for the container:

- Container name: ascii2pdf

- Use the image named pdf created earlier.

- Service name: container-ascii2pdf

- Automatically start the service on system reboot without manual intervention.

- Configure the service to automatically mount /opt/file to /dir1 and /opt/progress to /dir2 in the container upon startup.

Answer:

Explanation:

Solution:

Note: Perform the following operations by SSHing into localhost as the user "wallah"

```
[root@node1 ~]# ssh wallah@localhost
```

```
# Prepare the relevant mapping directories
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ sudo mkdir /opt/{file,progress}
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ sudo chown wallah:wallah /opt/{file,progress}
```

```
# Start the container and map directories
```

```
# -Z changes the SELinux security context of the directory to allow container access.
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman run -d --name ascii2pdf -v /opt/file:/dir1:Z -v /opt/progress:/dir2:Z pdf
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman ps -a
```

```
# Create systemd service file
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ mkdir -p ~/.config/systemd/user
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ cd ~/.config/systemd/user/
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman generate systemd -n ascii2pdf -f --new
```

```
[wallah@node1 user]$ ll
```

```
total 4
```

```
-rw-r--r--. 1 wallah wallah 770 Dec 13 01:07 container-ascii2pdf.service
```

```
# Stop and remove the existing ascii2pdf container
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman stop ascii2pdf
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman rm ascii2pdf
```

```
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman ps -a
```

```

# Enable and start the container-ascii2pdf service
[wallah@node1 ~]$ systemctl --user daemon-reload
[wallah@node1 ~]$ systemctl --user enable --now container-ascii2pdf
# Check container status
[wallah@node1 ~]$ systemctl --user status container-ascii2pdf
[wallah@node1 ~]$ podman ps
# On node1, switch to the root user to perform the following operations
# Ensure that the services for the wallah user start automatically at system boot
[root@node1 ~]# loginctl enable-linger
[root@node1 ~]# loginctl show-user wallah
# Check to ensure the container starts on boot (mandatory operation)
[root@node1 ~]# reboot
[root@node1 ~]# ssh wallah@node1
[wallah@node1 ~]# podman ps

```

NEW QUESTION # 69

There is a local logical volumes in your system, named with common and belong to VGSRV volume group, mount to the /common directory. The definition of size is 128 MB.

Requirement:

Extend the logical volume to 190 MB without any loss of data

a. The size is allowed between 160-160 MB after extending.

Answer:

Explanation:

```
lvextend -L 190M /dev/mapper/vgsrv-common resize2fs /dev/mapper/vgsrv-common
```

NEW QUESTION # 70

SIMULATION

Create a logical volume

Create a new logical volume as required:

Name the logical volume as database, belongs to datastore of the volume group, size is 50 PE.

Expansion size of each volume in volume group datastore is 16MB.

Use ext3 to format this new logical volume, this logical volume should automatically mount to /mnt/ database

Answer:

Explanation:

See explanation below.

Explanation/Reference:

```

Explanation: fdisk -cu /dev/vda// Create a 1G partition, modified when needed partx -a /dev/vda pvcreate /dev/vdax vgcreate
datastore /dev/vdax -s 16M lvcreate -l 50 -n database datastore mkfs.ext3 /dev/datastore/database mkdir /mnt/database mount
/dev/datastore/database /mnt/database/ df -Th vi /etc/fstab
/dev/datastore /database /mnt/database/ ext3 defaults 0 0 mount -a
Restart and check all the questions requirements.

```

NEW QUESTION # 71

Configure a task: plan to run echo "file" command at 14:23 every day.

Answer:

Explanation:

Answer see in the explanation.

Explanation/Reference:

(a) Created as administrator

```
# crontab -u natasha -e
```

```
23 14 * * * /bin/echo "file"
```

