

Fire-Inspector-II題庫最新資訊 & Fire-Inspector-II試題



Fast2test 考題大師的擬真試題覆蓋了真實的考試真題，已經成為考生通過 International Code Council Fire-Inspector-II 考試的首選學習資料。Fire-Inspector-II 考試主要用於具有較高水準的實施顧問能力，獲取證書，以確保考生有一個堅實的專業基礎知識，有利於他們將此能力企業專業化。準備 International Code Council 的 Fire-Inspector-II 考試的考生，需要熟練了解我們的擬真試題，快速完成測試，就能順利通過考試。

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>> Fire-Inspector-II題庫最新資訊 <<

Fire-Inspector-II試題 & Fire-Inspector-II最新題庫資源

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最新的 Fire Inspector Fire-Inspector-II 免費考試真題 (Q41-Q46):

問題 #41

What is the maximum travel distance to an exit from within a tent?

- A. 100 ft.
- **B. 150 ft.**
- C. 75 ft.
- D. Any distance approved by the chief

答案: B

解題說明：

The maximum travel distance to an exit from within a tent is regulated under the 2021 International Fire Code (IFC), Section 3103.12.2 - Means of Egress (Tents and Membrane Structures).

IFC Section 3103.12.2 - Travel Distance:

"The maximum travel distance to an exit shall not exceed 150 feet (45,720 mm)." Why Other Options Are Incorrect?

A). 75 ft. - This limit does not apply to tents; the correct limit is 150 ft.

B). 100 ft. - Too restrictive; the IFC allows up to 150 ft.

D). Any distance approved by the chief. - The fire code does not allow unlimited travel distances; 150 feet is the maximum permitted by code.

Correct answer: C. 150 ft.

問題 #42

A required standpipe shall be installed when the progress of construction above the lowest level of fire department access reaches a maximum of ___ ft.

- A. 0
- **B. 1**
- C. 2
- D. 3

答案： B

解題說明：

1. Standpipe Requirements in Construction

According to International Fire Code (IFC) 2021, Section 3313.1, a temporary standpipe must be installed when construction progresses above 75 feet from the lowest level of fire department access.

This ensures firefighters have adequate water supply access during high-rise construction.

2. Why the 75-Foot Requirement?

Buildings exceeding 75 feet are classified as high-rise structures, where fire department hose streams may not reach upper levels efficiently.

A standpipe system provides a reliable water source for fire suppression during construction, reducing fire risk.

3. Verification of Other Options

Option A (30 feet) - Incorrect, as standpipes are not required at this height under IFC regulations.

Option B (40 feet) - Incorrect, as this is below the high-rise threshold and does not require standpipes yet.

Option C (55 feet) - Incorrect, as IFC specifically mandates standpipes at 75 feet, not 55 feet.

Reference Sources:

International Fire Code (IFC) 2021 - Section 3313.1 (Temporary Standpipe Requirements for Construction) NFPA 14: Standard for the Installation of Standpipes and Hose Systems ICC Fire Inspector II Study Guide (2021) Thus, the correct and verified answer is: D. 75 feet. #

問題 #43

The use of listed portable unvented oil-burning heating appliances is prohibited in which of the following occupancies?

- A. Groups A and B occupancies
- B. Groups B and F occupancies
- C. Groups R-3, M, S-1, and S-2 occupancies
- **D. Groups A, E, I, R-1, R-2, R-3, and R-4 occupancies**

答案： D

解題說明：

Restrictions on Portable Unvented Oil-Burning Heaters

According to the International Fire Code (IFC) 2021, Section 603.4, the use of listed portable unvented oil-burning heating appliances is prohibited in certain occupancies where fire and life safety risks are higher.

The prohibited occupancies include:

Group A (Assembly) - Includes theaters, churches, stadiums, etc.

Group E (Educational) - Includes schools, daycares, etc.

Group I (Institutional) - Includes hospitals, nursing homes, jails, etc.

Group R-1, R-2, R-3, R-4 (Residential Occupancies) - Includes hotels, apartments, assisted living, and residential care facilities.

2. Why These Occupancies Are Prohibited

Portable unvented oil-burning heaters pose a significant fire hazard and can produce harmful gases such as carbon monoxide. In high-occupancy and residential buildings, improper use or malfunction of these heaters could lead to fatal fire or health hazards. Ventilation concerns in institutional and assembly settings make these heaters particularly dangerous.

3. Verification of Other Options

Option A (Groups A and B occupancies) - Incorrect, as Group B (Business) is not explicitly prohibited from using these heaters.

Option B (Groups B and F occupancies) - Incorrect, as Group F (Factory/Industrial) is not listed under IFC 603.4 as a prohibited occupancy.

Option C (Groups R-3, M, S-1, and S-2 occupancies) - Incorrect, as M (Mercantile) and S (Storage) occupancies are not listed as restricted areas.

Reference Sources:

International Fire Code (IFC) 2021 - Section 603.4 (Portable Unvented Oil-Burning Heating Appliances) NFPA 1: Fire Code (Portable Heater Use Restrictions in Various Occupancies)

問題 #44

In a control area where flammable liquid storage containers are in piles, there shall be a minimum of ___ in. of clearance between the top of the storage and the deflector or discharge orifices of a sprinkler system.

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

答案： A

解題說明：

Clearance Requirement for Sprinkler Systems Over Flammable Liquid Storage According to International Fire Code (IFC) 2021, Section 5004.6 and NFPA 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code, Section 16.5.1, there must be a minimum of 18 inches of clearance between the top of flammable liquid storage and the deflector or discharge orifices of a sprinkler system. This ensures unobstructed sprinkler discharge for effective fire suppression.

2. Why 18 Inches is the Correct Answer

The 18-inch clearance allows sprinklers to operate properly, ensuring water distribution is not blocked by stored materials.

NFPA 13 also mandates an 18-inch minimum clearance for standard storage applications with sprinklers.

3. Verification of Other Options

Option B (24 inches) - Incorrect, as the IFC and NFPA specify 18 inches as the minimum requirement.

Option C (30 inches) - Incorrect, as this exceeds the required minimum clearance.

Option D (36 inches) - Incorrect, as the IFC and NFPA do not require this much clearance.

Reference Sources:

International Fire Code (IFC) 2021 - Section 5004.6 (Sprinkler Clearance Over Flammable Liquid Storage) NFPA 30: Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code - Section 16.5.1 NFPA 13: Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems - Minimum Clearance Requirements ICC Fire Inspector II Study Guide (2021) Thus, the correct and verified answer is: A. 18 inches. #

問題 #45

Given: In automobile refinishing spray booths where drying by heat is done in the spray booth, the spray booth shall be equipped with interlocks between the spraying and drying apparatus and the ventilating system.

These interlocks shall be arranged to purge the spray vapors from the spray booth for a minimum period of ___ minutes before the drying apparatus can be operated.

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

答案： A

解題說明：

In automobile refinishing spray booths where drying by heat occurs inside the same spray booth, fire codes require interlocks to prevent ignition hazards.

Before activating the drying apparatus, the ventilation system must purge the booth of spray vapors for at least

5 minutes to remove flammable concentrations.

Reference to Fire Inspector Documentation:

1. 2021 International Fire Code (IFC) - Section 2404.7.3 (Drying Operations in Spray Booths) IFC 2404.7.3 mandates that spray booths must have interlocks to purge vapors for a minimum of 5 minutes before activating the drying process.

This ensures that flammable vapors are removed before heat sources operate, reducing fire risks.

2. NFPA 33 - Standard for Spray Application Using Flammable or Combustible Materials (2021 Edition) - Section 15.4.6 NFPA 33, Section 15.4.6 confirms the requirement for a 5-minute ventilation purge cycle before heat drying.

Detailed Explanation of Answer Choices:

Option A (Incorrect): 2 minutes is insufficient for adequate vapor removal.

Option B (Incorrect): 3 minutes does not meet the minimum safety requirement.

Option C (Incorrect): 4 minutes is slightly below the code-mandated requirement.

Option D (Correct): 5 minutes is the minimum required purge time per IFC 2404.7.3 and NFPA 33.

Thus, the correct and verified answer is: D. 5.

問題 #46

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