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CheckPoint 156-587 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Advanced Troubleshooting with Logs and Events: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Security Administrators and covers the analysis of logs and events for troubleshooting. Candidates will learn how to interpret log data to identify issues and security threats effectively.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Advanced Access Control Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators in demonstrating expertise in troubleshooting access control mechanisms. It involves understanding user permissions and resolving authentication issues.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Management Server Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators and focuses on troubleshooting management servers. It emphasizes understanding server architecture and diagnosing problems related to server performance and connectivity.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Gateway Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Network Security Engineers and addresses troubleshooting techniques specific to gateways. It includes methods for diagnosing connectivity issues and optimizing gateway performance.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction to Advanced Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point Network Security Engineers and covers the foundational concepts of advanced troubleshooting techniques. It introduces candidates to various methodologies and approaches used to identify and resolve complex issues in network environments.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Site-to-Site VPN Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Check Point System Administrators and covers troubleshooting site-to-site VPN connections.

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CheckPoint Check Point Certified Troubleshooting Expert - R81.20 Sample Questions (Q45-Q50):

NEW QUESTION # 45

What are the main components of Check Point's Security Management architecture?

- A. Management server. Security Gateway. Multi-Domain Server. SmartEvent Server
- B. Management server, management database, log server, automation server**
- C. Management server, Log server, Gateway server. Security server
- D. Management server. Log Server, LDAP Server, Web Server

Answer: B

Explanation:

The main components of Check Point's Security Management architecture are1:

- * Management server: This is the central component that manages the security policy, configuration, and licenses for the Security Gateways and other Check Point devices. It also provides the SmartConsole interface for the administrators to manage the security environment.
 - * Management database: This is the database that stores the security policy, configuration, and objects for the Security Management Server. It also stores the logs and events from the Security Gateways and other Check Point devices.
 - * Log server: This is the component that receives and stores the logs and events from the Security Gateways and other Check Point devices. It also provides the SmartLog and SmartEvent interfaces for the administrators to view, analyze, and manage the logs and events.
 - * Automation server: This is the component that provides the REST API and the CLI for the administrators to automate and script the security management tasks.
- 1: (CCTE) - Check Point Software

NEW QUESTION # 46

What is the benefit of fw ctl debug over fw ctl zdebug?

- A. It allows you to debug multiple modules at the same time**

- B. There is no difference Both are used for debugging kernel
- C. You don't need timestamps
- D. You only need 1MB buffer

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 47

For Identity Awareness, what is the PDP process?

- **A. Identity server**
- B. Log Sifter
- C. UserAuth Database
- D. Captive Portal Service

Answer: A

Explanation:

The PDP process is the Identity server, which is a component of the Identity Awareness blade on the Security Gateway. The PDP process is responsible for collecting and managing identity information from various sources, such as Active Directory, Identity Agents, Captive Portal, Terminal Servers, and RADIUS. The PDP process also communicates with the PEP process, which is the Policy Enforcement Point, to enforce identity-based policies on the traffic passing through the Security Gateway. The other options, such as Log Sifter, Captive Portal Service, and UserAuth Database, are either not related to Identity Awareness or not processes, but rather files or services. References: 1: sk93046: Identity Awareness - How to Configure

NEW QUESTION # 48

Where will the usermode core files located?

- **A. \$CPDIR/var/log/dump/usermode**
- B. /var/log/dump/usermode
- C. /var/suroot
- D. \$FWDIRVar/log/dump/usermode

Answer: A

Explanation:

Usermode core files are generated when a user mode process crashes. They are located in the \$CPDIR/var/log/dump/usermode directory on the Security Gateway or Security Management server. The core files can be used to analyze the cause of the crash and troubleshoot the issue. The core files are named according to the process name, date, and time of the crash. For example, cpd_2023_02_03_16_40_55.core is a core file for the cpd process that crashed on February 3, 2023 at 16:40:55

NEW QUESTION # 49

You need to run a kernel debug over a longer period of time as the problem occurs only once or twice a week. Therefore, you need to add a timestamp to the kernel debug and write the output to a file but you can't afford to fill up all the remaining disk space and you only have 10 GB free for saving the debugs. What is the correct syntax for this?

- **A. fw ctl kdebug -T -f -m 10 -s 1000000 -o debugfilename**
- B. fw ctl kdebug -T -m 10 -s 1000000 -o debugfilename
- C. fw ctl debug -T -f -m 10 -s 1000000 -o debugfilename
- D. fw ctl kdebug -T -f -m 10 -s 1000000 > debugfilename

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 50

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