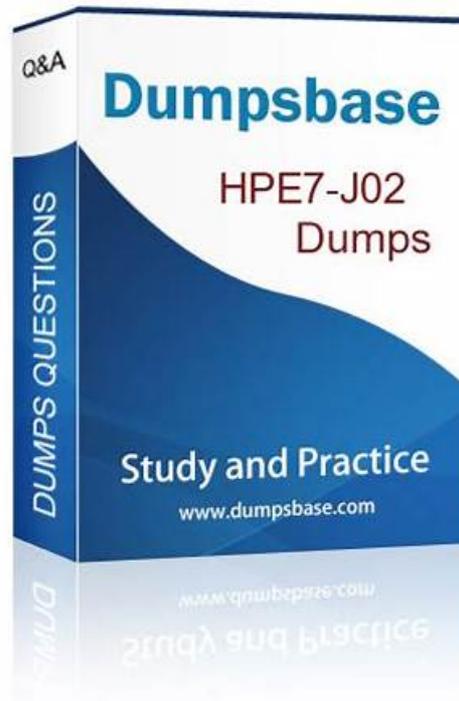


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HP HPE7-J02 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Storage Access and Data Protection: This part of the exam tests the expertise of Infrastructure Engineers in configuring storage access, provisioning capacity, and applying replication policies. It also covers disaster recovery validation and role-based access control to secure storage operations.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">HPE Storage Portfolio and Strategy: This domain measures the knowledge of Solution Advisors in positioning HPE's Storage portfolio within enterprise infrastructure. Candidates must understand HPE Storage hardware, procurement options, available tools, and the overarching storage strategy, including its relevance to enterprise-scale solutions.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Storage Transport in Multi-Site Solutions: This section evaluates the skills of Storage Architects in describing and applying transport technologies within multi-site solutions. It involves distinguishing between SAN topologies, analyzing transport components, and recommending advanced data protection methods to ensure reliability across enterprise environments.

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Planning and Validating Storage Solutions: This section assesses the role of Storage Consultants in evaluating complex, multi-vendor environments. Candidates will demonstrate their ability to plan, size, and validate storage solutions tailored for enterprise workloads, ensuring proposals meet customer requirements effectively.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Optimizing the Customer's Environment: This domain evaluates the skills of Optimization Specialists in identifying opportunities for improvement. Candidates will design and validate optimization plans that enhance customer environments, ensuring measurable performance and efficiency gains.

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Dumps HPE7-J02 Vce - HP Advanced HPE Storage Integrator Solutions Written Exam Realistic Dumps Vce Pass Guaranteed

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HP Advanced HPE Storage Integrator Solutions Written Exam Sample Questions (Q50-Q55):

NEW QUESTION # 50

A junior engineer doing their first assessment makes the comment that all assessments are basically done "entirely by the assessment tool" and all they must do is start the process in the HPE website.

You caution them that some assessment tools require a manual email by the engineer to HPE to really start the process.

Which type of assessments require an email?

- A. CloudPhysics
- **B. SAF**
- C. Non-HPE
- D. Backup

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

The SAF (Storage Assessment Framework) requires engineers to manually email the collected assessment data to HPE for processing. This is different from fully automated tools like CloudPhysics or Backup assessments that integrate directly with portals. This distinction is important for new engineers performing customer assessments.

Distractors:

A: Backup assessments are usually tool-driven (StoreOnce, RMC, etc.) and automated.

C: Non-HPE assessments are outside scope and not part of HPE standard process.

D: CloudPhysics is fully automated and cloud-based - no manual email required.

Key Concept: SAF = requires manual email submission to HPE.

Reference: HPE Internal Assessment and Sizing Tools Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 51

Your customer is using 2 HPE StoreOnce appliances across 2 sites with replication enabled for disaster recovery. They are concerned about the fact that the StoreOnce administrators have full access to the systems, which allows them to delete backup

copies on these systems.

What needs to be used to address the concern of your customer?

- A. Data at rest encryption
- B. Resource restriction policies
- **C. Dual Authorization**
- D. Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)

Answer: C

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

HPE StoreOnce Dual Authorization prevents a single administrator from deleting, expiring, or modifying backup data. Instead, any destructive action requires approval from a second administrator, mitigating insider threats and accidental deletions. This is the correct feature for immutability protection in a replicated StoreOnce environment.

Distractors:

B (CHAP): Used for iSCSI authentication, not backup immutability.

C: Encryption protects data confidentiality, not accidental deletion.

D: Resource restrictions are policy-driven but don't enforce dual control over destructive actions.

Key Concept: Dual Authorization for ransomware and insider-threat protection on StoreOnce.

Reference: HPE StoreOnce Security Features White Paper.

NEW QUESTION # 52

You need to evaluate a customer's virtual server environment to size an HCI solution based on HPE SimpliVity according to usage metrics over time. The environment consists of Dell servers and storage running VMware virtualization.

Which action can you use to gather the usage metrics of this setup?

- A. Use HPE InfoSight for SimpliVity to gather data from external compute clusters.
- **B. Import the HPE CloudPhysics Observer to the vCenter cluster to gather the analytics.**
- C. Use the HPE InfoSight Primary Storage sizing tool to calculate the competitive performance metrics.
- D. Use HPE NinjaOnline SimpliVity Sizer to gather the usage metrics of the current environment and have them imported directly into the sizer.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

For competitive or 3rd-party (non-HPE) environments like Dell + VMware, HPE CloudPhysics is the correct tool. The Observer VM is deployed into vCenter to gather real-world workload metrics (CPU, memory, storage I/O). These analytics can then be used for SimpliVity HCI sizing.

Distractors:

A: NinjaOnline SimpliVity Sizer requires input metrics, but it cannot directly collect from 3rd-party environments.

B: InfoSight sizing applies to HPE arrays, not competitive storage.

D: InfoSight for SimpliVity only monitors existing HPE SimpliVity clusters.

Key Concept: CloudPhysics Observer # gathers competitive workload metrics # feeds into SimpliVity sizing.

Reference: HPE CloudPhysics for HCI Sizing.

NEW QUESTION # 53

Datastore02:

Properties Paths Partition Details

ENABLE DISABLE

Runtime Name	Status	Target	Name
vmhba1 CO T1 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0c	vmhba1 CO T1 L22
vmhba1 CO T2 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 10	vmhba1 CO T2 L22
vmhba0 CO T1 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0b	vmhba0 CO T1 L22
vmhba0 CO T2 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0f	vmhba0 CO T2 L22
vmhba1 CO T0 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 08	vmhba1 CO T0 L22
vmhba0 CO T0 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 07	vmhba0 CO T0 L22
vmhba1 CO T3 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 04	vmhba1 CO T3 L22
vmhba0 CO T3 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 03	vmhba0 CO T3 L22

You are analyzing a customer environment with two Alletra 6000 arrays in a VMware stretched cluster. Application latency differs slightly depending on whether the VM is on Datastore01 or Datastore02.

Datastore02:

Properties Paths Partition Details

ENABLE DISABLE

Runtime Name	Status	Target	Name
vmhba1 CO T1 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0c	vmhba1 CO T1 L22
vmhba1 CO T2 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 10	vmhba1 CO T2 L22
vmhba0 CO T1 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0b	vmhba0 CO T1 L22
vmhba0 CO T2 L22	Active (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 0f	vmhba0 CO T2 L22
vmhba1 CO T0 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 08	vmhba1 CO T0 L22
vmhba0 CO T0 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 07	vmhba0 CO T0 L22
vmhba1 CO T3 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 04	vmhba1 CO T3 L22
vmhba0 CO T3 L22	Standby (I/O)	56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 00 56 c9 ce 90 bc 21 89 03	vmhba0 CO T3 L22

Question: Based on this scenario, what would you recommend to equalize latency for the workload?

- A. Issue pinning option for Datastore02 for lower latency.
- B. Relocate the workload on Datastore02 to a volume collection shared with Datastore01.**
- C. Issue handover to the volume collection hosting Datastore01.
- D. Relocate the workload on Datastore01 to a volume collection shared with Datastore02.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 54

A pool of Microsoft SQL servers started to use the Alletra 6000 family array six months ago. The data growth has been higher than expected, and the performance of the databases is facing some latency issues.

Which method would allow both capacity and performance to grow when expanding the array, while keeping the management simple?

- A. By including more NIC cards to load balance host traffic.
- B. By adding more arrays and capacity to a single scale-out group.**
- C. By selecting more flash to cache ratio on the expansion shelves.
- D. By initially selecting the timeless storage option for the array.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

HPE Alletra 6000 is a scale-out architecture array. Adding more arrays to a single scale-out group increases both performance (IOPS, throughput) and capacity, while maintaining single-pane management via HPE Data Services Cloud Console. This is the most efficient way to address both capacity growth and latency reduction for SQL workloads.

Distractors:

B: Adding NICs may help with throughput but not backend latency or capacity scaling.

C: Flash-to-cache ratios can optimize read caching but don't fundamentally increase system-wide performance.

D: Timeless storage is a procurement/licensing option, not a performance/capacity scaling method.

Key Concept: Alletra 6000 scale-out clustering for balanced growth of capacity and performance.

Reference: HPE Alletra 6000 Technical Architecture Guide.

