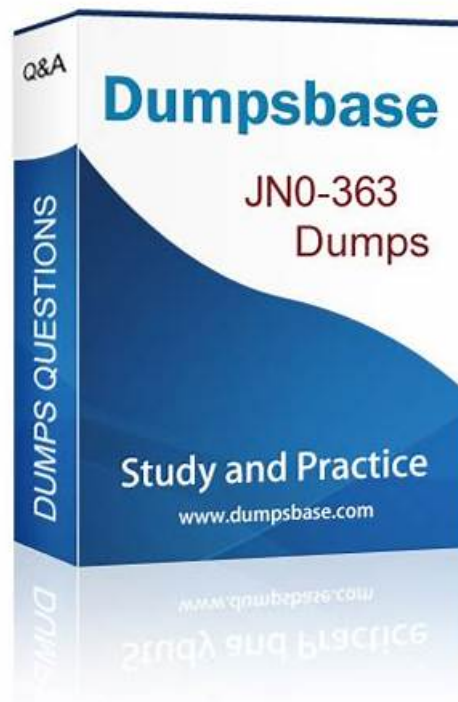


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Juniper Service Provider Routing and Switching, Specialist (JNCIS-SP) Sample Questions (Q14-Q19):

NEW QUESTION # 14

Exhibit.



```
[edit routing-options]
user@router# show
aggregate {
  route 172.21.0.0/22;
}

[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route protocol aggregate

inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)

[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route hidden

inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

172.21.0.0/22    [Aggregate] 00:12:09
                  Reject

inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
```

Referring to the exhibit, you have configured an aggregate route that represents the 172.21.0.0/24, 172.21.1.0/24, and 172.21.2.0/24 networks. However, when you view the routing table, your new route is hidden.

Which action would you perform to determine the problem?

- A. Verify that you have defined a metric value for the aggregate route.
- B. Verify that you have configured a policy on the device to accept aggregate routes.
- C. Verify that you have set the preference to a lower default value.
- D. Verify that you have active contributing routes on the device.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 15

What are three types of interfaces that can be used in an MX Series device when implementing a virtual switch routing instance? (Choose three.)

- A. Logical tunnel interface
- B. Access interface
- C. Layer 2 logical interface
- D. GRE tunnel interface
- E. Trunk interface

Answer: B,C,E

NEW QUESTION # 16

Exhibit.

```
Exhibit JUNIPER NETWORKS
[edit routing-options]
user@router# show
aggregate {
  route 172.21.0.0/22;
}

[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route protocol aggregate

inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
-----
[edit routing-options]
user@router# run show route hidden

inet.0: 21 destinations, 21 routes (20 active, 0 holddown, 1 hidden)
+ = Active Route, - = Last Active, * = Both

172.21.0.0/22      [Aggregate] 00:12:09
                   Reject

inet6.0: 10 destinations, 10 routes (10 active, 0 holddown, 0 hidden)
```

Referring to the exhibit, you have configured an aggregate route that represents the 172.21.0.0/24, 172.21.1.0/24, and 172.21.2.0/24 networks. However, when you view the routing table, your new route is hidden. Which action would you perform to determine the problem?

- A. Verify that you have defined a metric value for the aggregate route.
- B. Verify that you have configured a policy on the device to accept aggregate routes.
- **C. Verify that you have set the preference to a lower default value.**
- D. Verify that you have active contributing routes on the device.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The exhibit shows an aggregate route configuration for the network 172.21.0.0/22, which would summarize the specific networks 172.21.0.0/24, 172.21.1.0/24, and 172.21.2.0/24. For an aggregate route to be active, it must have contributing routes in the routing table. If the route is hidden, it usually means there are no contributing routes that are active or the policy applied to the aggregate does not match any of the specific routes. Therefore, the first step in troubleshooting would be to verify that there are indeed active contributing routes for the aggregate to be valid.

Reference:

Juniper documentation on routing policies and aggregates: Junos OS Routing Policies, Firewall Filters, and Traffic Policers User Guide

NEW QUESTION # 17

You have been asked to provision a service provider's network to accommodate Layer 3 VPNs as defined in RFC 4364. Which three tasks must be performed before the provider network is ready to carry VPN traffic? (Choose three.)

- A. All Juniper Networks PE routers must be configured with a routing-instance of type forwarding.
- **B. All Juniper Networks PE routers must be configured with a routing-instance of type vrf.**
- **C. All Juniper Networks PE routers must be configured with a routing-instance containing the CE-facing interface.**
- D. All Juniper Networks PE routers must be configured with an appropriate router-ID unique to the VPN.
- **E. All Juniper Networks PE routers must be configured with an appropriate route-target unique to the VPN.**

Answer: B,C,E

When would you use the qualified-next-hop statement with a static route?

- Answer: D**

<https://www.juniper.net/documentation/us/en/software/junos/static-routing/topics/topic-map/static-route-prefer-qualified-next-hop.html> Qualified next hops allow you to associate one or more properties with a particular next-hop address. You can set an overall preference for a particular static route and then specify a different preference for the qualified next hop. For example, suppose two next-hop addresses (10.10.10.10 and 10.10.10.7) are associated with the static route 192.168.47.5/32. A general preference is assigned to the entire static route, and then a different preference is assigned to only the qualified next- hop address 10.10.10.7.

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