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Palo Alto Networks Cloud Security Professional Sample Questions (Q125-Q130):

NEW QUESTION # 125

You have onboarded a public cloud account into Prisma Cloud Enterprise. Configuration Resource ingestion is visible in the Asset Inventory for the onboarded account, but no alerts are being generated for the configuration assets in the account. Config policies are enabled in the Prisma Cloud Enterprise tenant, with those policies associated to existing alert rules. ROL statements on the investigate matching those policies return config resource results successfully. Why are no alerts being generated?

- A. The public cloud account is not associated with an alert notification.
- **B. The public cloud account is not associated with an alert rule.**
- C. The public cloud account does not access to configuration resources.
- D. The public cloud account does not have audit trail ingestion enabled.

Answer: B

Explanation:

In Prisma Cloud Enterprise, for alerts to be generated for configuration assets in an onboarded public cloud account, it is essential

that the account is associated with an alert rule that matches the enabled config policies.

If the account is not linked to an alert rule or if the existing alert rules do not match the config policies, no alerts will be generated even though configuration resource ingestion is visible, and RQL statements return config resource results. This requirement emphasizes the need for a well-structured alerting mechanism to ensure that security incidents are promptly identified and addressed.

NEW QUESTION # 126

Where can a user submit an external new feature request?

- A. Support Portal
- B. Help Center
- C. Aha
- D. Feature Request

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://prismacloud.ideas.aha.io/ideas>

To submit an external new feature request for Prisma Cloud, users can utilize the Aha platform. By accessing the Palo Alto Networks Aha portal, users can submit their feature requests, suggest enhancements, and contribute to shaping the future of Prisma Cloud. Aha provides a structured way to collect and prioritize customer feedback, ensuring that valuable insights reach the product development teams.

For those seeking to propose new features or improvements, visiting the Aha portal and submitting their ideas is the recommended approach. It allows users to participate in the ongoing evolution of Prisma Cloud by sharing their requirements and vision for the platform

NEW QUESTION # 127

Which component of a Kubernetes setup can approve, modify, or reject administrative requests?

- A. Control plane
- B. Terraform Controller
- C. Admission Controller
- D. Kube Controller

Answer: C

Explanation:

In a Kubernetes environment, the Admission Controller is a critical component responsible for approving, modifying, or rejecting administrative requests before they are processed by the Kubernetes API server. The Admission Controller acts as a gatekeeper, enforcing governance and policy controls by evaluating requests against a set of predefined rules and policies. It can validate and mutate requests, ensuring that only compliant and authorized changes are allowed to proceed. This capability is vital for maintaining the security and integrity of the Kubernetes cluster, as it can prevent unauthorized or potentially harmful actions from being executed, thus playing a key role in the cluster's overall security posture.

NEW QUESTION # 128

Which resources can be added in scope while creating a vulnerability policy for continuous integration?

- A. Images and containers
- B. Labels and AccountID
- C. Images and labels
- D. Images and cluster

Answer: A

Explanation:

When creating a vulnerability policy for continuous integration within Prisma Cloud, the scope of the policy can include specific resources that are critical to the CI/CD pipeline, such as images and containers. These resources are central to the development and deployment processes in containerized environments. By focusing on images and containers, the policy can effectively identify and address vulnerabilities that might be present in container images before they are deployed or in running containers, thereby enhancing

the security of the continuous integration and deployment pipeline. This approach ensures that only secure, compliant container images are used in production, reducing the risk of vulnerabilities being exploited.

NEW QUESTION # 129

Which two bot types are part of Web Application and API Security (WAAS) bot protection? (Choose two.)

- A. Chat bots
- B. Customer bots
- C. Unknown bots
- D. User-defined bots

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Web Application and API Security (WAAS) bot protection within the Prisma Cloud ecosystem includes various types of bots, with "User-defined bots" and "Unknown bots" being two key categories. User-defined bots refer to bots that organizations have explicitly identified and categorized based on their behavior and purpose. These can include legitimate bots such as search engine crawlers or internal automation tools, which are recognized and allowed based on predefined criteria set by the user.

Unknown bots, on the other hand, encompass bots that have not been explicitly identified or categorized by the user or the system. These can potentially include malicious bots that attempt to scrape data, perform DDoS attacks, or exploit vulnerabilities in web applications and APIs. The categorization of unknown bots is crucial for maintaining security, as it allows for the monitoring and analysis of bot behavior to identify potential threats and take appropriate actions.

In the context of Prisma Cloud and its emphasis on securing cloud-native applications, the differentiation between user-defined and unknown bots is significant. Prisma Cloud's approach to WAAS bot protection is designed to provide granular control over bot traffic, enabling organizations to distinguish between beneficial and harmful bot activities. This aligns with the broader goal of ensuring the security and integrity of web applications and APIs in a cloud environment, as highlighted in documents such as the "Prisma-Cloud-Visibility-and-Control-Qualification-Guide" and "Guide-to-CSPM-Tools-Email-Social-LP-Copy." These resources emphasize the importance of comprehensive security measures that include the management of bot traffic to protect against a wide range of web-based threats.

References:

"Prisma-Cloud-Visibility-and-Control-Qualification-Guide" discusses the importance of visibility and control in cloud environments, including the management of bot traffic as part of a comprehensive security strategy.

"Guide-to-CSPM-Tools-Email-Social-LP-Copy" highlights the need for advanced security tools and practices, such as WAAS bot protection, to manage and mitigate the risks associated with web applications and APIs in the cloud.

NEW QUESTION # 130

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