

# 2V0-15.25資格認定試験 & 2V0-15.25資格トレーニング



BONUS!!! GoShiken 2V0-15.25 ダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1qiECsP268GBFh9zXsHQV4CJ4T0vt5Nu>

知識ベースの経済の支配下で、私たちは変化する世界に歩調を合わせ、まともな仕事とより高い生活水準を追求して知識を更新しなければなりません。この場合、ポケットに2V0-15.25認定を取得すると、VMware競争上の優位性を完全に高めることができます。したがって、当社の2V0-15.25学習ガイドは、夢を実現するための献身に役立ちます。また、当社の2V0-15.25トレーニングガイドは、作業効率を改善し、作業をより簡単かつスムーズに行う絶好の機会です。

## VMware 2V0-15.25 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware by Broadcomソリューション: このセクションでは、最新のエンタープライズワークロードを管理するためのVMware by Broadcomの仮想化およびクラウドインフラストラクチャプラットフォームについて解説します。</li></ul>
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware by Broadcomソリューションのトラブルシューティングと最適化: このドメインでは、VCFの展開、アップグレード、変換、ワークロードドメイン、フリート運用(証明書、パスワード、ID)、ライセンス、コンピューティングリソース、ストレージ(vSAN、補助ストレージ)、ネットワーク(VDS、NSX)、VCF運用ツール、IDブローカーの自動化、およびHCXワークロードの移行に関するトラブルシューティングに焦点を当てています。</li></ul>
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware by Broadcomソリューションの計画と設計: この領域では、ビジネス要件に沿った拡張性とセキュリティの高い仮想環境を構築するためのアーキテクチャ計画と設計原則について説明します。</li></ul>
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware by Broadcomソリューションのインストール、構成、管理: このセクションでは、VCF Fleetの展開、拡張、縮小操作を含むVMwareソリューションのインストール、構成、管理について説明します。</li></ul>
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>ITアーキテクチャ、テクノロジー、標準: この分野では、拡張性、セキュリティ、相互運用性を備えたエンタープライズITシステムを構築するための基本的なフレームワーク、ツール、ベストプラクティスを扱います。</li></ul>

>> 2V0-15.25資格認定試験 <<

## 2V0-15.25資格トレーニング、2V0-15.25合格率書籍

そうでなければ、時代遅れになるリスクを負います。当社の2V0-15.25認定テストは、技術スキルを向上させ、

さらに重要なこととして、厳しい労働環境で明るい未来のために戦う自信を高めるのに役立ちます。当社の専門家は、2V0-15.25学習ツールの開発に多くの時間とエネルギーを費やしています。あなたは私たちを信頼し、あなたの将来の発展において私たちをあなたの正直な協力者にすることができます。参考までに、2V0-15.25試験の利点をいくつかご紹介します。

## VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 Support 認定 2V0-15.25 試験問題 (Q30-Q35):

### 質問 # 30

An administrator needs to confirm which account initiates tasks from VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Operations. As a test, a virtual machine (VM) is powered on/off through VCF Operations.

In the vCenter task pane, what account would be the initiator of the task?

- A. The service account between vCenter and SDDC Manager.
- B. The administrator@vsphere.local account.
- C. The credentials of the logged in user.
- **D. The service account between VCF Operations and vCenter.**

正解: D

解説:

When VMware Cloud Foundation Operations performs actions on vCenter-such as powering on or off a VM-the tasks are initiated through an integration service account, not the identity of the user logged into the VCF Operations UI. VCF Operations connects to vCenter using a configured collector or integration credential, typically a service account defined during initial setup. VCF documentation clarifies that all automated or orchestrated tasks originating from VCF Operations use this trusted account to ensure consistent auditing, RBAC enforcement, and operational isolation from user identities. Therefore, in the vCenter task pane, the "Initiated By" field always reflects the VCF Operations # vCenter service account, even if the end-user triggered the action indirectly.

Option A is incorrect because the logged-in user does not directly interface with vCenter.

Option C refers to SDDC Manager's integration account, which is unrelated to VCF Operations workflows.

Option D (administrator@vsphere.local) appears only when vCenter's built-in admin performs the action.

### 質問 # 31

An administrator is responsible for managing a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) fleet. The administrator discovers intermittent performance issues with the supplemental storage (iSCSI) connected to VCF workload domain. The administrator discovers that the (iSCSI) target is reachable from most VMware ESX hosts, but some hosts consistently experience periods of slow I/O and connection drops.

Which two actions should the administrator take to diagnose and resolve this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Update the network plugin on the ESX host to the latest version.
- **B. Ensure all ESX hosts have the VMkernel port MTU set to 9000.**
- C. Review the iSCSI target's configuration to ensure it's configured for maximum performance, including enabling CHAP authentication.
- **D. Examine the iSCSI VMkernel port on all affected ESX hosts for TCP retransmissions and checksum offload errors.**
- E. Ensure all ESX hosts have the VMkernel port MTU set to 1500.

正解: B、D

解説:

To diagnose and resolve the intermittent performance and connection drop issues with the supplemental iSCSI storage, the administrator should focus on network layer consistency and health, particularly regarding packet size (MTU) and delivery (TCP).

\* Examine the iSCSI VMkernel port for TCP retransmissions (Action B - Diagnose): "Intermittent" connection drops and slow I/O are classic symptoms of packet loss or fragmentation issues. By examining the ESXi network stats (e.g., using esxtop key n or viewing vSphere performance charts) for TCP retransmissions, the administrator can confirm if packets are being dropped or lost in transit.

Checksum offload errors can also indicate issues where the NIC hardware is incorrectly validating packets, causing the OS to drop them. This step identifies the root cause (packet loss/corruption).

\* Ensure all ESX hosts have the VMkernel port MTU set to 9000 (Action E - Resolve): For high-performance storage traffic like iSCSI in a VMware Cloud Foundation environment, it is best practice to use Jumbo Frames (MTU 9000) end-to-end (Host -> Switch -> Storage Array).

\* The symptom that some hosts are affected suggests configuration drift where those specific hosts might be set to a different MTU (e.g., 1500) or are mismatched with the physical network/target (which is likely set to 9000 for performance).

\* An MTU mismatch (e.g., Target sending 9000-byte frames to a Host/Switch expecting 1500) typically results in the "Do Not Fragment" (DF) bit causing packet drops, leading to the reported connection drops and retransmission delays. Ensuring a consistent MTU of 9000 across the fleet resolves this and aligns with VCF performance standards.

Note: Option A (CHAP) is for authentication security, not performance. Option C (Update network plugin) is a lifecycle task but less likely to be the immediate fix for "some hosts" having intermittent drops compared to the common issue of MTU mismatch. Option D (MTU 1500) would resolve drops if the physical network doesn't support Jumbo Frames, but would degrade performance, making E the preferred resolution for a "performance" storage tier.

### 質問 # 32

An administrator is responsible for managing a remote VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) fleet with the following configuration:

- \* A single VCF instance with a single Workload Domain.
- \* The Workload Domain has a single VMware vSAN Express Storage Architecture (ESA) cluster.
- \* VCF is licensed using the disconnected mode.

The administrator discovers a notification in VCF Operations showing that the VCF licenses have expired. Which three steps should the administrator take to resolve the issue? (Choose three.)

- A. Use the VCF Business Services console to export a new VCF license file.
- B. Restart SDDC Lifecycle Manager Service in the VCF Operations console.
- C. Import the license file into VCF Operations and assign to the SDDC Manager.
- D. Increase the license core count in SDDC Manager.
- E. Export the usage file from VCF Operations and upload to the VCF Business Services console.
- F. Import the license file into VCF Operations and assign to the workload domain vCenter.

正解: A、C、E

解説:

In VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) 9.0 using disconnected mode licensing, VCF Operations does not automatically synchronize license status with VMware's cloud services. Instead, the administrator must periodically refresh the license file using a manual offline workflow. When the VCF Operations console reports that licenses have expired, it means the license entitlement in the VCF Business Services portal is out of date, and therefore VCF Operations cannot validate the current usage.

The VMware-documented offline licensing workflow requires the following steps:

\* Export the usage file from VCF Operations. This usage file contains consumption details needed to generate a new offline license. #C is correct.

\* Upload the usage file to the VCF Business Services console and generate a new offline license file. In disconnected mode, the Business Services portal is the only mechanism to create updated license entitlements. #D is correct.

\* Import the updated VCF license file into VCF Operations, specifically assigning it to the SDDC Manager. SDDC Manager is the system that validates and enforces licensing across workload domains, so the new license must be applied there—not only to a vCenter. #F is correct.

Options A and B do not affect license validation.

Option E is incorrect because workload-domain vCenter licensing is independent and not the root cause of VCF license expiration.

### 質問 # 33

An administrator discovers that a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) workload domain four-node vSAN cluster is experiencing a network partition. The workload domain vCenter displays a "vSAN cluster partition" warning. The performance across the cluster is degraded and the objects are showing as non-compliant.

What could be causing the network partition?

- A. IGMP snooping is disabled on the multicast group.
- B. The vSAN Witness service was added to the vMotion network.
- C. The VLAN was changed on the physical switch port.
- D. Jumbo frames are configured on the vSphere distributed switch (VDS).

正解: C

解説:

A vSAN cluster network partition occurs when vSAN nodes cannot communicate over the designated vSAN network. In VMware

Cloud Foundation workload domains, the vSAN network relies on L2 adjacency, consistent VLAN configuration, and stable multicast/BUM behavior (in older versions). VCF 9.0 uses unicast-mode vSAN, so multicast-related issues (such as IGMP snooping configuration) are no longer relevant.

A network partition can occur when the VLAN ID on the physical switch port differs from the VLAN configured on the vSphere Distributed Switch (VDS) for the vSAN VMkernel adapters. The documentation emphasizes that consistent VLAN configuration across the physical and virtual networks is required for proper vSAN cluster communication. If a switch port is reconfigured-intentionally or accidentally-to use a different VLAN, the node becomes isolated from the rest of the vSAN cluster, causing:

- \* "vSAN cluster partition" warnings in vCenter

- \* degraded performance

- \* objects marked as non-compliant

- \* resyncs that cannot complete

Option A (IGMP snooping) does not apply because modern vSAN uses unicast, not multicast.

Option C (Jumbo frames) would cause packet loss only if inconsistently configured, but it does not cause a full network partition.

Option D (vSAN Witness on vMotion) is relevant only for stretched clusters and does not cause a partition in a standard four-node cluster.

### 質問 # 34

An administrator is asked to create a second provider gateway (provider gateway 02) in VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Automation Region-A.

After launching the Create Provider Gateway workflow in the VCF Automation Provider Management Portal, no Tier-0 Gateway is available for assignment.

How would you resolve this issue?

- A. Log into the NSX Manager, create a new TO Gateway.
- B. Retry the Create Provider Gateway workflow.
- C. Create a new Region.
- D. Log into the NSX Manager, create a new Tier-1 Gateway.

正解: A

解説:

In VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0, a Provider Gateway in VCF Automation is always backed by an existing Tier-0 or Tier-0 VRF gateway in NSX. When the administrator launches the Create Provider Gateway workflow and no Tier-0 gateways appear for assignment, this indicates that VCF Automation cannot discover any valid Tier-0 gateways in the associated region.

The VMware Cloud Foundation 9.0 documentation explicitly states that before adding a Provider Gateway, an administrator must first create an Active-Standby Tier-0 Gateway in NSX Manager. The Provider Gateway workflow only lists Tier-0 gateways that already exist and are properly configured in NSX. If none are present, the list will be empty.

From the documentation: "To add a provider gateway, first you must create an Active Standby tier-0 gateway in the NSX Manager associated with the region to back it.". Provider gateways in VCF Automation are discovered from these preexisting Tier-0 gateways and cannot be created until they exist.

Creating a Tier-1 gateway (Option B) does not satisfy the requirement because Provider Gateways must map specifically to Tier-0, not Tier-1. Retrying the workflow (Option D) will not resolve the issue because the Tier-0 backing resource is missing. Creating a new region (Option A) is unnecessary unless required for other organizational reasons, and it still would not produce a Tier-0 gateway.

Therefore, the correct and verified solution is to log in to NSX Manager and create the required Tier-0 gateway, after which it will appear in the Provider Gateway creation workflow.

### 質問 # 35

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証明書は私たちの日常生活で重要です。現在、2V0-15.25試験に合格するすべての受験者に、選択可能な3つの異なるバージョンを提供しています。2V0-15.25試験問題のAPPバージョンは、オフライン状態で機能します。クイズ準備を使用する場合、最新の2V0-15.25試験トレントをいつでもどこでも使用できます。オフライン状態の2V0-15.25実践ガイドを使用して、どのようにして学習を楽しむことができますか? オフライン状態で動作するバージョンをダウンロードするだけで、初めて2V0-15.25クイズトレントのバージョンをオンラインで使用する必要がありません。

2V0-15.25資格トレーニング: <https://www.goshiken.com/VMware/2V0-15.25-mondaishu.html>

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