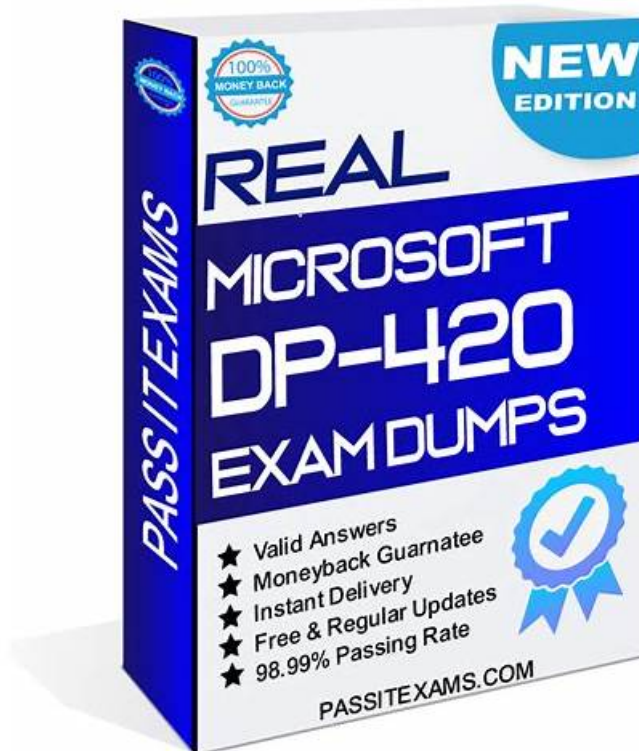


Microsoft DP-420최신덤프



참고: KoreaDumps에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 Microsoft DP-420 시험 문제집이 있습니다:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Nfp9R6W_xowDogsXvgLwLw6Ao5O_q9q

경쟁율이 심한 IT시대에 Microsoft DP-420인증시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득함으로 IT업계 관련 직종에 종사하고자 하는 분들에게는 아주 큰 가산점이 될수 있고 자신만의 위치를 보장할수 있으며 더욱이는 한층 업된 삶을 누릴 수 있을수도 있습니다. Microsoft DP-420 덤프로 Microsoft DP-420 시험에서 실패하면 덤프비용을 보상해드리기에 안심하고 시험준비하셔야 합니다.

DP-420 자격증 시험은 Azure Cosmos DB 데이터 모델링, 파티셔닝, 인덱싱 및 쿼리 등 다양한 주제에 대한 후보자의 지식을 테스트하기 위해 설계되었습니다. 또한 Azure Functions, Azure Event Hubs, Azure Stream Analytics 및 Azure Cosmos DB Change Feed와 관련된 개념도 다룹니다. 이 시험은 Azure Cosmos DB 작업 경험이 있으며 클라우드 컴퓨팅 개념과 원칙에 대해 잘 알고 있는 전문가를 대상으로 합니다.

DP-420 인증 시험은 데이터 모델링, 파티셔닝 및 스케일링, 인덱싱 및 쿼리 및 성능 튜닝을 포함하여 Azure Cosmos DB를 사용하여 클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션 설계 및 구현과 관련된 다양한 주제를 다룹니다. 성공적인 후보자들은 Azure Cosmos DB를 사용하여 대량의 데이터를 처리하고 원활한 사용자 경험을 제공 할 수있는 확장 가능하고 고도로 사용 가능한 클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션을 구축 할 수있는 능력을 보여줄 것입니다. 이 인증을 받음으로써 전문가는 잠재적 인 고용주에게 자신의 기술과 지식을 선보일 수 있으며 클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션 개발 분야에서 경력을 발전시킬 수 있습니다.

>> DP-420유효한 덤프공부 <<

시험패스에 유효한 DP-420유효한 덤프공부 최신버전 덤프데모 문제 다운

Microsoft DP-420시험은 KoreaDumps 에서 출시한Microsoft DP-420덤프로 도전하시면 됩니다. Microsoft DP-420 덤프를 완벽하게 공부하시면 시험을 한번에 패스할수 있습니다. 구매후 일년무료 업데이트 서비스를 제공해드리기에Microsoft DP-420시험문제가 변경되어도 업데이트된 덤프를 받으면 가장 최신시험에 대비할수 있습니다.

마이크로소프트 DP-420 자격증 시험을 통과함으로써, 후보자는 마이크로소프트 Azure Cosmos DB를 사용하여 클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션을 설계하고 구현하는 능력을 증명할 수 있습니다. 이 자격증 시험은 개인이 클라우드 컴퓨팅 분야에서 진로를 발전시키고 새로운 기회를 열 수 있도록 도와줍니다. 또한 이 자격증은 Cosmos DB를 사용하여 클라우드 네이티브 애플리케이션을 설계하고 구현할 수 있는 숙련된 전문가를 식별하고 고용하는 데 도움

이 될 수 있습니다.

최신 Azure Cosmos DB Developer Specialty DP-420 무료샘플문제 (Q13-Q18):

질문 # 13

You plan to create an Azure Cosmos DB container named account that will contain items in the following format.

```
{
  "id": "account-2022080712345",
  "balanceStatus": [
    {
      "balance": 1000,
      "timestamp": "2021-09-15T23:14:25.7251173Z"
    },
    {
      "balance": -10,
      "timestamp": "2021-09-11T19:16:25.1343234Z"
    },
    {
      "balance": 100,
      "timestamp": "2021-08-14T21:13:39.8121133Z"
    }
  ]
}
```

You need to define a query that will return the ids of all accounts that have ever recorded a negative value for balance.

How should you complete the query? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

```
SELECT c.id
FROM c
WHERE EXISTS(
  SELECT n
  FROM
  WHERE
)
```

c.balanceStatus
c.balanceStatus
c.balanceStatus.balance
n IN c.balanceStatus

n < 0
n < 0
n.balance
n.balanceStatus.balance

정답:

설명:

ANSWER AREA

```
SELECT c.id  
FROM c  
WHERE EXISTS(  
    SELECT n  
    FROM  
    WHERE  
)
```

c.balanceStatus	▼
c.balanceStatus	
c.balanceStatus.balance	
n IN c.balanceStatus	

n < 0	▼
n < 0	
n.balance	
n.balanceStatus.balance	

< 0

Explanation:

Answer Area

```
SELECT c.id  
FROM c  
WHERE EXISTS(  
    SELECT n  
    FROM  
    WHERE
```

c.balanceStatus	▼
-----------------	---

n < 0	▼
-------	---

< 0

질문 # 14

You have an Azure Cosmos DB Core (SQL) API account that is configured for multi-region writes. The account contains a database that has two containers named container1 and container2.

The following is a sample of a document in container1:

```
{  
  "customerId": 1234,  
  "firstName": "John",  
  "lastName": "Smith",  
  "policyYear": 2021  
}
```

The following is a sample of a document in container2:

```
{  
  "gpsId": 1234,  
  "latitude": 38.8951,  
  "longitude": -77.0364  
}
```

You need to configure conflict resolution to meet the following requirements:

For container1 you must resolve conflicts by using the highest value for policyYear.
 For container2 you must resolve conflicts by accepting the distance closest to latitude: 40.730610 and longitude: -73.935242.
 Administrative effort must be minimized to implement the solution.
 What should you configure for each container? To answer, drag the appropriate configurations to the correct containers. Each configuration may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.
 NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Configurations	Answer Area
Last Write Wins (default) mode	Container1:
Merge Procedures (custom) mode	Container2:
An application that reads from the conflicts feed	

정답:

설명:

Configurations	Answer Area
Last Write Wins (default) mode	Container1:
Merge Procedures (custom) mode	Container2:
An application that reads from the conflicts feed	

Explanation:

Configurations	Answer Area
Last Write Wins (default) mode	Container1:
Merge Procedures (custom) mode	Container2:
An application that reads from the conflicts feed	

Box 1: Last Write Wins (LWW) (default) mode

Last Write Wins (LWW): This resolution policy, by default, uses a system-defined timestamp property. It's based on the time-synchronization clock protocol.

Box 2: Merge Procedures (custom) mode

Custom: This resolution policy is designed for application-defined semantics for reconciliation of conflicts.

When you set this policy on your Azure Cosmos container, you also need to register a merge stored procedure.

This procedure is automatically invoked when conflicts are detected under a database transaction on the server. The system provides exactly once guarantee for the execution of a merge procedure as part of the commitment protocol.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/conflict-resolution-policies>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/sql/how-to-manage-conflicts>

질문 # 15

You have an app that stores data in an Azure Cosmos DB Core (SQL) API account. The app performs queries that return large result sets.

You need to return a complete result set to the app by using pagination. Each page of results must return 80 items.

Which three actions should you perform in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate actions from the list of actions to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Actions

Answer Area

Configure MaxItemCount in QueryRequestOptions

Run the query and provide a continuation token

Configure MaxBufferedItemCount in QueryRequestOptions

Append the results to a variable

Run the query and increment MaxItemCount



정답:

설명:

The screenshot shows the exam interface with the following actions in the Answer Area:

- Configure MaxItemCount in QueryRequestOptions
- Run the query and provide a continuation token
- Append the results to a variable

The remaining actions in the Actions list are:

- Configure MaxBufferedItemCount in QueryRequestOptions
- Run the query and increment MaxItemCount

Explanation:

Actions

Answer Area

The Actions list contains the following actions:

- Configure MaxBufferedItemCount in QueryRequestOptions
- Run the query and increment MaxItemCount



The Answer Area contains the following actions:

- Configure MaxItemCount in QueryRequestOptions
- Run the query and provide a continuation token
- Append the results to a variable

Step 1: Configure the MaxItemCount in QueryRequestOptions

You can specify the maximum number of items returned by a query by setting the MaxItemCount. The MaxItemCount is specified per request and tells the query engine to return that number of items or fewer.

Box 2: Run the query and provide a continuation token

In the .NET SDK and Java SDK, you can optionally use continuation tokens as a bookmark for your query's progress. Azure Cosmos DB query executions are stateless at the server side and can be resumed at any time using the continuation token.

If the query returns a continuation token, then there are additional query results.

Step 3: Append the results to a variable

Reference: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/sql/sql-query-pagination>

질문 # 16

You have a database in an Azure Cosmos DB for NoSQL account that is configured for multi-region writes.

You need to use the Azure Cosmos DB SDK to implement the conflict resolution policy for a container. The solution must ensure that any conflict sent to the conflict feed.

Solution: You set ConflictResolutionMode to Custom and you use the default settings for the policy.
Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

정답: B

설명:

Setting ConflictResolutionMode to Custom and using the default settings for the policy will not ensure that conflicts are sent to the conflict feed. You need to define a custom stored procedure using the "conflictingItems" parameter to handle conflicts properly.

질문 # 17

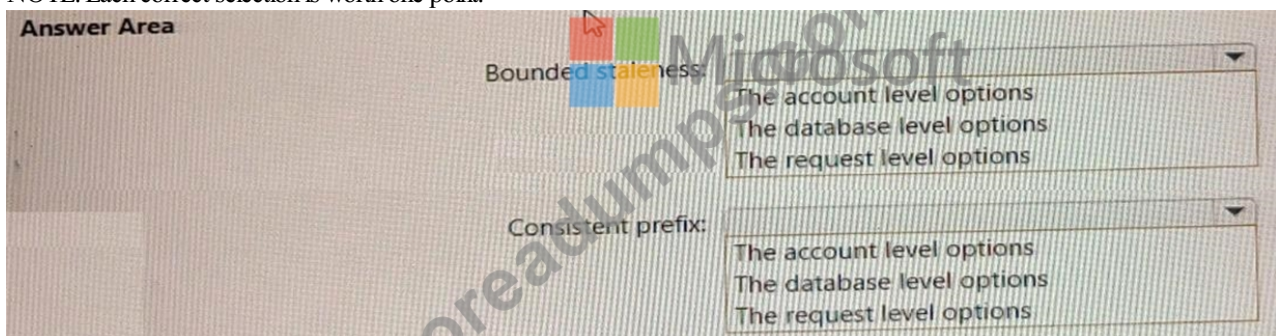
You have an Azure Cosmos DB account named account1 that has a default consistency level of session.

You have an app named App1.

You need to ensure that the read operations of App1 can request either bounded staleness or consistent prefix consistency.

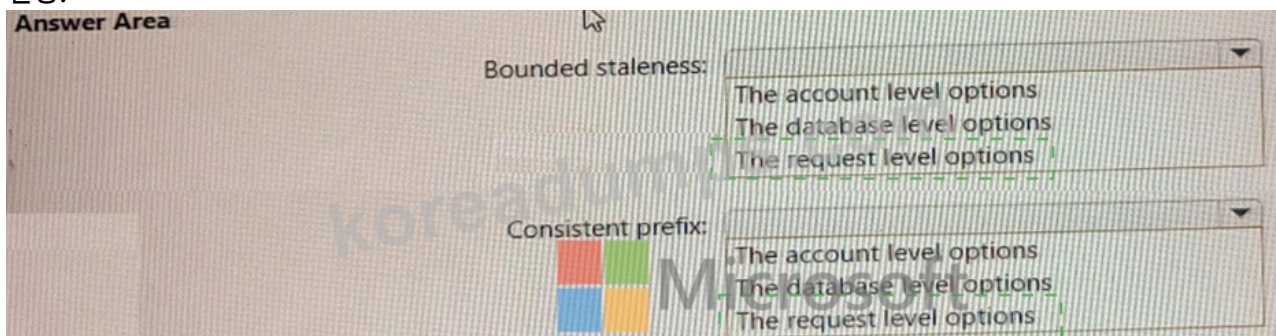
What should you modify for each consistency level? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.



정답:

설명:



Explanation

Box 1 = The request level options

Azure Cosmos DB offers five well-defined consistency levels: strong, bounded staleness, session, consistent prefix and eventual. You can configure the default consistency level on your Azure Cosmos DB account at any time². The default consistency level applies to all databases and containers under that account¹. You can also override the default consistency level for a specific request by using the request options².

Box 2 = The request level options

To modify the consistency level of a read operation in Azure Cosmos DB, you can use request-level options to override the account's default consistency setting. Therefore, to ensure that the read operations of App1 can request either consistent prefix or session consistency, you need to modify the request-level options for each operation. Reference: - <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/consistency-levels>

질문 # 18

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DP-420인증문제: https://www.koreadumps.com/DP-420_exam-braindumps.html

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