

2026 1Z0-1163-1: Realistic Oracle Fusion Cloud Applications SCM Foundations Associate - Rel 1 Reliable Exam Dumps 100% Pass Quiz



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Oracle 1Z0-1163-1 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oracle Cloud Applications and Oracle Modern Best Practice (OMBP): This section of the exam measures the skills of Cloud Application Consultants in understanding Oracle Cloud Applications and their capabilities. It covers the key offerings within the Oracle Cloud ecosystem and highlights the features of the Oracle SCM suite. Candidates will learn about data flow between the SCM OMBPs and how these processes optimize supply chain management.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OMBPs for Supply Chain Planning: This section assesses the knowledge of Supply Chain Planners in managing planning modules within Oracle SCM. It explains process flows, integration points, and how different planning modules work together. Candidates will learn about best practices for designing efficient planning workflows and key metrics used to measure supply chain responsiveness and effectiveness.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OMBPs for Order Management: This section evaluates the proficiency of Order Fulfillment Analysts in managing Oracle Cloud's order management modules. It covers the process flow and integration of different components to streamline order processing. Candidates will study key design considerations and metrics related to customer satisfaction, order fulfillment efficiency, and accuracy in managing customer demand.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> OMBPs for Manufacturing: This section measures the skills of Manufacturing Operations Managers in utilizing Oracle Cloud's manufacturing capabilities. It explains the flow of manufacturing processes, module integration, and best practices that enhance operational efficiency. Candidates will analyze metrics that assess productivity, cost control, and overall manufacturing performance.

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OMBPs for Innovation: This section evaluates the expertise of Supply Chain Innovation Analysts in leveraging SCM Innovation modules. It focuses on understanding the functionalities that drive product development and improving time-to-market. Candidates will explore key design considerations, best practices, and performance metrics that ensure faster product launches and enhanced innovation processes.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oracle Cloud Success Navigator & Oracle Cloud Quality Standards: This section evaluates the skills of Cloud Implementation Managers in leveraging Oracle Cloud Success Navigator and Quality Standards for cloud adoption. It explains how best practices are embedded into Oracle Cloud Applications and applied using Starter Configuration. Candidates will understand how to optimize cloud performance and ensure successful deployments following Oracle's quality guidelines.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • OMBPs for Logistics: This section tests the expertise of Logistics Coordinators in optimizing logistics and transportation management within Oracle Cloud Applications. It covers the process flows, best practices for logistics operations, and integration of different logistics modules. Candidates will understand performance metrics that impact supply chain visibility, efficiency, and customer satisfaction.

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Oracle Fusion Cloud Applications SCM Foundations Associate - Rel 1 Sample Questions (Q41-Q46):

NEW QUESTION # 41

What is the purpose of the Back-to-Back Order Fulfillment process in Oracle Fusion Cloud SCM?

- A. It prioritizes warehouse stock over supplier sourcing.
- **B. It links customer orders to supplier purchase orders for direct fulfillment.**
- C. It eliminates the need for supplier collaboration.
- D. It delays order fulfillment until inventory is replenished.

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Back-to-Back Order Fulfillment process (D) links customer orders directly to supplier purchase orders, enabling direct fulfillment without relying solely on existing inventory. For example, a customer orders 50 custom widgets; the system generates a PO to the supplier, who ships directly or via the warehouse, reducing stock holding. Option A is incorrect-it favors supplier sourcing when stock is unavailable. Option B is false-it accelerates, not delays, fulfillment. Option C is wrong-supplier collaboration is essential. This process cuts inventory costs, speeds delivery, and supports make-to-order models efficiently.

NEW QUESTION # 42

Which feature in Oracle Fusion Cloud Procurement allows suppliers to manage invoices and purchase orders?

- A. Contract Fulfillment Automation.
- **B. Supplier Portal.**
- C. Receipt Accounting.
- D. Intelligent Document Recognition (IDR).

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Supplier Portal (A) in Oracle Fusion Cloud Procurement allows suppliers to manage invoices and purchase orders (POs) by providing a self-service platform. Suppliers can view POs (e.g., 200 units due Friday), submit invoices, and track statuses in real time, reducing manual communication. Option B (Contract Fulfillment Automation) generates POs from contracts, not supplier management. Option C (IDR) extracts invoice data, not a supplier tool. Option D (Receipt Accounting) records receipts, not supplier interactions. For example, a supplier might invoice \$2,000 for a PO directly in the portal, speeding up payment cycles and improving transparency.

NEW QUESTION # 43

Which key metric measures the effectiveness of the Demand to Management OMBP in Oracle Fusion Cloud SCM?

- A. Forecast Accuracy, evaluates the precision of demand predictions against actual market demand.
- B. Inventory Turnover, which tracks the speed of inventory movement.
- C. Supplier Lead Time, which measures supplier response efficiency.

Answer: A

Explanation:

For the Demand to Management OMBP, Forecast Accuracy is the primary metric, as it evaluates how precisely demand predictions match actual market demand, a foundational step in effective supply chain planning. Calculated as a percentage (e.g., actual demand of 800 units versus a forecast of 850 yields 94% accuracy), it directly reflects the OMBP's ability to drive downstream processes like procurement and production. Option B (Supplier Lead Time) measures supplier performance, which affects supply execution but not demand forecasting accuracy. Option C (Inventory Turnover) tracks inventory movement efficiency, an outcome influenced by forecast accuracy, not a direct measure of the OMBP itself. Accurate forecasts prevent overproduction or shortages—for example, overestimating demand by 20% could lead to \$50,000 in excess inventory costs, underscoring the metric's importance.

NEW QUESTION # 44

What is the primary function of the Available to Promise (ATP) process in Oracle Fusion Cloud SCM?

- A. It ensures product availability commitments based on inventory and supply constraints.
- B. It guarantees immediate shipment for all orders.
- C. It eliminates the need for demand forecasting.
- D. It manages only supplier payments without impacting inventory levels.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Available to Promise (ATP) process (A) in Oracle Fusion Cloud SCM calculates the quantity of products available to commit to new customer orders by analyzing current inventory levels and supply constraints, such as production capacity, supplier lead times, and existing order commitments. For example, if a warehouse has 200 units of a product with 50 already promised, ATP indicates 150 units are available, ensuring accurate delivery promises. This real-time calculation prevents overpromising and aligns customer expectations with operational reality. Option B is incorrect-ATP does not guarantee immediate shipment but provides feasible timelines based on availability, not an unrealistic universal promise. Option C is false-demand forecasting complements ATP by informing supply planning; it doesn't eliminate it. Option D is irrelevant-supplier payments are managed by financial modules, not ATP, which focuses on inventory and supply. By ensuring reliable commitments, ATP enhances customer satisfaction, reduces order cancellations, and optimizes resource use across the supply chain.

NEW QUESTION # 45

What is the primary purpose of the Demand to Management OMBP in Oracle Fusion Cloud SCM?

- A. It focuses only on local inventory availability.
- B. It guarantees same-day delivery for all orders.
- C. It eliminates the need for supplier collaboration.
- D. It ensures accurate demand forecasting and planning.

Answer: D

Explanation:

