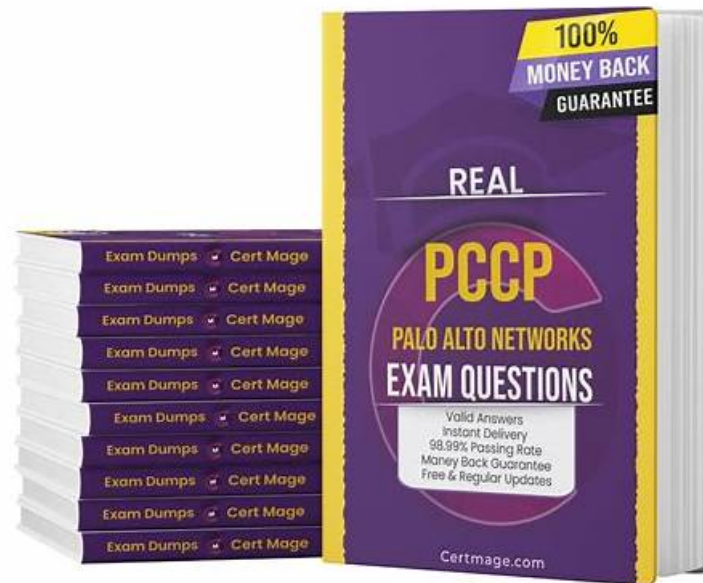


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Palo Alto Networks PCCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security Operations: This final section measures skills of a Security Operations Analyst and covers key characteristics and practices of threat hunting and incident response processes. It explains functions and benefits of security information and event management (SIEM) platforms, security orchestration, automation, and response (SOAR) tools, and attack surface management (ASM) platforms. It also highlights the functionalities of Cortex solutions, including XSOAR, Xpanse, and XSIAM, and describes services offered by Palo Alto Networks' Unit 42.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network Security: This domain targets a Network Security Specialist and includes knowledge of Zero Trust Network Access (ZTNA) characteristics, functions of stateless and next-generation firewalls (NGFWs), and the purpose of microsegmentation. It also covers common network security technologies such as intrusion prevention systems (IPS), URL filtering, DNS security, VPNs, and SSL • TLS decryption. Candidates must understand the limitations of signature-based protection, deployment options for NGFWs, cybersecurity concerns in operational technology (OT) and IoT, cloud-delivered security services, and AI-powered security functions like Precision AI.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Endpoint Security: This domain is aimed at an Endpoint Security Analyst and covers identifying indicators of compromise (IOCs) and understanding the limits of signature-based anti-malware. It includes concepts like User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA), endpoint detection and response (EDR), and extended detection and response (XDR). It also describes behavioral threat prevention and endpoint security technologies such as host-based firewalls, intrusion prevention systems, device control, application control, disk encryption, patch management, and features of Cortex XDR.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cloud Security: This section targets a Cloud Security Specialist and addresses major cloud architectures and topologies. It discusses security challenges like application security, cloud posture, and runtime security. Candidates will learn about technologies securing cloud environments such as Cloud Security Posture Management (CSPM) and Cloud Workload Protection Platforms (CWPP), as well as the functions of a Cloud Native Application Protection Platform (CNAPP) and features of Cortex Cloud.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secure Access: This part of the exam measures skills of a Secure Access Engineer and focuses on defining and differentiating Secure Access Service Edge (SASE) and Secure Service Edge (SSE). It covers challenges related to confidentiality, integrity, and availability of data and applications across data, private apps, SaaS, and AI tools. It examines security technologies including secure web gateways, enterprise browsers, remote browser isolation, data loss prevention (DLP), and cloud access security brokers (CASB). The section also describes Software-Defined Wide Area Network (SD-WAN) and Prisma SASE solutions such as Prisma Access, SD-WAN, AI Access, and enterprise DLP.

Palo Alto Networks Certified Cybersecurity Practitioner Sample Questions (Q45-Q50):

NEW QUESTION # 45

Which of the following is a service that allows you to control permissions assigned to users in order for them to access and utilize cloud resources?

- A. User-ID
- B. Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
- C. Identity and Access Management (IAM)
- D. User and Entity Behavior Analytics (UEBA)

Answer: C

Explanation:

Identity and access management (IAM) is a software service or framework that allows organizations to define user or group identities within software environments, then associate permissions with them. The identities and permissions are usually spelled out in a text file, which is referred to as an IAM policy.

NEW QUESTION # 46

Which tool automates remediation of a confirmed cybersecurity breach?

- A. SOAR
- B. EDR
- C. ISIM
- D. SIEM

Answer: A

Explanation:

Security Orchestration, Automation, and Response (SOAR) platforms are designed to automate the remediation of confirmed cybersecurity breaches by executing predefined response playbooks, reducing response time and manual effort during incidents.

NEW QUESTION # 47

What are two functions of an active monitoring system? (Choose two.)

- A. Determining system health using unaltered system data
- B. Using probes to establish potential load issues
- C. Detecting micro-services in a default configuration
- D. Preventing specific changes from being affected in the system

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

Determining system health using unaltered system data - Active monitoring collects real-time data to assess the current health and performance of systems.

Using probes to establish potential load issues - Active monitoring uses synthetic transactions or probes to simulate user interactions and identify performance or load-related issues before they affect users.

NEW QUESTION # 48

What is required for a SIEM to operate correctly to ensure a translated flow from the system of interest to the SIEM data lake?

- A. infrastructure and containers
- B. connectors and interfaces
- C. data center and UPS
- D. containers and developers

Answer: B

Explanation:

Connectors and interfaces are the components that enable a SIEM to collect, process, and analyze data from various sources, such as Microsoft 365 services and applications¹, cloud platforms, network devices, and security solutions. Connectors are responsible for extracting and transforming data from the source systems, while interfaces are responsible for sending and receiving data to and from the SIEM server. Without connectors and interfaces, a SIEM cannot operate correctly and ensure a translated flow from the system of interest to the SIEM data lake. References:

* SIEM server integration with Microsoft 365 services and applications

* What Is SIEM Integration? 2024 Comprehensive Guide - SelectHub

* SIEM Connector - docs.metallic.io

* SIEM Connector

NEW QUESTION # 49

Which type of portable architecture can package software with dependencies in an isolated unit?

- A. Air-gapped
- B. SaaS
- C. Serverless
- D. Containerized

Answer: D

A containerized architecture packages software along with its dependencies, libraries, and configuration into an isolated unit called a container. This ensures consistent behavior across environments and simplifies deployment and scaling.

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