

ISTQB-CTAL-TA Exam Practice - ISTQB-CTAL-TA Reliable Exam Cost



DOWNLOAD the newest Exams4sures ISTQB-CTAL-TA PDF dumps from Cloud Storage for free:
https://drive.google.com/open?id=1KuMxflSTVYE_a4kBzuRDyzMB5Z4yA9FV

Our ISTQB-CTAL-TA study materials can help you achieve your original goal and help your work career to be smoother and your family life quality to be better and better. There is no exaggeration to say that you will be confident to take part in your exam with only studying our ISTQB-CTAL-TA practice dumps for 20 to 30 hours. And thousands of candidates have achieved their dreams and ambitions with the help of our outstanding ISTQB-CTAL-TA training materials.

ISTQB CTAL-TA certification exam covers a wide range of topics related to test analysis, including test design techniques, test management, risk management, and test automation. ISTQB-CTAL-TA exam consists of multiple-choice questions and requires candidates to demonstrate their understanding of these topics and their ability to apply them in real-world scenarios. ISTQB-CTAL-TA Exam is available in several languages and can be taken at authorized test centers around the world.

>> ISTQB-CTAL-TA Exam Practice <<

ISTQB-CTAL-TA Reliable Exam Cost - Valid ISTQB-CTAL-TA Test Syllabus

There are numerous ISTQB-CTAL-TA exam dumps for the candidates to select for their preparation the exams, some candidates may get confused by so many choice. Our ISTQB-CTAL-TA learning materials have free demo for the candidates, and they will have a general idea about the ISTQB-CTAL-TA Learning Materials. You can obtain the ISTQB-CTAL-TA learning materials for about ten minutes. The payment is also quite easy: online payment with credit card, and the private information of the you is also guaranteed.

ISTQB (ISTQB CTAL-TA) ISTQB Certified Tester Advanced Level - Test Analyst (Syllabus 2012) Sample Questions (Q86-Q91):

NEW QUESTION # 86

When applying for health insurance from Health4You, applicants are categorized according to their age, sex, the number of units of alcohol they consume in an average week, Body Mass Index (BMI), whether in full-time work, and whether a smoker. Insurance is offered, and the premium is calculated according to the following rules:

- * Insurance cover is NOT given to those aged 70 or more, or below 18
 - * Those who consume more than 14 units of alcohol a week have an additional premium of £25 per month
 - * Those with a BMI greater than 35 are NOT given insurance cover
 - * Smokers have an additional premium of £20 per month
 - * Those in full-time employment have a premium reduction of £20 per month
- How many test cases are required to give full coverage for the above rules when using a decision table that excludes rules containing infeasible combinations of condition values?

SELECT ONE OPTION:

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2
- D. 3

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed In-Depth Explanation:

* Conditions:

* Age (3): Below 18, 18-69, 70+

* Alcohol Consumption (2): #14 units, >14 units

* BMI (2): #35, >35

* Smoking (2): Yes, No

* Employment (2): Full-time, Not full-time

* Feasibility Check:

* Age < 18 and Age # 70: Not covered (2 invalid cases)

* BMI > 35: Not covered (1 invalid case)

Valid combinations: $3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 96$

Therefore, the correct answer is B (96).

NEW QUESTION # 87

You work for a company that is a pioneer in smart energy technology. The company is planning to launch a new application for smartphones and tablets that will allow customers to view their energy readings remotely. The application must support customers with disabilities.

The application is being delivered using a hybrid mix of agile and V-model methodologies over three iterations:

* Iteration 1: Development of the application for the iOS operating system

* Iteration 2: Enhancement to support the Android operating system

* Iteration 3: Enhancement to provide daily budget usage

You have been asked to review the risk register and design test conditions for the highest priority product risks that fall into your area of responsibility, relating to Iterations 1 and 2 only.

Risk ID	Description	Impact	Likelihood
R01	The application may prove difficult to use for those who are visually impaired	Medium	Low
R02	The daily energy budget usage may not be accurately calculated from seasonal historic data	High	High
R03	The application may be incorrectly installed on some iOS and Android devices and operating systems	High	Medium
R04	Insufficient time to test the application on all supported iOS and Android devices and OS	Medium	Medium

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. R02
- B. R04
- C. R03
- D. R01

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

Since the question focuses on Iterations 1 and 2 only, we must prioritize risks related to these iterations.

* R01 (Accessibility): Low likelihood, medium impact - not a priority for initial iterations.

* R02 (Budget calculation): Related to Iteration 3, so it is not relevant to the current test design.

* R03 (Installation issues on iOS and Android): High impact, medium likelihood - relevant for both Iterations 1 and 2. Installation is crucial for ensuring the application works on both platforms.

* R04 (Insufficient testing time): Medium impact and likelihood - important, but R03 is more critical.

Hence, the highest priority risk to address first is R03 (The application may be incorrectly installed on some iOS and Android

devices).

NEW QUESTION # 88

When preparing test cases for an interoperability test, not all interactions may be clearly specified in the requirements documents. Which type of document is typically also used by a Test Analyst as the test basis for interoperability testing?

- A. Component specifications
- B. User stories
- C. System architecture document
- D. Functional specifications

Answer: C

Explanation:

The type of document that is typically used by a Test Analyst as the test basis for interoperability testing is the system architecture document. The system architecture document describes the structure and behavior of the system under test and its components, as well as their interactions and dependencies with other systems or components. This document can provide information about the interfaces and protocols that need to be tested for interoperability. Verified References: [ISTQB Certified Tester Advanced Level Test Analyst CTAL- TA], Section 5.3.1, page 67.

NEW QUESTION # 89

A car navigation system needs to be integrated in the overall car software. It is important to verify that the car navigation is functioning correctly once integrated. Thus functional correctness is considered to be important. Which of the following techniques is most likely to support the required functional correctness testing?

- A. Vulnerability scan
- B. State transition testing
- C. Multiple condition testing
- D. Heuristic evaluation

Answer: B

Explanation:

The technique that is most likely to support the required functional correctness testing is state transition testing. State transition testing is a technique that tests the behavior of a system or component based on its states and transitions between them. This technique is suitable for testing a system that has different modes or states depending on the input values or events, such as a car navigation system. Verified References: [ISTQB Certified Tester Advanced Level Test Analyst CTAL-TA], Section 3.4.1, page 39.

NEW QUESTION # 90

You have been asked to set up a session-based test management (SBTM) approach for exploratory testing on your current project. Which of the options below describes a correct sequence of steps for the first exploratory test session?
SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Document test ideas for the session in a test charter, execute the tests until all documented ideas have been tested, record the results of the tests in the test management system
- B. Create a test charter for the session to record the areas to be tested, run a time-boxed test execution session, hold a debriefing session to gather and discuss the results of the tests
- C. Select existing test cases from the test management system most suitable for the session, copy them to a test charter, use a capture/replay tool to record the test execution session
- D. Run a debriefing session with the test manager to agree on the test procedures for the session, execute the test procedures, record the test results in a test charter

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

Session-Based Test Management (SBTM) for exploratory testing follows these steps:

id=1KuMxflSTVYE_a4kBzuRDyzMB5Z4yA9FV