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PTCE Review exam

where would you prepare hazardous drugs in a pharmacy? - correct answer In a biological safety hood

How many 500 mg doses can be prepared from a 10g vial of vefazolin? - correct answer 20 doses

What is required for a pharmacy to participate in a third party reimbursement program? - correct answer National Provider Identifier Number(NPI)

If a patient is experiencing a dry, nonproductive cough. What classification of drug should the patient take? - correct answer Antitussive

Which two drug classification should not be taken together? - correct answer MAOIs & SSRIs

Which of the following is not an example of a decentralized automated dispensing system? - correct answer McKesson Robot-RXD

Which classification of drug recalls occurs if the patient experience a reversible side effect? - correct answer Class II

You have 10% solution of dextrose. How many grams of dextrose are 500ml of this solution? - correct answer 50g

What body organ would be affected by hepatotoxicity? - correct answer Liver

What does the term overhead refer to in business? - correct answer All of the cost associated with a business.

Who makes notations and signs medication administration records (MARs) in an institution? - correct answer Nurses

P.S. Free 2025 Medical Tests PTCE dumps are available on Google Drive shared by Test4Engine: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1gBDhWY3QjrutQpsc2WSyUZvPKYzsxFh>

For the office worker, they are both busy in the job or their family; for the students, they possibly have to learn or do other things. But if they use our PTCE test prep, they won't need so much time to prepare the exam and master exam content in a short time. What they need to do is just to spare 1-2 hours to learn and practice every day and then pass the exam with PTCE Test Prep easily. It costs them little time and energy.

Medical Tests PTCE Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Order Entry and Processing: This section measures the skills of Pharmacy Technicians and assesses procedures for compounding non-sterile products, calculations, ratios, proportions, conversions, Sig codes, abbreviations, medical terminology, administration equipment, lot numbers, expiration dates, NDC numbers, and procedures for handling medications and supplies12. It emphasizes accuracy and efficiency in prescription processing.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Patient Safety and Quality Assurance: This section measures the skills of Pharmacy Technicians and covers high-alert medications, error prevention strategies, issues requiring pharmacist intervention, event reporting, prescription error types, and hygiene standards¹². It focuses on safe pharmacy practices and error handling.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Federal Requirements: This section assesses the competencies of Pharmacy Managers in federal laws and regulations related to handling and disposal of substances, controlled substance prescriptions, restricted drug programs, and FDA recall requirements¹². It emphasizes compliance and regulatory expertise.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Medications: This section measures the skills of Pharmacy Technicians and covers knowledge of generic and brand names, classifications, therapeutic equivalence, drug interactions, contraindications, strengths, dosage forms, administration routes, side effects, indications, drug stability, narrow therapeutic index medications, incompatibilities, and proper storage¹²⁴⁶. It requires a comprehensive understanding of medication properties and handling.

Although this may not sound like the hardest job in the world, being a pharmacy technician isn't easy, as the work these people do directly affects the health of others. Therefore, it is vitally important that people hired as pharmacy technicians are qualified for this job. This is why more and more pharmacies and pharmacy chains expect their employees to have a valid PTCB credential.

>> PTCE Dump Check <<

Certification PTCE Torrent & PTCE Valid Test Braindumps

If you are preparing for the exam in order to get the related PTCE certification, here comes a piece of good news for you. The PTCE guide torrent is compiled by our company now has been praised as the secret weapon for candidates who want to pass the PTCE Exam as well as getting the related certification, so you are so lucky to click into this website where you can get your secret weapon. Our reputation for compiling the best PTCE training materials has created a sound base for our future business.

Medical Tests Pharmacy Technician Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q265-Q270):

NEW QUESTION # 265

A pharmacy receives the following prescription:

Toprol XL 50 mg

1 tab PO q.a.m

#30 × 1 refill

Generic substitution allowed

Metoprolol tartrate 50 mg tablets are dispensed with labeled directions to take one tablet by mouth every morning. This is:

- A. An incorrect time error
- B. An administration error
- C. Not a medication error of any type
- D. A wrong drug error**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* Toprol XL is metoprolol succinate extended-release (ER). The dispensed product was metoprolol tartrate, which is the immediate-release (IR) salt and not therapeutically equivalent to Toprol XL for once-daily dosing.

* Substituting metoprolol tartrate (IR) for metoprolol succinate ER is an inappropriate substitution and is classified as a wrong drug / wrong dosage-form error, since the active moiety/salt-release characteristics differ and dosing frequency typically differs (IR often dosed BID).

* This is not an administration error (that involves how the patient takes the medication), nor an incorrect time error (dispensing error occurred before administration), and it is not an acceptable generic substitution.

References (Pharmacy Technician documents/Study Guides):

* Therapeutic equivalence (Orange Book) concepts-ER succinate vs IR tartrate are not AB-rated equivalents.

* Medication safety modules-definitions of wrong drug and wrong dosage-form dispensing errors.

NEW QUESTION # 266

When used in a prescription Sig. "troche" indicates a dosage:

- A. form
- B. route.
- C. time.
- D. rate.

Answer: A

Explanation:

In prescription terminology, "troche" refers to a dosage form, specifically a lozenge that dissolves slowly in the mouth to release medication.

* Atroche (or lozenge) is a solid, flavored medication that dissolves in the mouth over time, allowing for gradual drug absorption.

* Used for:

* Local effects (e.g., sore throat relief with benzocaine troches)

* Systemic effects (e.g., hormone replacement therapy troches)

* A. Time## Incorrect

* "Troche" does not indicate when to take the medication.

* C. Rate## Incorrect

* "Troche" does not indicate how fast the drug is absorbed.

* D. Route## Incorrect

* "Troche" describes the dosage form, while route refers to how a drug is administered (e.g., oral, IV).

* USP-NF (United States Pharmacopeia-National Formulary)- Defines dosage forms, including lozenges/troches.

* PTCE Exam Content Outline- Covers pharmaceutical dosage forms and prescription terminology.

* ISMP Medication Safety Guidelines- Includes troches in standard medication formulations.

Definition of Troche: Why Not the Other Options? Key References:

NEW QUESTION # 267

CORRECT TEXT

A "hospital borne" infection is also known as a _____ infection.

Answer:

Explanation:

nosocomial

NEW QUESTION # 268

SIMULATION

Which of the books listed is related most closely to the information contained in patient package inserts?

Answer:

Explanation:

PDR

NEW QUESTION # 269

The directions for a Z-Pak specify:

- A. 1 tablet PO on the current day, then 1 PO daily for 4 days.
- B. 3 tablets PO on the current day, then 1 PO every other day for 6 days.
- C. 1 tablet PO on the current day, then 1 PO daily for 5 days.
- D. 2 tablets PO on the current day, then 1 PO daily for 4 days.

Answer: D

Explanation:

AZ-Pak refers to the Azithromycin 5-day therapy pack, which is commonly prescribed for bacterial infections such as respiratory infections. The standard dosing regimen follows a "loading dose" strategy to quickly reach effective drug levels in the body:

* Day 1:Take two tablets (500 mg total).
* Days 2-5:Take one tablet (250 mg) daily.

This regimen helps achieve rapid therapeutic concentrations while maintaining effectiveness over five days.

- * A. 1 tablet PO on the current day, then 1 PO daily for 4 days# Incorrect; a loading dose (2 tablets on Day 1) is required for proper drug efficacy.
- * B. 1 tablet PO on the current day, then 1 PO daily for 5 days# Incorrect; the Z-Pak is a 5-day regimen, not 6 days.
- * D. 3 tablets PO on the current day, then 1 PO every other day for 6 days# Incorrect; this is not a standard dosing regimen for azithromycin.

Other Answer Choices Explained: References:

- * FDA Drug Monograph for Azithromycin (Z-Pak)
- * Lexicomp Drug Guide - Azithromycin Dosing
- * PTCB PTCE Exam Content Outline (Pharmacology - Infectious Disease Medications)

NEW QUESTION # 270

While making revisions and modifications to the Medical Tests PTCE practice exam, our team takes reports from over 90,000 professionals worldwide to make the Pharmacy Technician Certification Exam exam questions foolproof. To make you capable of preparing for the Medical Tests PTCE Exam smoothly, we provide actual Medical Tests PTCE exam dumps.

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