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## SOA-C03 Exam Quizzes, Practice SOA-C03 Mock

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## Amazon AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate Sample Questions (Q82-Q87):

### NEW QUESTION # 82

A company has an application running on EC2 that stores data in an Amazon RDS for MySQL Single-AZ DB instance. The

application requires both read and write operations, and the company needs failover capability with minimal downtime. Which solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Add a read replica in the same Availability Zone where the DB instance is deployed.
- B. Use RDS Proxy to configure a proxy in front of the DB instance.
- **C. Modify the DB instance to be a Multi-AZ DB instance deployment.**
- D. Add the DB instance to an Auto Scaling group that has a minimum capacity of 2 and a desired capacity of 2.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

According to the AWS Cloud Operations and Database Reliability documentation, Amazon RDS Multi-AZ deployments provide high availability and automatic failover by maintaining a synchronous standby replica in a different Availability Zone.

In the event of instance failure, planned maintenance, or Availability Zone outage, Amazon RDS automatically promotes the standby to primary with minimal downtime (typically less than 60 seconds). The failover is transparent to applications because the DB endpoint remains the same.

By contrast, read replicas (Option B) are asynchronous and do not provide automated failover. Auto Scaling (Option C) applies to EC2, not RDS. RDS Proxy (Option D) improves connection management but does not add redundancy.

Thus, Option A - converting the RDS instance into a Multi-AZ deployment - delivers the required high availability and business continuity with minimal operational effort.

### NEW QUESTION # 83

A company deploys AWS infrastructure in a VPC that has an internet gateway. The VPC has public subnets and private subnets. An Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance is deployed in a private subnet. An AWS Lambda function uses the same private subnet and connects to the DB instance to query data.

A developer modifies the Lambda function to require the function to publish messages to an Amazon Simple Queue Service (Amazon SQS) queue. After these changes, the Lambda function times out when it tries to publish messages to the SQS queue.

Which solutions will resolve this issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Create a gateway endpoint for Amazon SQS in the VPC.
- B. Reconfigure the Lambda function so that the function is not connected to the VPC.
- **C. Create an interface endpoint for Amazon SQS in the VPC.**
- **D. Deploy a NAT gateway. Update the private subnet's route table to route all traffic to the NAT gateway.**
- E. Deploy an RDS proxy. Configure the Lambda function to connect to the DB instance through the proxy.

**Answer: C,D**

Explanation:

The Lambda function now runs inside a private subnet. To reach public AWS service endpoints like SQS over the internet, resources in private subnets need an egress path, typically via a NAT gateway. Adding a NAT gateway and updating the route table lets the Lambda function call the SQS public endpoint while still accessing the RDS instance in the private subnet.

Alternatively, you can keep the subnet private and create an interface VPC endpoint for SQS.

This gives the Lambda function a private, VPC-internal path to SQS without requiring internet access.

### NEW QUESTION # 84

A company has a microservice that runs on a set of Amazon EC2 instances. The EC2 instances run behind an Application Load Balancer (ALB).

A CloudOps engineer must use Amazon Route 53 to create a record that maps the ALB URL to example.com.

Which type of record will meet this requirement?

- **A. An alias record**
- B. An AAAA record
- C. An A record
- D. A CNAME record

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

To route traffic from example.com to an Application Load Balancer (ALB), you must use an alias record in Amazon Route 53. Alias

records are a Route 53-specific extension of DNS that allows mapping a domain name directly to AWS resources such as ALBs, CloudFront distributions, and S3 websites. Unlike a CNAME record, an alias record works at the zone apex (e.g., example.com) and does not incur extra DNS lookup charges.

#### NEW QUESTION # 85

A CloudOps engineer is responsible for a company's disaster recovery procedures. The company has a source Amazon S3 bucket in a production account, and it wants to replicate objects from the source to a destination S3 bucket in a nonproduction account. The CloudOps engineer configures S3 cross-Region, cross-account replication to copy the source S3 bucket to the destination S3 bucket. When the CloudOps engineer attempts to access objects in the destination S3 bucket, they receive an Access Denied error. Which solution will resolve this problem?

- A. Verify that the storage class for the replicated objects did not change between the source S3 bucket and the destination S3 bucket.
- B. Ensure that the replication rule applies to all objects in the source S3 bucket and is not scoped to a single prefix.
- C. Retry the request when the S3 Replication Time Control (S3 RTC) has elapsed.
- **D. Modify the replication configuration to change object ownership to the destination S3 bucket owner.**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In cross-account S3 replication, by default, replicated objects are owned by the source account, which causes Access Denied errors when the destination account tries to access them. To resolve this, you must enable the "change object ownership to destination bucket owner" option (using the `AccessControlTranslation` property in the replication configuration). This ensures the destination account owns the replicated objects and can access them without permission issues.

#### NEW QUESTION # 86

A CloudOps engineer is troubleshooting an implementation of Amazon CloudWatch Synthetics.

The CloudWatch Synthetics results must be sent to an Amazon S3 bucket.

The CloudOps engineer has copied the configuration of an existing canary that runs on a VPC that has an internet gateway attached. However, the CloudOps engineer cannot get the canary to successfully start on a private VPC that has no internet access.

What should the CloudOps engineer do to successfully run the canary on the private VPC?

- A. Ensure that the DNS resolution option and the DNS hostnames option are turned off in the VPC. Create a gateway VPC endpoint for Amazon S3. Add the permissions to allow CloudWatch Synthetics to use the S3 endpoint.
- **B. Ensure that the DNS resolution option and the DNS hostnames option are turned on in the VPC. Create an interface VPC endpoint for CloudWatch. Create a gateway VPC endpoint for Amazon S3. Add the permissions to allow CloudWatch Synthetics to use both endpoints.**
- C. Ensure that the DNS resolution option and the DNS hostnames option are turned off in the VPC. Add a security group to the canary to allow outbound traffic on the DNS port. Add the permissions to allow CloudWatch Synthetics to write to the S3 bucket.
- D. Ensure that the DNS resolution option and the DNS hostnames option are turned on in the VPC. Add the `synthetics:GetCanaryRuns` permission to the VPC. On the S3 bucket, add the `IgnorePublicAcls` permission to the CloudWatch Synthetics role.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

When a CloudWatch Synthetics canary runs inside a private VPC, it must access CloudWatch and S3 privately for publishing logs, metrics, and storing results. Because there is no internet access, the canary requires:

- DNS resolution and hostnames enabled for proper endpoint resolution.
- An interface VPC endpoint for CloudWatch, so the canary can communicate with the CloudWatch service privately.
- A gateway VPC endpoint for S3, to allow results to be written to the S3 bucket without internet access.

#### NEW QUESTION # 87

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