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HP Aruba Certified Network Security Associate Exam Sample Questions (Q125-Q130):

NEW QUESTION # 125

What is a guideline for managing local certificates on an ArubaOS-Switch?

- A. Generate the certificate signing request (CSR) with a program offline, then, install both the certificate and the private key on the switch in a single file.
- B. Before installing the local certificate, create a trust anchor (TA) profile with the root CA certificate for the certificate that you will install
- C. Install an Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) certificate to simplify the process of enrolling and re-enrolling for certificate
- D. Create a self-signed certificate online on the switch because ArubaOS-Switches do not support CA-signed certificates.

Answer: B

Explanation:

When managing local certificates on an ArubaOS-Switch, a recommended guideline is to create a trust anchor (TA) profile with the root CA certificate before installing the local certificate. This step ensures that the switch can verify the authenticity of the certificate chain during SSL/TLS communications. The trust anchor profile establishes a basis of trust by containing the root CA certificate, which helps validate the authenticity of any subordinate certificates, including the local certificate installed on the switch. This process is essential for enhancing security on the network, as it ensures that encrypted communications involving the switch are based on a verified certificate hierarchy.

References:

ArubaOS-Switch security configuration guides that detail the process of certificate management, including the creation of trust anchor profiles.

Security best practices and SSL/TLS implementation guidelines that emphasize the importance of establishing trusted certificate chains for secure communications.

NEW QUESTION # 126

You are configuring ArubaOS-CX switches to tunnel client traffic to an Aruba Mobility Controller (MC). What should you do to enhance security for control channel communications between the switches and the MC?

- A. install certificates on the switches, and make sure that CPsec is enabled on the MC
- B. Create one UBT zone for control traffic and a second UBT zone for clients.
- C. Make sure that the UBT client vlan is assigned to the interface on which the switches reach the MC and only that interface.
- D. Configure a long, random PAPI security key that matches on the switches and the MC.

Answer: D

Explanation:

When configuring ArubaOS-CX switches to tunnel client traffic to an Aruba Mobility Controller (MC), securing the control channel communications is crucial to prevent unauthorized access and ensure data integrity. Option B is the correct answer as it involves configuring a long, random PAPI security key that matches on both the switches and the MC. The PAPI (Policy Access Point Interface) protocol is used for secure communication between Aruba devices, and employing a robust, randomized security key significantly enhances the security of the control channel. This setup prevents potential interception or manipulation of the control traffic between the devices.

:

ArubaOS-CX Security Configuration Guide

Aruba Networks Official Documentation

NEW QUESTION # 127

Which is a correct description of a stage in the Lockheed Martin kill chain?

- A. In the delivery stage, malware collects valuable data and delivers or exfiltrated it to the hacker.
- B. In the weaponization stage, which occurs after malware has been delivered to a system, the malware executes its function.
- C. In the exploitation and installation phases, malware creates a backdoor into the infected system for the hacker.
- D. In the reconnaissance stage, the hacker assesses the impact of the attack and how much information was exfiltrated.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 128

What role does the Aruba ClearPass Device Insight Analyzer play in the Device Insight architecture?

- A. It resides on-prem and provides the span port to which traffic is mirrored for deep analytics.
- B. It resides in the cloud and manages licensing and configuration for Collectors
- C. It resides in the cloud and applies machine learning and supervised crowdsourcing to metadata sent by Collectors
- D. It resides on-prem and is responsible for running active SNMP and Nmap scans

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 129

A company has an AOS controller-based solution with a WPA3-Enterprise WLAN, which authenticates wireless clients to HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM). The company has decided to use digital certificates for authentication. A user's Windows domain computer has had certificates installed on it. However, the Networks and Connections window shows that authentication has failed for the user. The Mobility Controller's (MC's) RADIUS events show that it is receiving Access-Rejects for the authentication attempt.

What is one place that you can look for deeper insight into why this authentication attempt is failing?

- A. The packets captured on the MC control plane destined to UDP 1812
- B. The RADIUS events within the CPPM Event Viewer
- C. The Alerts tab in the authentication record in CPPM Access Tracker
- D. The reports generated by HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Insight

Answer: C

Explanation:

The scenario involves an AOS-8 controller-based solution with a WPA3-Enterprise WLAN using HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager (CPPM) for authentication. The company is using digital certificates for authentication (likely EAP-TLS, as it's the most common certificate-based method for WPA3-Enterprise). A user's Windows domain computer has certificates installed, but authentication fails. The Mobility Controller (MC) logs show Access-Rejects from CPPM, indicating that CPPM rejected the authentication attempt.

Access-Reject: An Access-Reject message from CPPM means that the authentication failed due to a policy violation, certificate issue, or other configuration mismatch. To troubleshoot, we need to find detailed information about why CPPM rejected the request. Option C, "The Alerts tab in the authentication record in CPPM Access Tracker," is correct. Access Tracker in CPPM logs all authentication attempts, including successful and failed ones. For a failed attempt (Access-Reject), the authentication record in Access Tracker will include an Alerts tab that provides detailed reasons for the failure. For example, if the client's certificate is invalid (e.g., expired, not trusted, or missing a required attribute), or if the user does not match a policy in CPPM, the Alerts tab will specify the exact issue (e.g., "Certificate not trusted," "User not found in directory").

Option A, "The reports generated by HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Insight," is incorrect. ClearPass Insight is used for generating reports and analytics (e.g., trends, usage patterns), not for real-time troubleshooting of specific authentication failures. Option B, "The RADIUS events within the CPPM Event Viewer," is incorrect. The Event Viewer logs system-level events (e.g., service crashes, NAD mismatches), not detailed authentication failure reasons. While it might log that an Access-Reject was sent, it won't provide the specific reason for the rejection.

Option D, "The packets captured on the MC control plane destined to UDP 1812," is incorrect. Capturing packets on the MC control plane for UDP 1812 (RADIUS authentication port) can show the RADIUS exchange, but it won't provide the detailed reason for the Access-Reject. The MC logs already show the Access-Reject, so the issue lies on the CPPM side, and Access Tracker provides more insight.

The HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager 6.11 User Guide states:

"Access Tracker (Monitoring > Live Monitoring > Access Tracker) logs all authentication attempts, including failed ones. For an Access-Reject, the authentication record in Access Tracker includes an Alerts tab that provides detailed reasons for the failure. For example, in a certificate-based authentication (e.g., EAP-TLS), the Alerts tab might show 'Certificate not trusted' if the client's certificate is not trusted by ClearPass, or 'User not found' if the user does not match a policy. This is the primary place to look for

deeper insight into authentication failures." (Page 299, Access Tracker Troubleshooting Section) Additionally, the HPE Aruba Networking AOS-8 8.11 User Guide notes:

"If the Mobility Controller logs show an Access-Reject from the RADIUS server (e.g., ClearPass), check the RADIUS server's authentication logs for details. In ClearPass, the Access Tracker provides detailed failure reasons in the Alerts tab of the authentication record, such as certificate issues or policy mismatches." (Page 500, Troubleshooting 802.1X Authentication Section)

HPE Aruba Networking ClearPass Policy Manager 6.11 User Guide, Access Tracker Troubleshooting Section, Page 299.

HPE Aruba Networking AOS-8 8.11 User Guide, Troubleshooting 802.1X Authentication Section, Page 500.

NEW QUESTION # 130

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