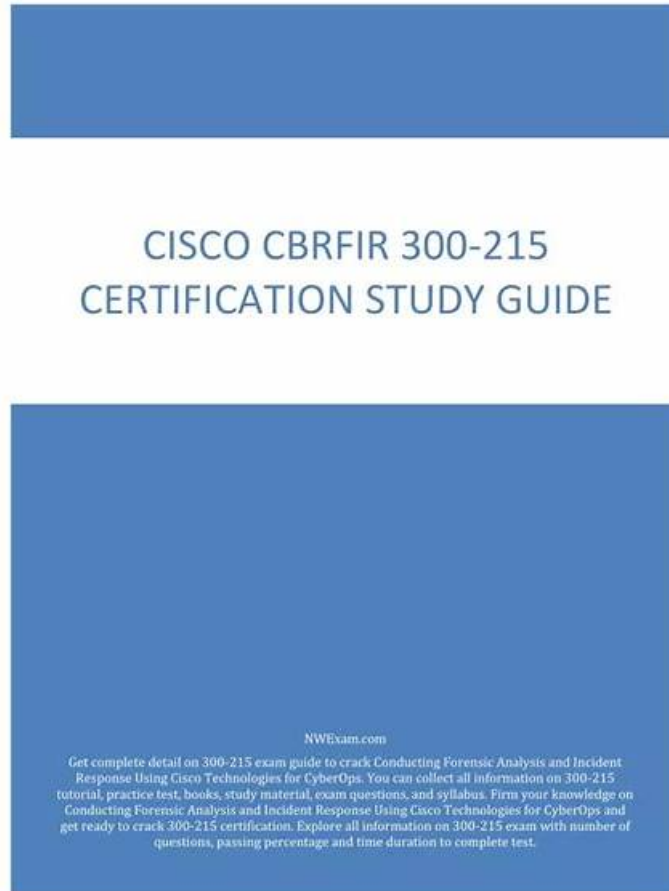


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Cisco Conducting Forensic Analysis & Incident Response Using Cisco Technologies for CyberOps Sample Questions (Q120-Q125):

NEW QUESTION # 120

Drag and drop the steps from the left into the order to perform forensics analysis of infrastructure networks on the right.

Obtain	step 1
Strategize	step 2
Collect	step 3
Analyze	step 4
Report	step 5

Answer:

Explanation:

Obtain	Obtain
Strategize	Strategize
Collect	Collect
Analyze	Analyze
Report	Report



Reference: https://subscription.packtpub.com/book/networking_and_servers/9781789344523/1/ch01lvl1sec12/network-forensics-investigation-methodology

NEW QUESTION # 121

Refer to the exhibit.

```
<indicator:Observable id="example:Observable-9c9869a2-f822-4682-bda4-e89d31b18704">
  <cybox:Object id="example:EmailMessage-9d56af8e-5588-4ed3-affd-bd769ddd7fe2">
    <cybox:Properties xsi:type="EmailMessageObj:EmailMessageObjectType">
      <EmailMessageObj:Attachments>
        <EmailMessageObj:File object_reference="example:File-c182bcb6-8023-44a8-b340-157295abc8a6"/>
      </EmailMessageObj:Attachments>
    </cybox:Properties>
    <cybox:Related_Objects>
      <cybox:Related_Object id="example:File-c182bcb6-8023-44a8-b340-157295abc8a6">
        <cybox:Properties xsi:type="FileObj:FileObjectType">
          <FileObj:File_Name condition="StartsWith">Final Report</FileObj:File_Name>
          <FileObj:File_Extension condition="Equals">doc.exe</FileObj:File_Extension>
        </cybox:Properties>
        <cybox:Relationship xsi:type="cyboxVocabs:ObjectRelationshipVocab-1.1">Contains</cybox:Relationship>
      </cybox:Related_Object>
    </cybox:Related_Objects>
  </cybox:Object>
</indicator:Observable>
```

Which determination should be made by a security analyst?

- A. An email was sent with an attachment named "Final Report.doc.exe".
- B. An email was sent with an attachment named "Final Report.doc".
- C. An email was sent with an attachment named "Grades.doc".
- D. An email was sent with an attachment named "Grades.doc.exe".

Answer: A

Explanation:

The XML structure shows that:

- * The file name starts with: "Final Report"
- * The file extension equals: "doc.exe"

Together, this forms "Final Report.doc.exe" - a known double-extension technique used to disguise executables as benign documents. This is a red flag in email forensics, commonly linked to malware distribution, and explicitly covered in the Cisco

CyberOps study material as a typical evasion method for malicious attachments.

NEW QUESTION # 122

A threat intelligence report identifies an outbreak of a new ransomware strain spreading via phishing emails that contain malicious URLs. A compromised cloud service provider, XYZCloud, is managing the SMTP servers that are sending the phishing emails. A security analyst reviews the potential phishing emails and identifies that the email is coming from XYZCloud. The user has not clicked the embedded malicious URL.

What is the next step that the security analyst should take to identify risk to the organization?

- A. Reset the reporting user's account and enable multifactor authentication.
- B. Delete email from user mailboxes and update the incident ticket with lessons learned.
- C. Find any other emails coming from the IP address ranges that are managed by XYZCloud.
- D. Create a detailed incident report and share it with top management.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Since the phishing email originates from a known compromised cloud provider (XYZCloud), the correct immediate action for the security analyst is to determine the broader scope of exposure. This involves checking whether other users in the organization received similar emails from the same potentially malicious source. Therefore, querying for emails from the IP address ranges or SMTP domains linked to XYZCloud is essential for identifying other possible attack vectors.

This step aligns with the containment phase of the incident response lifecycle, as outlined in the CyberOps Technologies (CBRFIR) 300-215 study guide, where threat hunting and log analysis are used to determine the extent of compromise and prevent lateral movement or further exposure. Only after the scope is understood should remediation or reporting actions follow.

Reference: CyberOps Technologies (CBRFIR) 300-215 study guide, Chapter: Email-Based Threats and Containment Strategy during Incident Response.

NEW QUESTION # 123

A security team needs to prevent a remote code execution vulnerability. The vulnerability can be exploited only by sending '\${' string in the HTTP request. WAF rule is blocking '\${' , but system engineers detect that attackers are executing commands on the host anyway. Which action should the security team recommend?

- A. Add two WAF rules to block 'S' and '{' characters separately.
- B. Block incoming web traffic.
- C. Deploy antimalware solution.
- D. Enable URL decoding on WAF.

Answer: D

Explanation:

When Web Application Firewalls (WAFs) are configured to block specific patterns (like '\${'), attackers may bypass this using URL encoding (e.g., '%24%7B'). In such cases, the WAF must decode these patterns before applying matching rules. Enabling URL decoding ensures the WAF recognizes encoded payloads and applies protections appropriately. This is a recommended hardening strategy against bypass techniques for command injection and remote code execution.

Reference: Cisco CyberOps v1.2 Guide, Chapter on WAFs and Input Validation Techniques.

-

NEW QUESTION # 124

An incident response team is recommending changes after analyzing a recent compromise in which:

a large number of events and logs were involved;

team members were not able to identify the anomalous behavior and escalate it in a timely manner; several network systems were affected as a result of the latency in detection; security engineers were able to mitigate the threat and bring systems back to a stable state; and the issue reoccurred shortly after and systems became unstable again because the correct information was not gathered during the initial identification phase.

Which two recommendations should be made for improving the incident response process? (Choose two.)

- A. Formalize reporting requirements and responsibilities to update management and internal stakeholders throughout the

