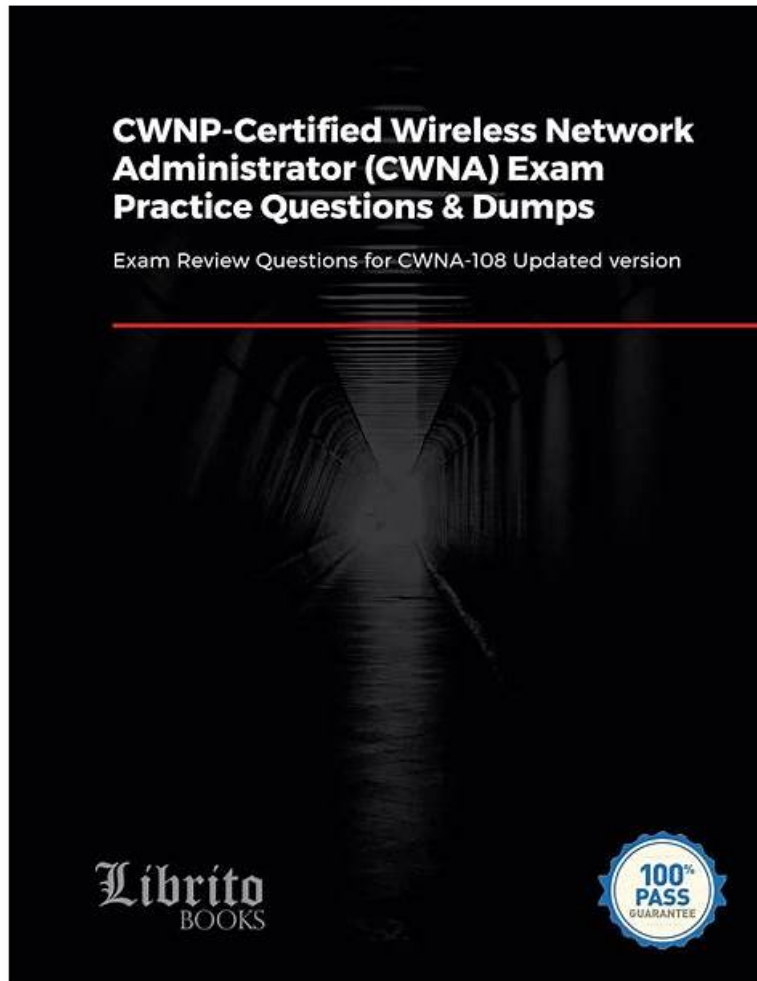


CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA) cexamkiller Praxis Dumps & CWNA-109 Test Training Überprüfungen



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Sie können nur die Fragen und Antworten zur CWNP CWNA-109 (CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA)) Zertifizierungsprüfung von Zertprüfung als Simulationsprüfung benutzen, dann können Sie einfach die Prüfung bestehen. Mit dem CWNP CWNA-109 Zertifikat steht Ihr professionelles Niveau höher als das der anderen. Sie bekommen deshalb große Beförderungschance. Fügen Sie CWNP CWNA-109 Fragen Und Antworten von Zertprüfung in den Warenkorb hinzu. Zertprüfung bietet Ihnen rund um die Uhr Online-Service.

CWNP CWNA-109 Prüfungsplan:

Thema	Einzelheiten
Thema 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WLAN Network Security: It addresses the concepts of weak security options, security mechanisms for enterprise WLANs, and security options and tools used in wireless networks.
Thema 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Radio Frequency (RF) Technologies: This topic explains the basic features and behavior of RF. It also discusses applying the basic concepts of RF mathematics and measurement. Lastly, the topic covers RF signal characteristics and the functionality of RF antennas.

Thema 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WLAN Regulations and Standards: The topic discusses the roles of WLAN and networking industry organizations. It also addresses the concepts of various Physical Layer (PHY) solutions, spread spectrum technologies, and 802.11 WLAN functional concepts.
Thema 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RF Validation and WLAN remediation: This topic covers RF interference, WLAN performance, the basic features of validation tools, and common wireless issues.
Thema 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WLAN Network Architecture and Design Concepts: This topic deals with describing and implementing Power over Ethernet (PoE). Furthermore, the topic covers different wireless LAN architectures, coverage requirements, roaming considerations, and common proprietary features in wireless networks.

>> CWNA-109 Zertifizierungsantworten <<

CWNA-109 Pruefungssimulationen, CWNA-109 Fragenkatalog

Zertpruefung hat riesige Expertenteam, die Ihnen gültige Schulungsressourcen bieten. Sie haben die CWNP CWNA-109 (CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA)) Prüfungen in den letzten Jahren nach ihren Erfahrungen und Kenntnissen untersucht. Und endlich kommen die zielgerichteten Fragen und Antworten auf, die den IT-Kandidaten große Hilfe bieten. Nun können Sie im Internet Demo zur CWNP CWNA-109 (CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA)) Zertifizierungsprüfung kostenlos herunterladen. Viele IT-Fachleute haben bewiesen, dass Zertpruefung sehr zuverlässig ist. Wenn Sie die zielgerichteten Prüfungsfragen von Zertpruefung benutzt haben, können Sie normalerweise die CWNP CWNA-109 Zertifizierungsprüfung bestehen. Schicken Sie doch die Produkte von Zertpruefung in den Warenkorb. Sie werden sehr wahrscheinlich der nächste erfolgreiche IT-Fachmann.

CWNP Wireless Network Administrator (CWNA) CWNA-109 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q38-Q43):

38. Frage

You support a WLAN using dual-band 802.11ac three stream access points. All access points have both the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz radios enabled and use 40 MHz channels in 5 GHz and 20 MHz channels in 2.4 GHz. A manager is concerned about the fact that each access point is connected using a 1 Gbps Ethernet link. He is concerned that the Ethernet link will not be able to handle the load from the wireless radios. What do you tell him?

- A. Due to 802.11 network operations and the dynamic rates used by devices on the network, the two radios will likely not exceed the 1 Gbps Ethernet link.
- B. His concern is valid and the company should upgrade all Ethernet links to 10 Gbps immediately.
- C. His concern is valid and the company should immediately plan to run a second 1 Gbps Ethernet link to each AP.
- D. His concern is invalid because the AP will compress all data before transmitting it onto the Ethernet link.

Antwort: A

Begründung:

What you should tell him is that due to 802.11 network operations and the dynamic rates used by devices on the network, the two radios will likely not exceed the 1 Gbps Ethernet link. This is because the actual throughput of an 802.11 network is much lower than the theoretical data rates due to factors such as overhead, contention, interference, retransmissions, and environmental conditions. Moreover, the data rates used by devices on the network vary depending on their distance, signal quality, capabilities, and configuration.

Therefore, it is unlikely that both radios of the AP will simultaneously use the maximum data rates and saturate the 1 Gbps Ethernet link. Upgrading to a 10 Gbps Ethernet link or running a second 1 Gbps Ethernet link may be unnecessary and costly. Compressing all data before transmitting it onto the Ethernet link may introduce additional overhead and latency. References: [CWNP Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: ExamCWNA-109], page 227; [CWNA: Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: ExamCWNA-109], page 217.

39. Frage

What authentication method is referenced in the 802.11-2016 and 802.11-2020 specifications and is recommended for robust WLAN client security?

- A. IPSec
- **B. 802.1X/EAP**
- C. WEP
- D. SSL

Antwort: B

Begründung:

The authentication method that is referenced in the 802.11-2016 and 802.11-2020 specifications and is recommended for robust WLAN client security is 802.1X/EAP. 802.1X/EAP stands for IEEE 802.1X Port-Based Network Access Control with Extensible Authentication Protocol and is a framework that provides strong authentication and dynamic encryption key generation for WLAN clients. 802.1X/EAP involves three parties: the supplicant (the client), the authenticator (the AP or the controller), and the authentication server (usually a RADIUS server). The supplicant sends its credentials (such as username and password, certificate, or token) to the authenticator, which forwards them to the authentication server. The authentication server verifies the credentials and sends a response to the authenticator, which grants or denies access to the supplicant. The authentication server also generates a master key that is used to derive encryption keys for the data frames between the supplicant and the authenticator. 802.1X/EAP supports various EAP methods that offer different levels of security and flexibility, such as EAP-TLS, EAP-PEAP, EAP-TTLS, EAP-FAST, and EAP-SIM. SSL, IPSec, and WEP are not authentication methods, but rather encryption or security protocols that are not specific to WLANs or referenced in the 802.11 specifications. References: [CWNP Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: ExamCWNA-109], page 299; [CWNA: Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: ExamCWNA-109], page 289.

40. Frage

When antenna gain is reported in dBi, the gain of the antenna is compared to what theoretical radiator?

- A. Anthropomorphic radiator
- B. End-fire radiator
- **C. Isotropic radiator**
- D. Dipole radiator

Antwort: C

Begründung:

An isotropic radiator is a theoretical point source of electromagnetic radiation that radiates equally in all directions. It has no physical dimensions and no preferred direction of radiation. It is used as a reference for antenna gain because it represents the ideal case of a perfect omnidirectional antenna. Antenna gain is a measure of how well an antenna concentrates its radiated power in a certain direction. It is expressed in decibels (dB) relative to a reference antenna. When the reference antenna is an isotropic radiator, the antenna gain is denoted by dBi, which stands for decibels relative to isotropic. For example, an antenna with a gain of 3 dBi means that it radiates 3 dB more power in its main direction than an isotropic radiator would. Conversely, an antenna with a gain of -3 dBi means that it radiates 3 dB less power in its main direction than an isotropic radiator would.

41. Frage

What cipher suite is specified by the 802.11-2016 standard and is not deprecated?

- A. Extensible Authentication Protocol
- B. Wired Equivalent Privacy
- **C. Counter Mode with CBC-MAC Protocol**
- D. Temporal Key Integrity Protocol

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The cipher suite specified by the 802.11-2016 standard and is not deprecated is Counter Mode with CBC-MAC Protocol (CCMP). CCMP is an encryption protocol that uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) as the underlying cipher and provides confidentiality, integrity, and origin authentication for wireless data.

CCMP is the mandatory encryption protocol for WPA2 and WPA3. References: [CWNP Certified Wireless Network Administrator Official Study Guide: ExamCWNA-109], page 295; [IEEE Standard for Information technology- Telecommunications and information exchange between systems Local and metropolitan area networks-Specific requirements - Part 11: Wireless LAN Medium Access Control (MAC) and Physical Layer (PHY) Specifications], page 1560.

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