## Web-Development-Applications日本語対策問題集 & Web-Development-Applications無料模擬試験



BONUS!!! It-Passports Web-Development-Applicationsダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1A3lf4eK0qgaeeMxUCWF4La6n5GhUH9XR

花に欺く言語紹介より自分で体験したほうがいいです。WGU Web-Development-Applications問題集は我々It-Passportsでは直接に無料のダウンロードを楽しみにしています。弊社の経験豊かなチームはあなたに最も信頼性の高いWGU Web-Development-Applications問題集備考資料を作成して提供します。WGU Web-Development-Applications問題集の購買に何か質問があれば、我々の職員は皆様のお問い合わせを待っています。

#### WGU Web-Development-Applications 認定試験の出題範囲:

• Creating Adaptive Web Documents and Pages: This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers the techniques needed to make websites display correctly across traditional desktops and mobile devices. It emphasizes adaptive page layout, flexible formatting, and user-friendly presentation so that content remains readable and functional on screens of different sizes. Candidates are expected to show an understanding of how to create consistent designs that respond smoothly to device changes.	トピック	出題範囲
	トピック 1	Designers and covers the techniques needed to make websites display correctly across traditional desktops and mobile devices. It emphasizes adaptive page layout, flexible formatting, and user-friendly presentation so that content remains readable and functional on screens of different sizes. Candidates are expected to show an understanding of how to create consistent designs that respond smoothly to device

トピック 2	Responsive Web Design (RWD) for Browsers and Apps: This section of the exam measures skills of Front-End Designers and covers concepts related to mobile-first layout planning, responsive frameworks, and techniques used to ensure compatibility with modern browsers and applications. Candidates must demonstrate how to adjust elements for better usability on mobile devices and apply responsive strategies that allow a single design to function seamlessly across various environments.
トピック3	<ul> <li>HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript Foundations: This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the essential ability to manually code using HTML5, CSS3, and JavaScript to create structured, visually styled, and interactive web content. It focuses on building accurate page layouts, applying modern styling rules, and writing basic scripts that support user interaction. The aim is to ensure candidates can construct professional web documents using current standards and properly integrate all three technologies.</li> </ul>
トピック4	<ul> <li>Validation, Testing, and Form Development: This section of the exam measures skills of Web Developers and covers the ability to validate code, test web pages for accuracy, and build form components. It includes understanding how to detect errors, ensure compliance with standards, and implement form fields with inline validation to improve user experience. The focus is on creating forms that work reliably, meet usability expectations, and maintain proper data entry flow.</li> </ul>

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# 有難いWGU Web-Development-Applications | 更新するWeb-Development-Applications日本語対策問題集試験 | 試験の準備方法WGU Web Development Applications無料模擬試験

あらゆる種類の問題に取り組まれる可能性があります。時には、何かを下に置いて他の問題に対処する必要があります。後者はより緊急であり、すぐに実行する必要があります。 Web-Development-Applicationsトレーニングガイドの助けを借りて、あなたの夢がもう遅れることはありません。なぜなら、私たちはクライアントがよりゆっくりと勉強するのを支援するインテリジェントなアプリケーションと高効率のメリットを持っているからです。 Web-Development-Applicationsの実際の試験で $20\sim30$ 時間準備する場合、Web-Development-Applications試験はあなたの前で簡単になります。

### WGU Web Development Applications 認定 Web-Development-Applications 試験問題 (Q67-Q72):

#### 質問#67

Which method should a developer use to create a message that requests a user to select "OK" or "Cancel"?

- A. confirm
- B. alert
- C. prompt
- D. write

#### 正解: A

#### 解説:

> "The `confirm()` method displays a dialog box with OK and Cancel buttons. It returns `true` if OK is selected and `false` otherwise."

>

- > \* `alert()` only shows a message
- > \* `prompt()` includes a text input field
- > \* `write()` outputs directly to the document

#### References:

- \* MDN Web Docs: confirm()
- \* ECMAScript Browser Dialogs

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#### 質問#68

Given the following code:



What does the console display as output?

- A. 0
- B. 1
- C. 2

#### 正解: A

#### 解説:

Given the code segment:

var a = "8";

var b = "6";

var c = a + b;

console.log(c);

This code concatenates two strings.

- \* Explanation:
- \* var a = "8";: Variable a is assigned the string "8".
- \* var b = "6";: Variable b is assigned the string "6".
- \* var c = a + b;: The + operator concatenates the two strings, resulting in "86".
- \* console.log(c);: Outputs the value of c to the console.
- \* Output:
- \* The console displays "86" because it concatenates the two string values.
- \* References:
- \* MDN Web Docs String
- \* W3Schools JavaScript String

#### 質問#69

What should a developer correct before revalidating after a code validator reports multiple errors in code?

- A. Only CSS errors
- B. The first reported error
- C. Only JavaScript errors
- D. The last reported error

#### 正解:B

#### 解説:

When using a code validator to check your HTML, CSS, or JavaScript code, it's essential to address errors in a systematic manner. The correct approach is to correct the first reported error before revalidating. This method is recommended because often, the first error can cause a cascade of subsequent errors or warnings.

By fixing the first error, you may automatically resolve other errors that were reported later.

- \* Reasoning:
- \* Cascading Errors: The first error in the code might lead to multiple subsequent errors. Fixing it can sometimes resolve those cascading errors, reducing the overall number of errors in the next validation.
- \* Logical Flow: Addressing errors in the order they appear maintains a logical flow and makes debugging more manageable.
- \* Steps to Follow:
- \* Step 1: Run the code through the validator.
- \* Step 2: Identify the first reported error.
- \* Step 3: Correct the first error.
- \* Step 4: Revalidate the code to check if the error count has reduced or if new errors appear.
- \* Step 5: Repeat the process until all errors are resolved.
- \* References:
- \* W3C Markup Validation Service
- \* MDN Web Docs Debugging HTML

#### \* W3C CSS Validation Service

#### 質問#70

Which CSS code block styles the `<div>` tag with a border image that is 80 pixels wide, 40 pixels high, and uses `round` as a repetition style?

- A. 'div { border-image: url("waterfall.png") 40 80 round; }'
- B. 'div { borderX

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