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Palo Alto Networks NGFW-Engineer Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Integration and Automation: This section measures the skills of Automation Engineers in deploying and managing Palo Alto Networks NGFWs across various environments. It includes the installation of PA-Series, VM-Series, CN-Series, and Cloud NGFWs. The use of APIs for automation, integration with third-party services like Kubernetes and Terraform, centralized management with Panorama templates and device groups, as well as building custom dashboards and reports in Application Command Center (ACC) are key topics.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">PAN-OS Networking Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers in configuring networking components within PAN-OS. It covers interface setup across Layer 2, Layer 3, virtual wire, tunnel interfaces, and aggregate Ethernet configurations. Additionally, it includes zone creation, high availability configurations (active active and active passive), routing protocols, and GlobalProtect setup for portals, gateways, authentication, and tunneling. The section also addresses IPSec, quantum-resistant cryptography, and GRE tunnels.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">PAN-OS Device Setting Configuration: This section evaluates the expertise of System Administrators in configuring device settings on PAN-OS. It includes implementing authentication roles and profiles, and configuring virtual systems with interfaces, zones, routers, and inter-VSYS security. Logging mechanisms such as Strata Logging Service and log forwarding are covered alongside software updates and certificate management for PKI integration and decryption. The section also focuses on configuring Cloud Identity Engine User-ID features and web proxy settings.

Palo Alto Networks Next-Generation Firewall Engineer Sample Questions (Q22-Q27):

NEW QUESTION # 22

How does a Palo Alto firewall handle traffic between two different security zones?

- A. Traffic is allowed automatically between zones
- B. Traffic is automatically encrypted between zones
- C. Traffic is denied by default unless a security policy explicitly allows it
- D. Traffic between zones is forwarded without inspection

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 23

A multinational organization wants to use the Cloud Identity Engine (CIE) to aggregate identity data from multiple sources (on-premises AD, Azure AD, Okta) while enforcing strict data isolation for different regional business units. Each region's firewalls, managed via Panorama, must only receive the user and group information relevant to that region. The organization aims to minimize administrative overhead while meeting data sovereignty requirements.

Which approach achieves this segmentation of identity data?

- A. Deploy a single CIE tenant that collects all identity data, then configure segments within the tenant to filter and redistribute only the relevant user/group sets to each regional firewall group.
- B. Establish separate CIE tenants for each business unit, integrating each tenant with the relevant identity sources. Redistribute user and group data from each tenant only to the region's firewalls, maintaining a strict one-to-one mapping of tenant to business unit.
- C. Create one CIE tenant, aggregate all identity data into a single view, and redistribute the full dataset to all firewalls. Rely on per-firewall Security policies to restrict access to out-of-scope user and group information.
- D. Disable redistribution of identity data entirely. Instead, configure each regional firewall to pull user and group details

directly from its local identity providers (IdPs).

Answer: B

Explanation:

To meet the requirement of data isolation for different regional business units while minimizing administrative overhead, the best approach is to establish separate Cloud Identity Engine (CIE) tenants for each business unit. Each tenant would be integrated with the relevant identity sources (such as on-premises AD, Azure AD, and Okta) for that specific region. This ensures that the identity data for each region is kept isolated and only relevant user and group data is distributed to the respective regional firewalls.

By maintaining a strict one-to-one mapping between CIE tenants and business units, the organization ensures that each region's firewall only receives the user and group data relevant to that region, thus meeting data sovereignty requirements and minimizing administrative complexity.

NEW QUESTION # 24

A security engineer creates a policy allowing only members of the Finance?

Active Directory group to access a cloud-based accounting application.

Which NGFW capability makes this policy possible?

- A. Dynamic routing protocols
- B. **User-ID / identity integration**
- C. High availability clustering
- D. NAT policy

Answer: B

Explanation:

User-ID integration maps IP addresses to authenticated users or groups, allowing identity-based security policies.

NEW QUESTION # 25

An NGFW engineer is configuring multiple Panorama-managed firewalls to start sending all logs to Strata Logging Service. The Strata Logging Service instance has been provisioned, the required device certificates have been installed, and Panorama and the firewalls have been successfully onboarded to Strata Logging Service.

Which configuration task must be performed to start sending the logs to Strata Logging Service and continue forwarding them to the Panorama log collectors as well?

- A. Enable the "Panorama/Cloud Logging" option in the Logging and Reporting Settings section under Device --> Setup --> Management in the appropriate templates.
- B. Select the "Enable Duplicate Logging" option in the Cloud Logging section under Device --> Setup --> Management in the appropriate templates.
- C. Modify all active Log Forwarding profiles to select the "Cloud Logging" option in each profile match list in the appropriate device groups.
- D. **Select the "Enable Cloud Logging" option in the Cloud Logging section under Device --> Setup --> Management in the appropriate templates.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

To begin sending logs to Strata Logging Service while continuing to forward them to Panorama log collectors, the necessary configuration is to enable Cloud Logging. This option is configured in the Cloud Logging section under Device → Setup → Management in the appropriate templates. Once enabled, this ensures that logs are directed both to the Strata Logging Service (cloud) and to the Panorama log collectors.

NEW QUESTION # 26

Which CLI command is used to configure the management interface as a DHCP client?

- A. set deviceconfig system type dhcp-client
- B. **set deviceconfig management type dhcp-client**
- C. set network dhcp type management-interface

- D. set network dhcp interface management

Answer: B

Explanation:

To configure the management interface as a DHCP client on a Palo Alto Networks NGFW, the correct CLI command is `set deviceconfig management type dhcp-client`.

This command configures the management interface to obtain an IP address dynamically using DHCP.

NEW QUESTION # 27

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