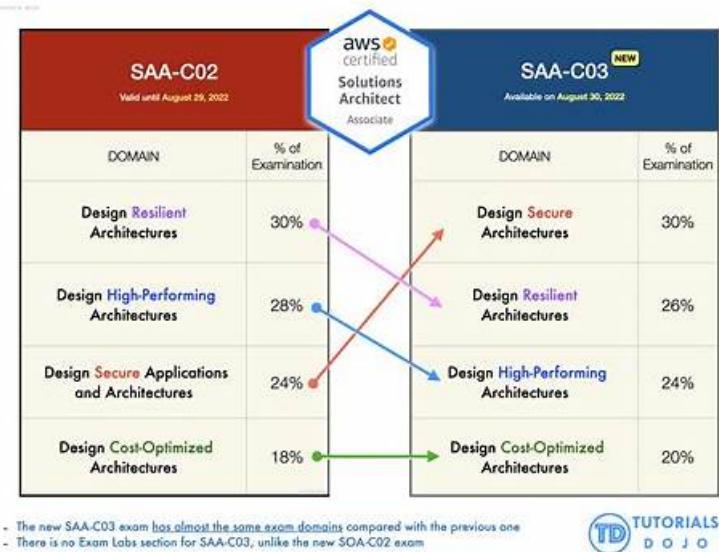


# SAA-C03퍼펙트최신버전덤프자료 - SAA-C03시험대비



2025 Itcertkr 최신 SAA-C03 PDF 버전 시험 문제집과 SAA-C03 시험 문제 및 답변 무료 공유:  
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Dc5-gJHmbeZjZWXvlgC5Y6whN8n6cTSj>

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>> SAA-C03퍼펙트 최신버전 덤프자료 <<

## 최신 업데이트된 SAA-C03퍼펙트 최신버전 덤프자료 인증덤프자료

Amazon SAA-C03 시험탈락 시Amazon SAA-C03덤프비용전액을 환불해드릴만큼 저희 덤프자료에 자신이 있습니다. Itcertkr에서는 Amazon SAA-C03덤프를 항상 최신버전이도록 보장해드리고 싶지만 Amazon SAA-C03시험문제변경시점을 예측할수 없어 시험에서 불합격받을수도 간혹 있습니다. 하지만 시험에서 떨어지면 덤프비용을 전액 환불해드려 고객님의 이익을 보장해드립니다.

## 최신 AWS Certified Solutions Architect SAA-C03 무료샘플문제 (Q543-Q548):

### 질문 # 543

A company runs its databases on Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL. The company wants a secure solution to manage the master user password by rotating the password every 30 days. Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use Amazon EventBridge to schedule a custom AWS Lambda function to rotate the password every 30 days.
- B. Integrate AWS Systems Manager Parameter Store with Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL to automate password rotation.
- C. Use the `modify-db-instance` command in the AWS CLI to change the password.
- D. Integrate AWS Secrets Manager with Amazon RDS for PostgreSQL to automate password rotation.**

정답: **D**

설명:

AWS Secrets Manager can integrate directly with Amazon RDS for automatic and seamless password rotation. Secrets Manager handles the complexity of password management, including generating strong passwords and rotating them at a defined interval (e.g., every 30 days). It also automatically updates the connection information for RDS, minimizing operational overhead.

\* Option A (Lambda with EventBridge): While possible, this requires custom coding and operational management of Lambda, which introduces additional complexity.

\* Option B (Manual password change): Using the modify-db-instance command requires manual intervention and is not automated, leading to more operational effort.

\* Option D (Parameter Store): Systems Manager Parameter Store is less specialized for password management than Secrets Manager and does not have built-in automated rotation for RDS credentials.

AWS References:

\* AWS Secrets Manager Rotation for RDS

### 질문 # 544

A company's web application consists of multiple Amazon EC2 instances that run behind an Application Load Balancer in a VPC. An Amazon RDS for MySQL DB instance contains the data. The company needs the ability to automatically detect and respond to suspicious or unexpected behavior in its AWS environment. The company already has added AWS WAF to its architecture. What should a solutions architect do next to protect against threats?

- A. Use Amazon Inspector to perform threat detection and to update the AWS WAF rules. Create a VPC network ACL to limit access to the web application.
- B. Use AWS Firewall Manager to perform threat detection. Configure Amazon EventBridge to filter for Firewall Manager findings and to invoke an AWS Lambda function to adjust the AWS WAF web ACL
- C. Use Amazon Macie to perform threat detection and to update the AWS WAF rules. Create a VPC network ACL to limit access to the web application.
- D. Use Amazon GuardDuty to perform threat detection. Configure Amazon EventBridge to filter for GuardDuty findings and to invoke an AWS Lambda function to adjust the AWS WAF rules.

정답: D

#### 설명:

\* Understanding the Requirement: The company needs to automatically detect and respond to suspicious or unexpected behavior in its AWS environment, beyond the existing AWS WAF setup.

\* Analysis of Options:

\* Amazon GuardDuty: Provides continuous monitoring and threat detection across AWS accounts and resources, including integration with AWS WAF for automated response.

\* AWS Firewall Manager: Manages firewall rules across multiple accounts but is more focused on central management than threat detection.

\* Amazon Inspector: Focuses on security assessments and vulnerability management rather than real-time threat detection.

\* Amazon Macie: Primarily used for data security and privacy, not comprehensive threat detection.

\* Best Solution:

\* Amazon GuardDuty with EventBridge and Lambda: This combination ensures continuous threat detection and automated response by updating AWS WAF rules based on GuardDuty findings.

References:

\* Amazon GuardDuty

\* Amazon EventBridge

\* AWS Lambda

### 질문 # 545

A solutions architect is creating a new Amazon CloudFront distribution for an application. Some of the information submitted by users is sensitive. The application uses HTTPS but needs another layer of security.

The sensitive information should be protected throughout the entire application stack, and access to the information should be restricted to certain applications.

Which action should the solutions architect take?

- A. Configure CloudFront and set the Origin Protocol Policy setting to HTTPS Only for the Viewer Protocol Policy.
- B. Configure a CloudFront signed cookie.
- C. Configure a CloudFront field-level encryption profile.
- D. Configure a CloudFront signed URL.

정답: C

설명:

Field-level encryption in Amazon CloudFront provides end-to-end encryption for specific data fields (e.g., credit card numbers, social security numbers). It ensures that sensitive fields are encrypted at the edge before being forwarded to the origin, and only the authorized application with the private key can decrypt them.

This adds a layer of protection beyond HTTPS, which encrypts the whole payload but not individual fields.

Signed URLs and cookies are for access control, not encryption. Setting HTTPS Only is a good practice but does not satisfy the field-specific encryption requirement.

질문 # 546

A company has a three-tier application on AWS that ingests sensor data from its users' devices. The traffic flows through a Network Load Balancer (NLB) then to Amazon EC2 instances for the web tier and finally to EC2 instances for the application tier. The application tier makes calls to a database. What should a solutions architect do to improve the security of the data in transit?

- A. Encrypt the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume on the EC2 instances by using AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS)
- B. Change the load balancer to an Application Load Balancer (ALB) Enable AWS WAF on the ALB
- C. Configure AWS Shield Advanced Enable AWS WAF on the NLB
- D. Configure a TLS listener Deploy the server certificate on the NLB

정답: D

설명:

Explanation

The best option to improve the security of the data in transit is to configure a TLS listener and deploy the server certificate on the NLB. This will ensure that the data is encrypted and secure as it travels through the network. Additionally, you could also configure AWS Shield Advanced and enable AWS WAF on the NLB to further protect the network from malicious attacks. Alternatively, you could also change the load balancer to an Application Load Balancer (ALB) and enable AWS WAF on the ALB. Finally, you could also encrypt the Amazon Elastic Block Store (Amazon EBS) volume on the EC2 instances by using AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS).

You must specify an SSL certificate for a TLS listener. The load balancer uses the certificate to terminate the connection and decrypt requests from clients before routing them to targets.

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/elasticloadbalancing/latest/network/create-listener.html>

질문 # 547

[Design Secure Architectures]

A company wants to build a map of its IT infrastructure to identify and enforce policies on resources that pose security risks. The company's security team must be able to query data in the IT infrastructure map and quickly identify security risks.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST operational overhead?

- A. Use Amazon Neptune to store the data. Use SPARQL to query the data to identify security risks.
- B. Use Amazon Redshift to store the data. Use SQL to query the data to identify security risks.
- C. Use Amazon RDS to store the data. Use SQL to query the data to identify security risks.
- D. Use Amazon DynamoDB to store the data. Use PartiQL to query the data to identify security risks.

정답: A

설명:

Understanding the Requirement: The company needs to map its IT infrastructure to identify and enforce security policies, with the ability to quickly query and identify security risks.

Analysis of Options:

Amazon RDS: While suitable for relational data, it is not optimized for handling complex relationships and querying those relationships, which is essential for an IT infrastructure map.

Amazon Neptune: A graph database service designed for handling highly connected data. It uses SPARQL to query graph data efficiently, making it ideal for mapping IT infrastructure and identifying relationships that pose security risks.

Amazon Redshift: A data warehouse solution optimized for complex queries on large datasets but not specifically for graph data.

Amazon DynamoDB: A NoSQL database that uses PartiQL for querying, but it is not optimized for complex relationships in graph data.

Best Option for Mapping and Querying IT Infrastructure:

Amazon Neptune provides the most suitable solution with the least operational overhead. It is purpose-built for graph data and enables efficient querying of complex relationships to identify security risks.

Reference:

Amazon Neptune

Querying with SPARQL

## 질문 # 548

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**SAA-C03시험대비** : [https://www.itcertkr.com/SAA-C03\\_exam.html](https://www.itcertkr.com/SAA-C03_exam.html)

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아아, 알 만하다, 용호무관에서 상회를 하나 차리려고 하는데 시장 조사 겸 가격을 비교해 보려고 한다, 많은 분들이 많은 시간과 돈을 들여 학원까지 다니면서 Amazon SAA-C03시험패스에 최선을 다합니다, SAA-C03최신덤프는 SAA-C03실제시험 기출문제에 대비하여 만들어진 퍼펙트한 자료로서 시험적중율이 높아 많은 IT업계 인사들에서 자격증을 안겨드렸습니다.

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