

CAS-005 Standard Answers - CAS-005 Authentic Exam Hub



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CompTIA CAS-005 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Security Engineering: This section measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that involve troubleshooting common issues related to identity and access management (IAM) components within an enterprise environment. Candidates will analyze requirements to enhance endpoint and server security while implementing hardware security technologies. This domain also emphasizes the importance of advanced cryptographic concepts in securing systems.

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Governance, Risk, and Compliance: This section of the exam measures the skills of CompTIA security architects that cover the implementation of governance components based on organizational security requirements, including developing policies, procedures, and standards. Candidates will learn about managing security programs, including awareness training on phishing and social engineering.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security Operations: This domain is designed for CompTIA security architects and covers analyzing data to support monitoring and response activities, as well as assessing vulnerabilities and recommending solutions to reduce attack surfaces. Candidates will apply threat-hunting techniques and utilize threat intelligence concepts to enhance operational security.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Security Architecture: This domain focuses on analyzing requirements to design resilient systems, including the configuration of firewalls and intrusion detection systems.

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CompTIA SecurityX Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q67-Q72):

NEW QUESTION # 67

A global organization wants to manage all endpoint and user telemetry. The organization also needs to differentiate this data based on which office it is correlated to. Which of the following strategies best aligns with this goal?

- **A. Data labeling**
- B. Sensor placement
- C. Centralized logging
- D. Continuous monitoring

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed

Managing telemetry and differentiating it by office requires a way to categorize data. Let's evaluate:

A . Sensor placement: Useful for data collection but doesn't inherently differentiate by office.

B . Data labeling: Assigns metadata (e.g., office location) to telemetry, enabling differentiation. This aligns with CAS-005's focus on data management for security operations.

C . Continuous monitoring: Ensures ongoing data collection but doesn't address differentiation.

NEW QUESTION # 68

An enterprise is deploying APIs that utilize a private key and a public key to ensure the connection string is protected. To connect to the API, customers must use the private key. Which of the following would best secure the REST API connection to the database while preventing the use of a hard-coded string in the request string?

- **A. Utilize HMAC for the keys**
- B. Deploy MFA for the service accounts
- C. Implement a VPN for all APIs
- D. Sign the key with DSA

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 69

A company that uses several cloud applications wants to properly identify:

- All the devices potentially affected by a given vulnerability.
- All the internal servers utilizing the same physical switch.
- The number of endpoints using a particular operating system.

Which of the following is the best way to meet the requirements?

- A. SBoM
- B. GRC
- C. CASB
- **D. CMDB**

Answer: D

Explanation:

CMDB (Configuration Management Database): Tracks assets, configurations, and relationships (e.g., switches, OS versions), meeting all requirements.

NEW QUESTION # 70

A company receives reports about misconfigurations and vulnerabilities in a third-party hardware device that is part of its released products. Which of the following solutions is the best way for the company to identify possible issues at an earlier stage?

- A. Performing regular red-team exercises on the vendor production line
- B. Implementing a monitoring process for the integration between the application and the vendor appliance
- **C. Implementing a proper supply chain risk management program**
- D. Performing vulnerability tests on each device delivered by the providers

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 71

A company's security policy states that any publicly available server must be patched within 12 hours after a patch is released. A recent IIS zero-day vulnerability was discovered that affects all versions of the Windows Server OS:

Which of the following hosts should a security analyst patch first once a patch is available?

- A. 0
- **B. 1**
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4
- F. 5

Answer: B

Explanation:

Based on the security policy that any publicly available server must be patched within 12 hours after a patch is released, the security analyst should patch Host 1 first. Here's why:

Public Availability: Host 1 is externally available, making it accessible from the internet. Publicly available servers are at higher risk of being targeted by attackers, especially when a zero-day vulnerability is known.

Exposure to Threats: Host 1 has IIS installed and is publicly accessible, increasing its exposure to potential exploitation. Patching this host first reduces the risk of a successful attack.

Prioritization of Critical Assets: According to best practices, assets that are exposed to higher risks should be prioritized for patching to mitigate potential threats promptly.

References:

CompTIA Security+ SY0-601 Study Guide by Mike Chapple and David Seidl

NIST Special Publication 800-40: Guide to Enterprise Patch Management Technologies
CIS Controls: Control 3 - Continuous Vulnerability Management

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