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CIPS L5M1 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Understand and Apply Approaches to Managing Individuals: This section of the exam measures skills of HR Managers and focuses on managing individual behaviour effectively. It examines how differences in behavioural characteristics affect management style and approach, highlighting diversity, emotional intelligence, and assessment techniques for development. The section also covers the creation and management of knowledge, formal and informal learning processes, cognitive and behavioural learning theories, motivation theories including intrinsic and extrinsic factors, and factors influencing job satisfaction such as job design, collaboration, and flexible working arrangements.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Assess the Application of Management Concepts and Principles in a Procurement and Supply Function: This section of the exam measures skills of Procurement Managers and focuses on applying management principles within procurement and supply operations. Candidates are tested on aligning team knowledge, skills, and behaviours with organisational strategy, defining the scope of operations, and developing teams. The syllabus also includes managing stakeholder relationships, building trust, promoting collaboration, fostering a culture of learning, sharing procurement knowledge, professional development, and the importance of personal behaviours such as unbiased decision-making, communication, creativity, and reflective practice to enhance procurement and supply effectiveness.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand, Analyse, and Apply Management and Organisational Approaches: This section of the exam measures skills of Operations Managers and covers the understanding and evaluation of organisational behaviour and management approaches. It assesses knowledge of individual and team behaviour, organisational structures, and the psychological contract, as well as factors like STEEPLD influences. Candidates are tested on traditional and contemporary management approaches, including administrative, scientific, and human relations methods, as well as postmodernism, socio-technical systems, and distributed leadership. The role of individuals, teams, and organisational culture in shaping behaviour is also evaluated.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand and Apply Approaches to Planning and Managing Work Groups or Teams: This section of the exam measures skills of Team Leaders and covers the dynamics and effectiveness of work groups or teams. Candidates are tested on understanding group vision, values, norms, and alignment, as well as formal and informal group structures. The syllabus includes strategies for developing effective teams, team roles, self-managed teams, virtual team management, diversity benefits, and conflict management. It also assesses knowledge of team development, learning integration, role congruence, and approaches for merging, disbanding, or changing teams.

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CIPS Managing Teams and Individuals Sample Questions (Q23-Q28):

NEW QUESTION # 23

Tania has recently been appointed the new manager of the Procurement Department at a toilet paper manufacturer. She will line manage a team of 8, who all perform different tasks and have a varying level of ability and knowledge. She has noticed that there has been no formal training provided to the team and that some people have been asked to complete tasks they do not feel comfortable with. Overall, performance and morale are both low. Discuss the importance of 1) embedding learning into the culture and 2) role congruence in this scenario (10 points). Describe actions that Tania should take to address the issues (15 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Embedding Learning into the Culture (5 points):

Embedding learning into the organisational culture means creating an environment where continuous learning and development are valued and encouraged. In Tania's case, this is vital because the team has had no formal training, which contributes to low skills and low morale. A learning culture ensures employees feel supported in developing new abilities, reduces resistance to change, and prepares staff for future challenges. For procurement, this could involve training on negotiation skills, supplier relationship management, or e-procurement tools.

Part B - Role Congruence (5 points):

Role congruence means ensuring that an individual's skills, experience, and abilities match the tasks they are assigned. At present, some staff are being asked to complete tasks they are not comfortable with, which lowers confidence and morale. Aligning people's roles to their capabilities improves job satisfaction, builds confidence, and enhances performance. For example, a staff member skilled in analysis should be allocated spend analysis tasks, rather than being pushed into high-pressure supplier negotiations without support.

Part C - Actions Tania Should Take (15 points):

Training and development programmes - introduce structured training to close knowledge gaps and give staff confidence in their roles.

Role review and alignment - assess individual skills and reassign tasks to match strengths, ensuring role congruence.

Mentoring and coaching - pair experienced staff with less experienced members to support learning and build capability.
Encourage continuous learning - build learning into team culture through workshops, lunch-and-learns, and reflection sessions after projects.

Regular performance reviews - provide feedback, set development goals, and celebrate progress to improve motivation.

Empowerment and involvement - involve staff in identifying training needs and improvement ideas to increase ownership.

Recognition and morale building - acknowledge achievements to rebuild confidence and team spirit.

Conclusion:

Embedding learning into the culture ensures that development is continuous, reducing skills gaps and raising confidence. Role congruence ensures that tasks match people's abilities, improving morale and performance. For Tania, focusing on training, role alignment, coaching, and recognition will rebuild her procurement team into a skilled, motivated, and high-performing unit.

NEW QUESTION # 24

What is meant by 'alienation' at work? (5 points). Describe 5 factors which can cause this (20 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Definition (5 points):

Alienation at work refers to a state where employees feel disconnected, powerless, or estranged from their job, their colleagues, or the organisation. The concept, linked to Karl Marx's theory, highlights situations where workers feel that they have little control, little purpose, and no personal fulfilment in their role. Alienation often leads to low motivation, disengagement, and reduced productivity.

Five Factors that Cause Alienation (20 points):

Repetitive and monotonous work - Jobs that involve the same routine tasks every day can make employees feel like "cogs in a machine." For example, a procurement clerk only processing invoices with no involvement in decision-making may quickly feel alienated.

Lack of autonomy - When employees have no control over how they do their work, they feel powerless. In procurement, if buyers must follow rigid procedures without input into strategy, they may feel disengaged.

Poor leadership and communication - Alienation grows when managers fail to involve employees, communicate decisions, or provide feedback. Staff may feel undervalued and excluded from organisational goals.

Weak connection to organisational purpose - If employees cannot see how their work contributes to wider goals or society, they may feel their role lacks meaning. For instance, working in a cost-cutting environment without recognition of social value or sustainability can reduce motivation.

Lack of recognition or development opportunities - When employees feel their contributions are ignored, or they see no path for growth, they disengage. In procurement, failing to recognise successful negotiations or not offering training can create a sense of alienation.

Conclusion:

Alienation occurs when employees feel disconnected from their work, leading to low morale and performance. It can be caused by repetitive tasks, lack of autonomy, poor leadership, absence of purpose, and lack of recognition. For managers, reducing alienation means creating meaningful work, involving employees in decisions, and supporting development, which leads to higher engagement and productivity in procurement and supply functions.

NEW QUESTION # 25

Explain the '2 factor hygiene theory' of motivation and how this can affect the motivation of employees within an organisation (25 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

The Two-Factor Hygiene Theory, developed by Frederick Herzberg, explains what drives employee satisfaction and dissatisfaction at work. Herzberg argued that there are two categories of factors that affect motivation.

The first category is Hygiene Factors. These are extrinsic elements such as pay, working conditions, company policies, job security and supervision. If these are poor or absent, employees become dissatisfied. However, their presence alone does not create motivation - they simply prevent dissatisfaction. For example, in procurement, if buyers do not have fair pay or adequate systems, they will feel frustrated, but improving pay alone will not guarantee enthusiasm or creativity.

The second category is Motivators. These are intrinsic to the job itself, such as achievement, recognition, responsibility, advancement, and personal growth. When present, these factors actively increase motivation and job satisfaction. For instance, giving a procurement professional ownership of a supplier relationship, recognising their success in a negotiation, or offering training opportunities can significantly boost motivation.

The impact of Herzberg's theory on motivation is significant. Managers cannot rely only on hygiene factors like pay and working conditions to motivate staff. These need to be in place to avoid dissatisfaction, but true motivation comes from providing meaningful work, opportunities for growth, and recognition.

In practice, this means managers should:

Ensure hygiene factors are adequate (fair pay, safe environment, supportive policies).

Focus on motivators such as giving responsibility, offering progression pathways, and recognising achievement.

Design jobs with variety and challenge, rather than only repetitive tasks.

Encourage intrinsic motivation through empowerment and involvement in decision-making.

In procurement and supply, applying Herzberg's theory could mean ensuring staff have reliable systems and clear processes (hygiene), while also providing opportunities to lead supplier negotiations, recognise cost savings achievements, or involve staff in strategic sourcing projects (motivators).

In conclusion, Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory shows that avoiding dissatisfaction through hygiene factors is not enough. Managers must also provide motivators to create true engagement and drive performance. For procurement leaders, balancing both sets of factors is essential for building high-performing, motivated teams.

NEW QUESTION # 26

How can following the CIPS code of conduct ensure a procurement professional remains unbiased and acts ethically? (25 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

The CIPS Code of Conduct sets out the ethical standards expected of procurement professionals. By adhering to this code, buyers are guided to remain impartial, transparent, and fair in all their decisions, ensuring that supplier selection and procurement practices are ethical and free from bias.

Firstly, the code requires professionals to act with integrity. This means avoiding conflicts of interest, declaring personal relationships with suppliers, and making decisions based on facts and evidence rather than personal preferences. For example, a buyer cannot award a contract to a supplier owned by a friend without declaring the relationship.

Secondly, the code emphasises transparency and fairness. Procurement professionals must ensure all suppliers are treated equally and given the same information during tendering processes. This prevents favouritism or hidden advantages for certain suppliers.

Thirdly, the code demands professional competence. This includes basing supplier decisions on objective evaluation criteria such as cost, quality, risk, and sustainability, rather than subjective or biased views. By applying standard evaluation models, professionals avoid unconscious bias.

Fourthly, the code promotes accountability. Procurement professionals are expected to keep proper records of decisions and provide audit trails. This reduces the opportunity for unethical practices such as bribery or corruption and ensures decisions can be justified.

Finally, the code supports sustainability and social responsibility. By considering environmental, ethical, and social factors in procurement, professionals act in the best interests of society and avoid discriminatory or exploitative practices.

Conclusion:

By following the CIPS Code of Conduct, procurement professionals remain unbiased by avoiding conflicts of interest, ensuring fairness, and using objective criteria. They also act ethically by maintaining transparency, accountability, and responsibility to wider society. This builds trust with stakeholders, improves supplier relationships, and protects the reputation of both the individual and their organisation.

NEW QUESTION # 27

Discuss 5 ways in which a Procurement Manager may approach conflict. You may refer to the Thomas Kilmann model in your answer (25 points).

Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Conflict is common in organisations and in procurement, where competing priorities, supplier issues, and internal pressures often clash. The Thomas-Kilmann Conflict Model identifies five different approaches managers may use to handle conflict, depending on the situation and the desired outcome.

The first approach is Competing (high concern for task, low concern for people). Here the manager asserts their own position to achieve quick results, even at the expense of relationships. For example, a procurement manager may insist on enforcing compliance with tendering rules despite stakeholder resistance. This is effective in crises but can harm morale if overused.

The second is Accommodating (low concern for task, high concern for people). In this style, the manager prioritises relationships by giving way to the other party's needs. For instance, a procurement manager might accept a stakeholder's preferred supplier to maintain goodwill, even if it is not the cheapest option. This preserves harmony but risks poor business outcomes if used too often.

The third approach is Avoiding (low concern for both task and people). Here, the manager withdraws from the conflict or postpones action. This may be appropriate when the issue is minor or when emotions are high, giving time for reflection. However, in procurement, avoiding conflict with a poor-performing supplier may worsen problems over time.

The fourth is Collaborating (high concern for both task and people). This involves working with others to find win-win solutions. For example, a procurement manager may work with finance and operations to balance cost, quality, and sustainability objectives in supplier selection. This is often the most effective approach but requires time and trust.

Finally, Compromising (medium concern for task and people) involves each side giving up something to reach a middle ground. For instance, a procurement manager may agree to split supplier contracts between two stakeholders' preferences. This provides quick solutions but may leave all parties partially dissatisfied.

Conclusion:

A procurement manager can approach conflict through competing, accommodating, avoiding, collaborating, or compromising. Each has strengths and weaknesses. The best managers adapt their style depending on the importance of the issue, the urgency of the decision, and the relationships involved. In procurement, collaboration often delivers the most sustainable results, but flexibility across all five approaches is key.

NEW QUESTION # 28

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