

1Z0-1072-25最新題庫 & 1Z0-1072-25認證考試解析



你是其中之一嗎，你是否還在擔心和困惑的各種材料和花哨的培訓課程考試嗎？Fast2test是你正確的選擇，因為我們可以為你提供全面的考試資料，包括問題及答案，也是最精確的解釋，所有這些將幫助你掌握更好的知識，我們有信心你將通過Fast2test的Oracle的1Z0-1072-25考試認證，這也是我們對所有客戶提供的保障。

如果你是一名IT職員，你想升職嗎？你想成為一名專業的IT技術專家嗎？那就趕緊報名參加Oracle的1Z0-1072-25考試認證吧！你也知道這個認證對你們來說是多麼的重要，不要擔心考不過，不要懷疑自己的能力，只要參加了Oracle的1Z0-1072-25考試認證。所有的備考問題都來找Fast2test，它是一家專業的IT認證培訓網站，有了它在，你考試難題將不攻而破，Fast2test Oracle的1Z0-1072-25考試認證培訓資料可以幫助你輕鬆的應對考試，它幫助過的考生數不勝數，保證100%成功，還不趕緊行動，點擊Fast2test，早日實現你的IT夢吧。

>> 1Z0-1072-25最新題庫 <<

1Z0-1072-25認證考試解析，1Z0-1072-25熱門證照

想獲得Oracle 1Z0-1072-25認證，就來Fast2test網站！為您提供最好的學習資料，讓您不僅可以通過1Z0-1072-25考試，還可以在短時間內獲得良好的成績。我們已經幫助很多的考生順利順利通過1Z0-1072-25考試，獲取證書，這是一個難得的機會。現在，購買Oracle 1Z0-1072-25題庫之后，您的郵箱會收到我們的郵件，您可以及時下載您購買的1Z0-1072-25題庫并訪問，這樣可以全面地了解詳細的考試試題以及答案。

Oracle 1Z0-1072-25 考試大綱：

主題	簡介
主題 1	Identity and Access Management (IAM): This domain validates skills of security architects implementing granular access controls, emphasizing IAM policy creation, compartment organization, and dynamic group configuration. It covers identity domain management, network source restrictions, and tag-based access mechanisms to enforce least-privilege principles across OCI resources

主題 2	• Networking: Targeting network architects designing secure cloud architectures, this domain focuses on Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) implementation, including subnet design, IP address management, and routing through gateways (NAT, service, internet). It assesses expertise in VPN • FastConnect deployment, DNS configuration, load balancer setup, and advanced tools like Network Path Analyzer for troubleshooting latency or connectivity issues.
主題 3	• Compute: This section measures skills of cloud architects responsible for designing scalable and resilient infrastructure, covering compute instance configuration, autoscaling policies, and OS management. It evaluates understanding of OCI compute image options, infrastructure maintenance processes, and strategies for optimizing instance performance across availability domains.
主題 4	• Storage: Designed for storage administrators managing enterprise data solutions, this section tests proficiency in deploying Block • File • Object Storage with lifecycle management, cross-region replication, and tiered storage strategies. It includes configuring volume groups, snapshots, versioning, and security controls while analyzing storage performance metrics and cost optimization techniques.

最新的 Oracle Cloud Solutions Infrastructure 1Z0-1072-25 免費考試真題 (Q38-Q43):

問題 #38

Which statement is TRUE about delegating an existing domain to the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) DNS service?

- A. Domains can be delegated to OCI DNS via FastConnect partners.
- B. All domains can be retrieved to OCI DNS via DYN.
- C. Domains can be delegated to OCI DNS from the Domain Registrar's self-service portal.
- D. Domains can be self-delegated to OCI DNS from its own service portal.

答案: C

解題說明:

To delegate a domain to the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) DNS service, the domain needs to be pointed to OCI's DNS servers. This can be done through the Domain Registrar's self-service portal, where you update the name servers for your domain to OCI's DNS servers.

Process: You typically log into the domain registrar where your domain is registered and replace the existing name servers with the name servers provided by OCI DNS. Once this is done, DNS queries for your domain will be directed to OCI DNS.

Reference:

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation: Managing DNS Zones

問題 #39

Which TWO statements about the Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) File Storage Service are accurate?

- A. Customers can encrypt data in their file system using their own Vault encryption key.
- B. Communication with file systems in a mount target is encrypted via HTTPS.
- C. Customers can encrypt the communication to a mount target via export options.
- D. File systems use Oracle-managed keys by default.

答案: A,D

解題說明:

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) File Storage Service offers robust encryption capabilities to ensure data security.

B. Customer-Managed Encryption: Customers can choose to encrypt their data using their own keys stored in the OCI Vault service. This gives customers control over their encryption keys and enhances data security.

D. Oracle-Managed Encryption: By default, all data stored in OCI File Storage is encrypted using Oracle-managed keys. This ensures that data is encrypted at rest without requiring any action from the customer.

Incorrect Statements:

A. Communication is not encrypted via HTTPS when accessing file systems; instead, encryption in transit is typically managed via

NFS over TLS.

C . Encryption of communication to a mount target is handled via network configurations, not through export options.

Reference:

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation: File Storage Encryption

問題 #40

Which compute capacity type would you select to meet these requirements?

- A. On-demand capacity
- B. Capacity reservation
- C. Preemptible capacity
- D. Dedicated host

答案： A

解題說明：

On-demand capacity is the compute capacity type in Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI) that allows you to provision and use compute instances whenever needed, without any long-term commitment. This flexibility is ideal for various workloads, including development, testing, and production environments, where immediate availability and scalability are crucial.

Key Points:

On-Demand Capacity: On-demand compute instances provide users with the flexibility to spin up instances as required and only pay for the time the instances are running. This model is most suitable for workloads with unpredictable usage patterns or short-term requirements.

Flexibility and Scalability: With on-demand capacity, you can quickly scale your resources up or down based on your application's needs, ensuring that you only pay for the resources you actually use.

No Commitment: Unlike reserved capacity, on-demand capacity does not require any long-term commitment or upfront payment, making it an attractive option for organizations looking to avoid capital expenditures.

Reference:

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation: OCI Compute Pricing

Oracle Cloud Infrastructure Documentation: Compute Instance Lifecycle

Explanation of Incorrect Options:

A . Capacity reservation: This option allows you to reserve capacity in advance, ensuring that resources are available when needed. It's ideal for predictable workloads but may not be as cost-effective for fluctuating demands.

B . Preemptible capacity: Preemptible instances are a lower-cost option where instances can be terminated by OCI if resources are needed elsewhere. This is suitable for non-critical workloads that can tolerate interruptions.

D . Dedicated host: Dedicated hosts provide physical servers for your exclusive use, offering isolation and predictable performance. This option is more suitable for workloads requiring dedicated resources or compliance needs.

Thus, Option C: On-demand capacity is the correct choice for most general-purpose workloads needing flexibility and immediate availability without long-term commitment.

問題 #41

Which statement is true about pre-authenticated requests?

- A. You cannot edit a pre-authenticated request.
- B. Pre-authenticated requests can be used to delete buckets.
- C. Deleting a pre-authenticated request does not revoke access.
- D. You need to provide your OCI credentials to the partner company.

答案： A

解題說明：

In Oracle Cloud Infrastructure (OCI), pre-authenticated requests (PARs) allow users to grant access to specific objects in Object Storage without requiring the recipient to have an OCI account or credentials. This feature is useful for sharing objects securely without exposing broader access.

Cannot Edit a PAR: Once a pre-authenticated request is created, you cannot edit it. If you need to change the settings, such as the expiration date or the object being shared, you must delete the existing PAR and create a new one.

Other Statements:

Deleting a PAR does indeed revoke access immediately, contradicting option B.

Providing OCI credentials (C) is not required for using PARs. The purpose of PARs is to avoid sharing credentials.

Deleting Buckets (D): PARs are designed for accessing objects, not for administrative actions like deleting buckets.

Relevant OCI Documentation:

Managing Pre-Authenticated Requests

This reference outlines the features and limitations of pre-authenticated requests, including the inability to edit them once created.

問題 #42

Which TWO options will accomplish a fully redundant connection from an on-premises data center to a Virtual Cloud Network (VCN) in the us-ashburn-1 region?

- A. Configure one FastConnect virtual circuit to the us-ashburn-1 region and a Site-to-Site VPN to the us-ashburn-1 region.
- B. Configure two FastConnect virtual circuits to the us-ashburn-1 region and terminate them in diverse hardware on-premises.
- C. Configure one FastConnect virtual circuit to the us-ashburn-1 region and the second FastConnect virtual circuit to the us-phoenix-1 region.
- D. Configure a Site-to-Site VPN from a single on-premises CPE.

答案: A,B

解題說明:

For a fully redundant connection from an on-premises data center to a VCN in the OCI us-ashburn-1 region, it is important to ensure high availability and fault tolerance. Here's how each option contributes to redundancy:

Option B: Two FastConnect Virtual Circuits:

FastConnect provides a dedicated, private connection with higher bandwidth and more consistent performance compared to a VPN. To achieve redundancy, you can configure two FastConnect circuits in the same region (us-ashburn-1), each terminated on diverse hardware on-premises. This setup ensures that even if one circuit or its associated hardware fails, the other circuit can maintain the connection. This ensures no single point of failure in the connectivity to OCI. Thus, option B is correct.

Option D: FastConnect and Site-to-Site VPN:

Another approach to redundancy is to have a mix of connection types. By setting up one FastConnect circuit and one Site-to-Site VPN, both terminating in the same region (us-ashburn-1), you create a diverse connection path. If the FastConnect connection fails, traffic can automatically route through the VPN connection, maintaining connectivity. This setup adds an extra layer of redundancy, making option D correct as well.

Incorrect Options:

Option A: Only configuring a Site-to-Site VPN from a single on-premises CPE does not provide redundancy because it involves just one connection path. If that connection or the CPE fails, there would be no fallback.

Option C: Configuring FastConnect circuits to different regions (us-ashburn-1 and us-phoenix-1) does not provide redundancy within a single region but rather across regions, which is not required for regional redundancy.

Relevant OCI Documentation:

OCI FastConnect Overview

Using Site-to-Site VPN and FastConnect for Redundancy

These references offer more detailed information on setting up redundant connections and the benefits of each connection type within OCI.

問題 #43

.....

一般的Oracle認證考試是1Z0-1072-25專家利用專業經驗研究出來的考試題和答案。而Fast2test正好有這些行業專家為你提供這些考試練習題和答案來幫你順利通過考試。我們的Fast2test提供的考試練習題和答案有100%的準確率。購買了Fast2test的產品你就可以很容易地獲得Oracle的認證證書，這樣你在Oracle行業中又有了個非常大的提升。

1Z0-1072-25認證考試解析: <https://tw.fast2test.com/1Z0-1072-25-premium-file.html>

- 1Z0-1072-25題庫更新資訊 □ 最新1Z0-1072-25題庫資源 □ 1Z0-1072-25考題 □ 到> tw.fast2test.com <搜尋 (1Z0-1072-25) 以獲取免費下載考試資料1Z0-1072-25考試大綱
- 1Z0-1072-25題庫資訊 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試內容 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試內容 □ 立即到[www.newdumpsdpdf.com] 上搜索⇒ 1Z0-1072-25 ⇐以獲取免費下載1Z0-1072-25學習資料
- 1Z0-1072-25題庫更新資訊 □ 1Z0-1072-25最新試題 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試大綱 □ 立即打開⇒ tw.fast2test.com □並搜索> 1Z0-1072-25 □以獲取免費下載1Z0-1072-25最新試題
- 最佳的Oracle 1Z0-1072-25最新題庫和完美的Newdumpsdpdf- 資格考試中的領先提供商 □ ▶

- 1Z0-1072-25試題 □ 1Z0-1072-25最新試題 ↘ 1Z0-1072-25考試題庫 □ 「 www.newdumpsdf.com 」 上搜索 ☀ 1Z0-1072-25 ☀☀☀輕鬆獲取免費下載1Z0-1072-25考試指南
- 最新1Z0-1072-25題庫 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試心得 ☀ 1Z0-1072-25權威認證 □ 打開網站▶
www.newdumpsdf.com □ 搜索 ➡ 1Z0-1072-25 ☐☐☐免費下載1Z0-1072-25考試心得
- 1Z0-1072-25題庫更新資訊 □ 最新1Z0-1072-25題庫 □ 1Z0-1072-25最新試題 □ 複製網址□
www.newdumpsdf.com □ 打開並搜索{ 1Z0-1072-25 } 免費下載1Z0-1072-25認證題庫
- 獲取更新1Z0-1072-25最新題庫 - 全部在Newdumpsdf ☐ ⇒ www.newdumpsdf.com ⇐上的免費下載 ➡ 1Z0-1072-25 ☐☐☐頁面立即打開最新1Z0-1072-25題庫資源
- 1Z0-1072-25考試內容 □ 最新1Z0-1072-25題庫 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試題庫 □ 到《 www.kaoguti.com 》搜索 ✓
1Z0-1072-25 ☐✓☐輕鬆取得免費下載1Z0-1072-25考試題庫
- 優秀的1Z0-1072-25最新題庫和資格考試中的領導者和可信任的Oracle Oracle Cloud Infrastructure 2025 Architect Associate ↔ ▶ www.newdumpsdf.com ◀上的免費下載 ➡ 1Z0-1072-25 ☐頁面立即打開1Z0-1072-25 PDF題庫
- 1Z0-1072-25考試指南 □ 1Z0-1072-25考試題庫 □ 1Z0-1072-25考古題推薦 □ { www.newdumpsdf.com } 上的
免費下載[1Z0-1072-25]頁面立即打開最新1Z0-1072-25考證
- www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, hashnode.com, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
www.campfirewriting.com,
www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt, myportal.utt.edu.tt,
www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, Disposable vapes