GES-C01시험대비덤프데모인증시험최신덤프자료

Fast2test에서 최고최신버전의Snowflake인증GES-C01시험덤프 즉 문제와 답을 받으실 수 있습니다. 빨리 소지한다면 좋겠죠. 그래야 여러분은 빨리 한번에Snowflake인증GES-C01시험을 패스하실 수 있습니다.Snowflake인증GES-C01관련 최고의 자료는 현재까지는Fast2test덤프가 최고라고 자신 있습니다.

우리Fast2test의 덤프는 여러분이Snowflake GES-C01인증시험응시에 도움이 되시라고 제공되는 것입니다, 우라 Fast2test에서 제공되는 학습가이드에는Snowflake GES-C01인증시험관연 정보기술로 여러분이 이 분야의 지식 장악에 많은 도움이 될 것이며 또한 아주 정확한Snowflake GES-C01시험문제와 답으로 여러분은 한번에 안전하게 시험을 패스하실 수 있습니다,Snowflake GES-C01인증시험을 아주 높은 점수로 패스할 것을 보장해 드립니다,

>> GES-C01시험대비 덤프데모 <<

GES-C01시험대비 덤프데모 100% 시험패스 인증공부

IT인증자격증을 취득하는 것은 IT업계에서 자신의 경쟁율을 높이는 유력한 수단입니다. 경쟁에서 밀리지 않으려면 자격증을 많이 취득하는 편이 안전합니다.하지만 IT자격증취득은 생각보다 많이 어려운 일입니다. Snowflake인증 GES-C01시험은 인기자격증을 취득하는데 필요한 시험과목입니다. Fast2test는 여러분이 자격증을 취득하는 길에서의 없어서는 안될 동반자입니다. Fast2test의Snowflake인증 GES-C01덤프로 자격증을 편하게 취득하는게 어떨가요?

최신 Snowflake Certification GES-C01 무료샘플문제 (Q285-Q290):

질문 # 285

An organization is planning to deploy Snowflake Cortex Agents for sensitive financial reporting, requiring strict adherence to data governance policies and clear understanding of cost drivers. Which of the following statements about governance and cost considerations for Cortex Agents are true?

- A. Cortex Agents are powered by Snowflake-hosted LLMs by default, ensuring that all customer data and prompts remain within Snowflake's governance boundary.
- B. Monitoring of Cortex Agent interactions for debugging and refinement is exclusively performed through internal Snowflake system logs, with no external SDK support.
- C. The CORTEX_DOCUMENT_PROCESSING_USAGE_HISTORY view provides detailed credit consumption for Cortex Agent activities, including orchestration steps and tool usage.
- D. Usage costs for Cortex Agents are primarily driven by the number of tokens processed by the underlying LLMs for orchestration and the compute/service costs of tools like Cortex Analyst and Cortex Search.
- E. To use a semantic model with Cortex Agents, the role executing the agent request requires only the SNOWFLAKE .CORTEX_AGENT_USER role, as it implicitly inherits all necessary privileges for semantic model access.

정답：**A,D**

설명：

Option A is correct. By default, Cortex Analyst (which Cortex Agents use as a tool) is powered by Snowflake-hosted LLMs from Mistral and Meta, ensuring that no data, including metadata or prompts, leaves Snowflake's governance boundary. This principle extends to Cortex Agents that leverage these models for orchestration. Option C is correct. Cortex Agents orchestrate LLMs and use various tools like Cortex Analyst and Cortex Search. LLM functions incur compute cost based on tokens processed, and services like Cortex Analyst and Cortex Search have their own credit consumption models (e.g., Cortex Analyst bills per message, Cortex Search bills per GB/mo of indexed data, and AI Observability's LLM judges incur COMPLETE function call charges). Therefore, an agent's total cost is a composite of these underlying services and LLM calls. option B is incorrect as view specifically displays Document AI processing function activity, not Cortex Agent activity. Option D is incorrect. While ' SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX AGENT USER provides access to the Agents feature, using Cortex Agents with a semantic model requires additional privileges, including USAGE on the Cortex Search services and the database/schema/tables referenced in the semantic model. Option E is incorrect; AI Observability in Snowflake Cortex, which leverages TruLens Python packages, is explicitly designed for evaluating and tracing generative AI applications, including agents, for debugging and refining performance.

질문 # 286

An analytics team needs to use various Snowflake Cortex LLM functions and wants to understand the cost implications and governance mechanisms for controlling model access and usage. The "ACCOUNTADMIN" has restricted general LLM access using the 'CORTEX_MODELS_ALLOWLIST' parameter. The team is particularly interested in how model complexity and specific function calls impact billing and how access can be managed effectively for different user groups.

- A. Option A
- B. Option D
- C. Option C
- D. Option B
- E. Option E

정답：**A,C,E**

설명：

질문 # 287

A business intelligence team wants to enable non-technical users to query structured data in Snowflake using natural language. They are considering Cortex Analyst. What is the primary role of a semantic model in Cortex Analyst to achieve this goal for structured/text-to-SQL use cases?

- A. The semantic model acts as a vector store, storing embeddings of all data columns to enable semantic search for natural language queries.
- B. It serves as a cache for frequently requested data, reducing latency for natural language queries by providing pre-computed results.
- C. The semantic model directly executes SQL queries provided by end-users, bypassing the need for an LLM to generate them.

- D. The semantic model provides a mapping between business-friendly terms and the underlying technical database schema, enhancing the LLM's ability to generate accurate SQL from natural language questions.
- E. It stores user authentication credentials and data access policies, ensuring that only authorized users can interact with the data.

정답：D

설명：

Option C is correct. Cortex Analyst uses semantic models to bridge the gap between business users' natural language and the technical database schema. Semantic models provide semantic information like descriptive names and synonyms for tables and columns, which helps the underlying LLM accurately generate SQL queries from natural language questions. Option A is incorrect because the semantic model does not directly execute SQL; it provides the context for an LLM to generate SQL. Option B is incorrect as access control is managed by Snowflake's RBAC and not stored within the semantic model itself. Option D is incorrect; while performance is a consideration, caching is not the primary role of the semantic model in bridging the language gap for text-to-SQL functionality. Option E is incorrect because while vector embeddings are used in Snowflake (e.g., Cortex Search for RAG), the semantic model itself isn't primarily a vector store for all data columns for direct semantic search in this context; rather, it provides metadata for text-to-SQL generation.

질문 # 288

A data scientist needs to fine-tune a 'mistral-7b' LLM using Snowflake Cortex for a specific text summarization task. They have prepared a training dataset in a Snowflake table, with text in a column named 'source_text' and the desired summaries in a column named 'expected_summary' . They also want to understand the cost implications. Which SQL statement will correctly initiate the fine-tuning job, and how will the cost be primarily calculated?

- A. The fine-tuning job is initiated by:
  - ☐
- B. The fine-tuning job is initiated by:
  - ☐
- C. The fine-tuning job is initiated by:
  - ☐
- D. The fine-tuning job is initiated by providing the prompt and completion data directly as arrays within the 'FINETUNE' function call, avoiding the need for a separate training data table, and costs are only for the storage of the fine-tuned model.
- E. The fine-tuning job is initiated by:
  - ☐

정답：A

설명：

Option B is correct. The 'SNOWFLAKE.CORTEX.FINETUNE function requires the training data query result to include columns named 'prompt' and 'completion'. Using SELECT ... AS prompt, ... AS completion" aliases the existing columns to the required names. The cost for fine-tuning is based on the number of tokens used in training, specifically calculated as 'Fine-tuning trained tokens = number of input tokens ' number of epochs trainecf. Additionally, running 'AI_COMPLETE on a fine-tuned model incurs compute costs for both input and output tokens processed. Option A is incorrect because the columns need to be aliased to 'prompt' and 'completion', and it misstates the cost calculation for fine-tuning training itself. Option C is incorrect because the syntax for FINETUNE is a SQL function, not a 'CREATE SNOWFLAKE.ML.FINETUNE' command, and Cortex Fine-tuning incurs compute costs based on tokens, not a fixed-rate subscription model. Option D is incorrect because the first argument for the function is 'CREATE', not 'TRAIN', and training costs are based on tokens, not GPU compute hours, although compute resources are utilized. Option E is incorrect because the training data must come from a Snowflake table or view, and costs are incurred for training and inference, not just storage.

질문 # 289

A financial services company uses Snowflake Cortex's AI_COMPLETE for sentiment analysis on customer call transcripts, which contain personally identifiable information (PII). They also fine-tune a llama3.1-70b model with proprietary financial data. Which of the following statements accurately describe Snowflake's Gen AI principles regarding data privacy, model usage, and governance in this scenario?

- A. Snowflake's metadata fields, such as table and column names, should not contain personal, sensitive, or export-controlled data when using Snowflake AI services, to maintain data governance.
- B. Enabling Cortex Guard for AI_COMPLETE automatically anonymizes all PII within the prompt before it reaches the

LLM, regardless of the model chosen, to ensure privacy.

- C. Customer Data (inputs and outputs) for AI_COMPLETE, including PII, are guaranteed not to be available to other customers or used to train models made available to others.
- D. When using Cortex Analyst with Snowflake-hosted LLMs, metadata and prompts are transmitted outside Snowflake's governance boundary for processing, incurring additional cross-cloud data transfer costs.
- E. The fine-tuned llama3.1-70b model, including the proprietary training data used, is exclusively owned by the financial institution and is not shared with other Snowflake customers.

정답：A,C,E

설명：

Option A is correct because Snowflake's trust and safety principles explicitly state that Usage and Customer Data (inputs and outputs of Snowflake AI Features) are NOT available to other customers and are NOT used to train, re-train, or fine-tune Models made available to others. Option B is correct because fine-tuned models built using your data can only be used by you, ensuring exclusivity. Option C is correct as customers should ensure no personal, sensitive, or regulated data is entered as metadata when using the Snowflake service. Option D is incorrect because Cortex Guard filters unsafe and harmful responses from the LLM; it does not automatically anonymize PII in the prompt before it reaches the LLM. Option E is incorrect because when Cortex Analyst is powered by Snowflake-hosted LLMs, data (including metadata or prompts) stays within Snowflake's governance boundary.

질문 # 290

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Snowflake GES-C01 덤프가 고객님의 기대를 가득 채워드릴수 있도록 정말로 노력하고 있는 Fast2test랍니다. Snowflake GES-C01 덤프는 pdf버전과 소프트웨어버전으로만 되어있었는데 최근에는 휴대폰에서가 사용가능한 온라인버전까지 개발하였습니다. 날따라 새로운 시스템을 많이 개발하여 고객님께 더욱 편하게 다가갈수 있는 Fast2test가 되겠습니다.

GES-C01적중율 높은 인증덤프：https://kr.fast2test.com/GES-C01-premium-file.html

Snowflake GES-C01 시험가이드를 사용해보지 않으실래요, Snowflake인증 GES-C01시험을 패스해야만 자격증 취득이 가능합니다, Snowflake GES-C01시험대비 덤프데모 경쟁율이 치열한 IT업계에서 아무런 목표없이 아무런 희망없이 무미건조한 생활을 하고 계시나요, 그 외에 덤프자료가 항상 최신버전이기를 보장하기 위해 시험문제가 바뀌는 시점에 맞추어 자료를 업데이트하도록 최선을 다하고 있습니다.든든한 GES-C01시험대비덤프만 마련하시면 GES-C01시험패스는 바로 눈앞에 있습니다, Snowflake GES-C01시험대비 덤프데모 편하고 빠른 구매방식: 두 절차만 시행하면 구매가 완료됩니다.

은민은 여운의 이마에 살짝 입을 맞추고 자리에서 일어났다, 저만한 신위를 가진 이를 불안정한 자세로 대충 상대하면서 도망치는 건 어려운 일이다, Snowflake GES-C01 시험가이드를 사용해보지 않으실래요, Snowflake인증 GES-C01시험을 패스해야만 자격증 취득이 가능합니다.

시험대비 GES-C01시험대비 덤프데모 덤프문제

경쟁율이 치열한 IT업계에서 아무런 목표없이 아무런 희GES-C01망없이 무미건조한 생활을 하고 계시나요, 그 외에 덤프자료가 항상 최신버전이기를 보장하기 위해 시험문제가 바뀌는 시점에 맞추어 자료를 업데이트하도록 최선을 다하고 있습니다.든든한 GES-C01시험대비덤프만 마련하시면 GES-C01시험패스는 바로 눈앞에 있습니다.

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