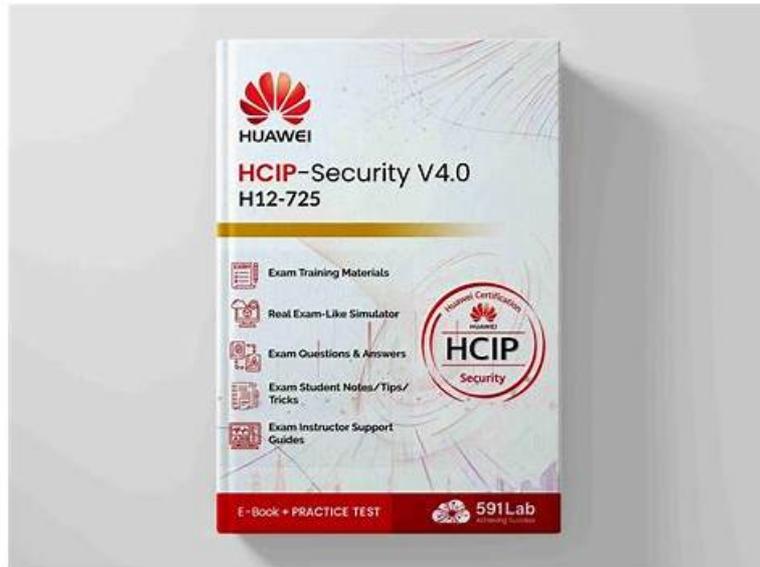


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Huawei HCIP-Security V4.0 Sample Questions (Q20-Q25):

NEW QUESTION # 20

If a Portal authentication user goes offline but neither the access device nor the RADIUS server detects this event, many problems may occur. To prevent this from occurring, the access device needs to detect a user logout immediately, delete the user entry, and instruct the RADIUS server to stop accounting.

Which of the following can trigger a Portal user logout?(Select All that Apply)

- A. The Portal server logs out the user.
- B. The authentication server logs out the user.
- C. The access device logs out the user.
- D. The user initiates a logout request.

Answer: A,B,C,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

- * Portal authentication requires active session monitoring.
- * User logout can be triggered by multiple methods:
 - * A. Portal server logout# The Portal system forcefully logs out a user.
 - * B. Authentication server logout# The authentication system revokes access.
 - * C. User-initiated logout# The user manually logs out via a Portal page.
 - * D. Access device logout# If the firewall detects inactivity, it can remove the session.
- * Why are all options correct?
- * Each method can trigger a user logout in Portal authentication.

HCIP-Security References:

- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Portal Authentication Logout Mechanisms

NEW QUESTION # 21

Which of the following statements is false about Eth-Trunk?(Select All that Apply)

- A. If a member interface of the Eth-Trunk interface is Down, traffic can still be transmitted through other member interfaces.
- B. The physical interfaces that are bundled into an Eth-Trunk interface are its member interfaces.
- C. The manual mode can detect not only link disconnections but also link faults and incorrect connections.
- D. The total bandwidth of an Eth-Trunk interface is the sum of the bandwidths of all its member interfaces. This increases the interface bandwidth.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

- * Eth-Trunk (Ethernet Trunking) aggregates multiple physical links into a single logical interface, improving bandwidth and redundancy.
- * Manual mode limitations:
 - * Manual mode does NOT detect link faults or incorrect connections-it only detects link disconnections.
 - * To detect link faults, LACP (Link Aggregation Control Protocol) mode is required.
- * Why is D false?
 - * Manual mode can only detect link disconnections but not link faults or incorrect connections.

HCIP-Security References:

- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Eth-Trunk Configuration
- * Huawei USG6000 Firewalls Link Aggregation Guide

NEW QUESTION # 22

Multiple links can be deployed at the egress of an enterprise network to improve network reliability.

- A. TRUE
- B. FALSE

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

- * Deploying multiple egress links ensures:
 - * Redundancy# If one link fails, another remains active.
 - * Load balancing# Traffic can be distributed across multiple links.
 - * High availability# Reduces downtime.
- * Why is this statement true?
 - * Enterprise networks benefit from multiple egress links.

HCIP-Security References:

- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Network Redundancy and High Availability

NEW QUESTION # 23

Huawei iMaster NCE-Campus is a web-based centralized management and control system in the CloudCampus Solution. It supports user access management and can function as multiple types of authentication servers. Which of the following servers can iMaster NCE-Campus not be used as?

- A. AD server
- B. HWTACACS server
- C. Portal server
- D. RADIUS server

Answer: A

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

* iMaster NCE-Campus functions as multiple authentication servers, including:

* Portal Server# For web-based authentication.

* RADIUS Server# For centralized authentication and policy enforcement.

* HWTACACS Server# For administrative command authorization.

* Why is B correct?

* iMaster NCE-Campus cannot function as an Active Directory (AD) server. It can integrate with an external AD server but does not replace it.

HCIP-Security References:

* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # iMaster NCE-Campus Authentication

NEW QUESTION # 24

Which of the following statements are true about SYN scanning attacks?(Select All that Apply)

- A. If the peer end does not respond to the SYN packet sent by the scanner, the peer host does not exist, or filtering is performed on the network or host.
- B. When the scanner sends a SYN packet, if the peer end responds with a SYN-ACK packet, the scanner then responds with an ACK packet to complete the three-way handshake.
- C. When the scanner sends a SYN packet, a SYN-ACK response indicates an open port.
- D. When the scanner sends a SYN packet, an RST response indicates a closed port.

Answer: A,C,D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

* SYN scanning is a stealthy technique used to identify open ports on a target system without fully establishing a TCP connection.

* How SYN scanning works:

* The scanner sends a SYN packet to the target port.

* The target responds based on the port state:

* SYN-ACK # Port is open(Correct - D).

* RST # Port is closed(Correct - A).

* No response # The host does not exist, or a firewall is blocking it(Correct - B).

* The scanner does not send an ACK(unlike a full TCP connection). Instead, it sends an RST to avoid detection.

* Why is C incorrect?

* In SYN scanning, the scanner does NOT send an ACK to complete the handshake. Instead, it sends an RST to abort the connection.

HCIP-Security References:

* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # SYN Scanning Techniques

NEW QUESTION # 25

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