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Oracle Java SE 21 Developer Professional Sample Questions (Q31-Q36):

NEW QUESTION # 31

Given:

```
java
```

```
StringBuilder result = Stream.of("a", "b")
```

```
.collect(
```

```
() -> new StringBuilder("c"),
StringBuilder::append,
(a, b) -> b.append(a)
);
System.out.println(result);
```

What is the output of the given code fragment?

- A. bac
- B. bca
- C. abc
- D. acb
- E. cacb
- F. cbca
- **G. cba**

Answer: G

Explanation:

In this code, a Stream containing the elements "a" and "b" is processed using the collect method. The collect method is a terminal operation that performs a mutable reduction on the elements of the stream using a Collector. In this case, custom implementations for the supplier, accumulator, and combiner are provided.

Components of the collect Method:

* Supplier:

* () -> new StringBuilder("c")

* This supplier creates a new StringBuilder initialized with the string "c".

* Accumulator:

* StringBuilder::append

* This accumulator appends each element of the stream to the StringBuilder.

* Combiner:

* (a, b) -> b.append(a)

* This combiner is used in parallel stream operations to merge two StringBuilder instances. It appends the contents of a to b.

Execution Flow:

* Stream Elements: "a", "b"

* Initial StringBuilder: "c"

* Accumulation:

* The first element "a" is appended to "c", resulting in "ca".

* The second element "b" is appended to "ca", resulting in "cab".

* Combiner:

* In this sequential stream, the combiner is not utilized. The combiner is primarily used in parallel streams to merge partial results.

Final Result:

The StringBuilder contains "cab". Therefore, the output of the program is:

nginx

cab

NEW QUESTION # 32

Which of the following suggestions compile?(Choose two.)

- **A. java**
sealed class Figure permits Rectangle {}
final class Rectangle extends Figure {
float length, width;
}
- **B. java**
public sealed class Figure
permits Circle, Rectangle {}
final sealed class Circle extends Figure {
float radius;
}
non-sealed class Rectangle extends Figure {
float length, width;

- ```

}

```
- C. java  
sealed class Figure permits Rectangle {}  
public class Rectangle extends Figure {  
float length, width;  
}
  - D. java  
public sealed class Figure  
permits Circle, Rectangle {}  
final class Circle extends Figure {  
float radius;  
}  
non-sealed class Rectangle extends Figure {  
float length, width;  
}

**Answer: A,D**

Explanation:

Option A (sealed class Figure permits Rectangle {} and final class Rectangle extends Figure {}) - Valid

\* Why it compiles?

\* Figure is sealed, meaning it must explicitly declare its subclasses.

\* Rectangle is permitted to extend Figure and is declared final, meaning it cannot be extended further.

\* This follows valid sealed class rules.

Option B (sealed class Figure permits Rectangle {} and public class Rectangle extends Figure {}) -# Invalid

\* Why it fails?

\* Rectangle extends Figure, but it does not specify if it is sealed, final, or non-sealed.

\* Fix: The correct declaration must be one of the following:

java

```
final class Rectangle extends Figure {} // OR
```

```
sealed class Rectangle permits OtherClass {} // OR
```

```
non-sealed class Rectangle extends Figure {}
```

Option C (final sealed class Circle extends Figure {}) -# Invalid

\* Why it fails?

\* A class cannot be both final and sealed at the same time.

\* sealed means it must have permitted subclasses, but final means it cannot be extended.

\* Fix: Change final sealed to just final:

java

```
final class Circle extends Figure {}
```

Option D (public sealed class Figure permits Circle, Rectangle {} with final class Circle and non-sealed class Rectangle) - Valid

\* Why it compiles?

\* Figure is sealed, meaning it must declare its permitted subclasses (Circle and Rectangle).

\* Circle is declared final, so it cannot have subclasses.

\* Rectangle is declared non-sealed, meaning it can be subclassed freely.

\* This correctly follows Java's sealed class rules.

Thus, the correct answers are: A, D

References:

\* Java SE 21 - Sealed Classes

\* Java SE 21 - Class Modifiers

### NEW QUESTION # 33

Given:

java

```
interface SmartPhone {
```

```
boolean ring();
```

```
}
```

```
class Iphone15 implements SmartPhone {
```

```
boolean isRing();
```

```
boolean ring() {
```

```
isRinging = !isRing();
```

```
return isRinging;
}
}
```

Choose the right statement.

- A. An exception is thrown at running Iphone15.ring();
- B. Everything compiles
- C. SmartPhone interface does not compile
- **D. Iphone15 class does not compile**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In this code, the SmartPhone interface declares a method ring() with a boolean return type. The Iphone15 class implements the SmartPhone interface and provides an implementation for the ring() method.

However, in the Iphone15 class, the ring() method is declared without the public access modifier. In Java, when a class implements an interface, it must provide implementations for all the interface's methods with the same or a more accessible access level. Since interface methods are implicitly public, the implementing methods in the class must also be public. Failing to do so results in a compilation error.

Therefore, the Iphone15 class does not compile because the ring() method is not declared as public.

### NEW QUESTION # 34

Given:

```
java
public class OuterClass {
String outerField = "Outer field";
class InnerClass {
void accessMembers() {
System.out.println(outerField);
}
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
System.out.println("Inner class:");
System.out.println("-----");
OuterClass outerObject = new OuterClass();
InnerClass innerObject = new InnerClass(); // n1
innerObject.accessMembers(); // n2
}
}
```

What is printed?

- A. Nothing
- B. markdown  
Inner class:  
-----  
Outer field
- C. An exception is thrown at runtime.
- D. Compilation fails at line n2.
- **E. Compilation fails at line n1.**

**Answer: E**

Explanation:

\* Understanding Inner Classes in Java

\* An inner class (non-static nested class) requires an instance of the outer class before it can be instantiated.

\* Incorrect instantiation of the inner class at n1:

```
java
```

```
InnerClass innerObject = new InnerClass(); // Compilation error
```

\* Since InnerClass is a non-static inner class, it must be created from an instance of OuterClass.

\* Correct Way to Instantiate the Inner Class

```

java
OuterClass outerObject = new OuterClass();
OuterClass.InnerClass innerObject = outerObject.new InnerClass(); // Correct
* This correctly associates the inner class with an instance of OuterClass.
* Why Does Compilation Fail?
* The error occurs at line n1 because InnerClass is being instantiated incorrectly.
Thus, the correct answer is: Compilation fails at line n1.
References:
* Java SE 21 - Nested and Inner Classes
* Java SE 21 - Accessing Outer Class Members

```

### NEW QUESTION # 35

Which of the following statements is correct about a final class?

- A. The final keyword in its declaration must go right before the class keyword.
- B. It cannot implement any interface.
- **C. It cannot be extended by any other class.**
- D. It cannot extend another class.
- E. It must contain at least a final method.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

In Java, the final keyword can be applied to classes, methods, and variables to impose certain restrictions.

Final Classes:

\* Definition: A class declared with the final keyword is known as a final class.

\* Purpose: Declaring a class as final prevents it from being subclassed. This is useful when you want to ensure that the class's implementation remains unchanged and cannot be extended or modified through inheritance.

Option Evaluations:

\* A. The final keyword in its declaration must go right before the class keyword.

\* This is correct. The syntax for declaring a final class is:

```

java
public final class ClassName {
// class body
}

```

\* However, this statement is about syntax rather than the core characteristic of a final class.

\* B. It must contain at least a final method.

\* Incorrect. A final class can have zero or more methods, and none of them are required to be declared as final. The final keyword at the class level prevents inheritance, regardless of the methods' finality.

\* C. It cannot be extended by any other class.

\* Correct. The primary characteristic of a final class is that it cannot be subclassed. Attempting to do so will result in a compilation error.

\* D. It cannot implement any interface.

\* Incorrect. A final class can implement interfaces. Declaring a class as final restricts inheritance but does not prevent the class from implementing interfaces.

\* E. It cannot extend another class.

\* Incorrect. A final class can extend another class. The final keyword prevents the class from being subclassed but does not prevent it from being a subclass itself.

Therefore, the correct statement about a final class is option C: "It cannot be extended by any other class."

### NEW QUESTION # 36

.....

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