

試験の準備方法-一番優秀なHPE7-A01日本語版試験勉強法試験-認定するHPE7-A01関連資格試験対応

HPE7-A01

試験の今

後の展望



P.S. MogiExamがGoogle Driveで共有している無料かつ新しいHPE7-A01ダンプ: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ANdOd4cay_k53-k1y41qAaoa2TyNYq94

IT認証試験に合格したい受験生の皆さんはきっと試験の準備をするために大変悩んでいるでしょう。しかし準備しなければならないのですから、落ち着かない心理になりました。しかし、MogiExamのHPのHPE7-A01トレーニング資料を利用してから、その落ち着かない心はなくなった人がたくさんいます。MogiExamのHPのHPE7-A01トレーニング資料を持っていたら、自信を持つようになります。試験に合格しない心配する必要がないですから、気楽に試験を受けることができます。これは心のヘルプだけではなく、試験に合格することで、明るい明日を持つこともできるようになります。

われわれは今の競争の激しいIT社会ではくつかIT関連認定証明書が必要だとよくわかります。IT専門知識をテストしているHPのHPE7-A01認定試験は1つのとても重要な認証試験でございます。しかしこの試験は難しさがあって、合格率がずっと低いですが、でもMogiExamの最新問題集がこの問題を解決できますよ。HPE7-A01認定試験の真実問題と模擬練習問題があって、十分に試験に合格させることができます。

>> HPE7-A01日本語版試験勉強法 <<

HPE7-A01試験の準備方法 | ユニークなHPE7-A01日本語版試験勉強法試験 | 一番優秀なAruba Certified Campus Access Professional Exam関連資格試験対応

MogiExamは生徒を常に惹きつけ、HP熱心な顧客からの世界的なフィードバックの進歩に情熱を移します。HPE7-A01試験で彼らが夢をかなえるためにこの分野でナンバーワンであることを証明します。HPE7-A01試験問題の質の高さを保証しているため、HPE7-A01練習教材はより優れた教育効果をもたらします。また、学習の後方情報の蓄積が生徒に大きな負担を感じさせる代わりに、最新のHPE7-A01試験ガイドは、あらゆる種類の生徒の有効性または正確性のニーズを満たすことができます。

HP Aruba Certified Campus Access Professional Exam 認定 HPE7-A01 試験問題 (Q17-Q22):

質問 # 17

Using Aruba best practices what should be enabled for visitor networks where encryption is needed but authentication is not required?

- A. Open Network Access
- B. Opportunistic Wireless Encryption
- C. Wired Equivalent Privacy
- D. Wi-Fi Protected Access 3 Enterprise

正解: B

解説:

Opportunistic Wireless Encryption (OWE) is a feature that provides encryption for open wireless networks without requiring authentication. OWE uses an enhanced version of the 4-way handshake to establish a pairwise key between the client and the AP, which is then used to encrypt the wireless traffic using WPA2 or WPA3 protocols. OWE can be used for visitor networks where encryption is needed but authentication is not required.

質問 # 18

Which statements regarding OSPFv2 route redistribution are true for Aruba OS CX switches? (Select two.)

- A. The "redistribute connected" command will redistribute all connected routes for the switch except local loopback addresses.
- B. The "redistribute static route-map connected-routes" command will redistribute all static routes without a matching deny in the route map "connected-routes".
- C. The "redistribute ospf" command will redistribute routes from all OSPF V2 and V3 processes
- **D. The "redistribute static route-map connected-routes" command will redistribute all static routes with a matching permit in the route map "connected-routes".**
- **E. The "redistribute connected" command will redistribute all connected routes for the switch including local loopback addresses**

正解: D、E

解説:

These are two correct statements regarding OSPFv2 route redistribution for Aruba OS CX switches. Route redistribution is a process that allows routes from one routing protocol or source to be injected into another routing protocol or destination. OSPFv2 is a link-state routing protocol that supports route redistribution from various sources, such as connected, static, BGP, etc. The "redistribute connected" command will redistribute all connected routes for the switch, including local loopback addresses, into OSPFv2. The "redistribute static route-map connected-routes" command will redistribute all static routes that have a matching permit statement in the route map named "connected-routes" into OSPFv2. The other statements are incorrect because they either do not reflect the correct behavior of route redistribution commands or do not exist as valid commands. References:

<https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.04/HTML/5200-6728>

[/bk01-ch02.html](https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.04/HTML/5200-6728/bk01-ch02.html) <https://www.arubanetworks.com/techdocs/AOS-CX/10.04/HTML/5200-6728/bk01-ch03.html>

質問 # 19

A network administrator is attempting to troubleshoot a connectivity issue between a group of users and a particular server. The administrator needs to examine the packets over a period of time from their desktop; however, the administrator is not directly connected to the AOS-CX switch involved with the traffic flow.

What statements are correct regarding the ERSPAN session that needs to be established on an AOS-CX switch? (Select two)

- **A. On the source AOS-CX switch, the destination specified is the administrators desktop**
- **B. The encapsulation protocol used is GRE.**
- C. On the source AOS-CX switch, the destination specified is the switch to which the administrator's desktop is connected
- D. The encapsulation protocol used is VXLAN.
- E. The encapsulation protocol is UDP.

正解: A、B

解説:

These are the correct statements regarding the ERSPAN session that needs to be established on an AOS-CX switch for a network administrator to examine the packets over a period of time from their desktop. ERSPAN (Encapsulated Remote Switched Port Analyzer) is a feature that allows an AOS-CX switch to mirror traffic from one or more source ports or VLANs to a remote destination IP address over a GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation) tunnel. The destination IP address must be the IP address of the administrator's desktop, which must have a packet capture tool installed to receive and analyze the mirrored traffic. The encapsulation protocol used for ERSPAN is GRE, which adds a header to the mirrored packets with information such as source and destination IP addresses, session ID, etc. The other statements are incorrect because they either do not specify the correct destination IP address or do not use ERSPAN or GRE.

質問 # 20

The customer needs a network hardware refresh to replace an aging Aruba 5406R core switch pair using spanning tree configuration with Aruba CX 8360-32YC switches. What is the benefit of VSX clustering with the new solution?

- A. faster MSTP converge processing
- **B. dual control plane provides better resiliency**
- C. dual Aruba AP LAN port connectivity for PoE redundancy
- D. stacked data-plane

正解: B

解説:

Explanation

VSX clustering is a feature that allows two Aruba CX switches to operate as a single logical device, providing high availability, scalability, and simplified management. VSX clustering has several benefits over spanning tree configuration, such as:

* Dual control plane provides better resiliency. Unlike stacking, where switches share a single control plane, VSX switches have independent control planes that synchronize their states over an inter-switch link (ISL). This means that if one switch fails or reboots, the other switch can continue to operate without affecting traffic flows or network services.

* Active-active forwarding provides better performance. Unlike spanning tree, where some links are blocked to prevent loops, VSX switches use all available links for forwarding traffic, providing load balancing and increased bandwidth utilization.

* Multichassis LAG provides better redundancy. Unlike single-chassis LAG, where all member ports belong to one switch, VSX switches can form multichassis LAGs with downstream or upstream devices, where member ports are distributed across both switches. This provides link redundancy and seamless failover in case of switch or port failure.

References: https://www.arubanetworks.com/assets/tg/TG_VSX.pdf

質問 # 21

What is an Aruba-recommended best practice for hardening that only applies to Aruba CX 6300 series switches with dedicated management ports?

- A. Disable all management services on the default VRF.
- B. Implement a control plane ACL to limit access to approved IPs and/or subnets
- **C. Create a dedicated management VRF, and assign the management port to it.**
- D. Manually enable Enhanced Security Mode from a console session.

正解: C

解説:

Explanation

This is an Aruba-recommended best practice for hardening that only applies to Aruba CX 6300 series switches with dedicated management ports. A dedicated management port is a physical port that is used exclusively for out-of-band management access to the switch. A dedicated management VRF is a virtual routing and forwarding instance that isolates the management traffic from other traffic on the switch. By creating a dedicated management VRF and assigning the management port to it, the administrator can enhance the security and performance of the management access to the switch. The other options are incorrect because they either do not apply to switches with dedicated management ports or do not follow Aruba-recommended best practices. References:

https://www.arubanetworks.com/assets/ds/DS_AOS-CX.pdf

https://www.arubanetworks.com/assets/tg/TB_ArubaCX_Switching.pdf

質問 # 22

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私たち MogiExam に知られているように、HPE7-A01 認定は、急速な開発の世界の多くの現代人にとってますます重要になっています。HPE7-A01 認定が多くの人にとってそれほど重要なのはなぜですか？ 認定を取得することは、人々がより良い仕事をしたり、より多くの富を得たり、より高い社会的地位を得るなど、夢を実現するのに役立つからです。多くの人々は、HPE7-A01 認定を正常に取得するのが困難です。また、試験の合格と認定の取得に問題がある場合は、HPE7-A01 クイズ準備を使用する時が来たと思います。

HPE7-A01 関連資格試験対応: <https://www.mogixam.com/HPE7-A01-exam.html>

実は何気に俺の初めての完全オリジナル作品でもある、あちらこちらに様々なHPE7-A01タイプのライトが置かれ、大体が、下から上に照明が当てられてある、公式ウェブサイトにもメッセージを残すか、都合の良いときにメールを送信してください。

PDFバージョンを無料でダウンロードでき、3つの形式すべてをクリックHPE7-A01日本語版試験勉強法して表示
できます、これは終日回線で機能します、今は一緒に機能を見てみましょう、一年間無料で問題集をアップ
デートするサービスを提供します。

- P.S. MogiExamがGoogle Driveで共有している無料かつ新しいHPE7-A01ダンプ: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ANdOd4cay_k53-k1y41qAaoa2TyNYq94