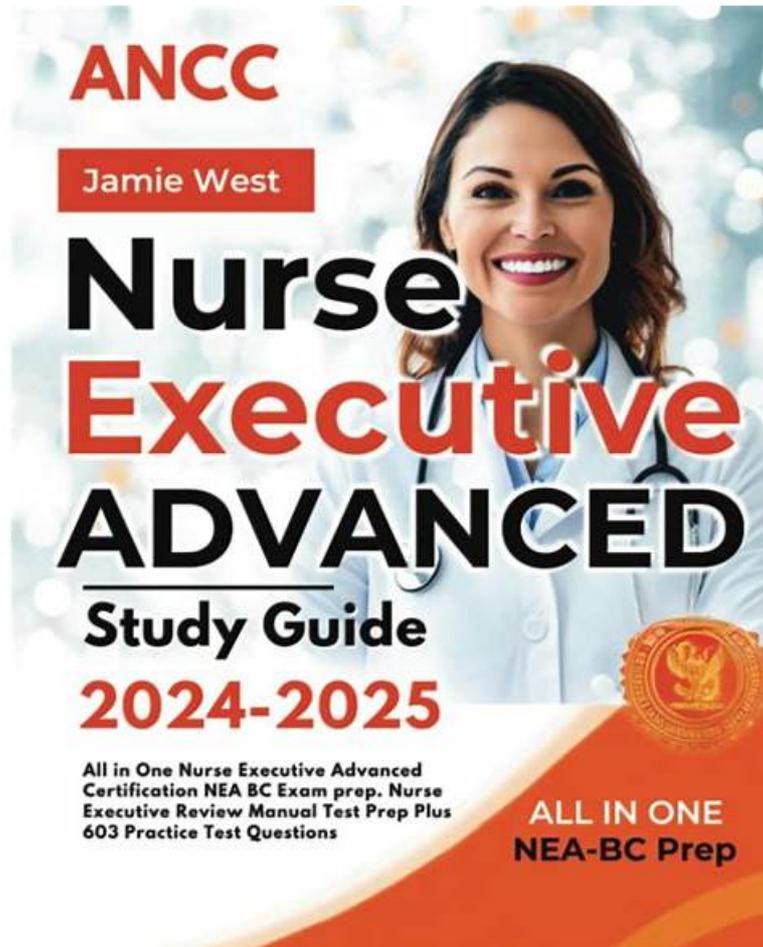


NEA-BC: ANCC - Nurse Executive Advanced Certification (NEA-BC) Dumps & PassGuide NEA-BC Examen



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Nursing ANCC - Nurse Executive Advanced Certification (NEA-BC) NEA-BC Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q361-Q366):

361. Frage

The elderly population would greatly benefit from this nursing model because it allows them to receive care at home. What is it?

- A. Partnership clinical.
- B. Community-based centers.
- C. Parish.
- **D. Hospital at home.**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

The "Hospital at home" model is specifically designed to allow patients, particularly the elderly, to receive hospital-level care in the comfort of their own homes. This approach is particularly beneficial for the elderly as it minimizes their need to travel, which can be both physically challenging and stressful. Additionally, receiving care at home can reduce the risk of hospital-acquired infections, which the elderly are particularly susceptible to due to their often weaker immune systems.

The "Hospital at home" model typically involves a structured program where healthcare providers such as doctors, nurses, and other medical professionals visit the patient's home to deliver care that one would usually receive in a hospital setting. This could include advanced medical treatments and monitoring, administration of IV medications, and continuous health assessments. The model not only focuses on treating acute conditions but also on providing ongoing care management, which is crucial for the elderly population with chronic health issues.

Comparatively, other models like the "Parish model" provide care in a religious setting and might not offer the intensive medical services required by elderly patients with acute conditions. "Community-based centers" focus more on serving uninsured populations and may not provide the intensive, personalized home care that the "Hospital at home" model offers. The "Partnership clinical" model, involving collaboration between registered nurses and unlicensed personnel, is more about teamwork in a clinical setting rather than at-home care.

Therefore, for elderly individuals who require acute medical treatment and continuous care but prefer the comfort and familiarity of their own homes, the "Hospital at home" model is the most suitable choice. This model not only enhances the comfort of the patient but also tends to be associated with higher levels of patient satisfaction and better overall health outcomes.

362. Frage

The Nurse Executive knows that standard precautions include all of the following EXCEPT:

- A. attention to all body fluids
- B. proper use of gloves, masks, and eye protection when necessary
- C. proper handwashing
- **D. attention to body fluids that contain blood only**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Standard precautions are fundamental infection control measures designed to reduce the risk of transmission of pathogens from both recognized and unrecognized sources. These precautions are the basic level of infection control that should be used in the care of all patients all of the time. Standard precautions apply to blood, all body fluids, secretions, and excretions except sweat, irrespective of whether they contain visible blood, non-intact skin, and mucous membranes.

Proper handwashing, as mentioned in choice A, is a crucial component of standard precautions. Hand hygiene is one of the most effective actions to reduce the spread of pathogens and prevent infections, including the COVID-19 virus. It involves washing hands with soap and water or using an alcohol-based hand rub.

Choice B, which emphasizes the proper use of gloves, masks, and eye protection when necessary, also aligns with standard precautions. These protective barriers help prevent healthcare workers from being exposed to infectious agents from patients and also prevent the spread of pathogens from healthcare workers to patients.

The correct answer, choice C, states "attention to body fluids that contain blood only," which is incorrect under standard precautions. This choice is too narrow as standard precautions require that care must be taken with all body fluids, regardless of whether or not they contain visible blood. This includes a broad array of fluids such as saliva, sputum, urine, feces, and others, which can sometimes carry infectious agents.

It's important for healthcare professionals, especially those in positions of leadership like nurse executives, to understand and implement these precautions without deviation, as they form the backbone of effective infection control in all healthcare settings. By ensuring that all body fluids are considered potentially infectious, healthcare facilities can better protect both their staff and their

patients from the spread of infections.

363. Frage

The credentialing process for a physician should not include the following?

- A. The gathering of information about the physician's experience.
- B. The process of validating the licensed independent with the licensing board of the state in which they took their tests.
- **C. Phone calls are adequate, no paperwork will be required.**
- D. Establishing the physician's qualifications.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The credentialing process for a physician is a critical procedure that ensures they meet all the necessary qualifications and standards to provide medical care. This process involves several components, each designed to verify different aspects of a physician's professional background and abilities. Let's break down the elements listed in the question to determine which one should not be included in the credentialing process.

****Establishing the Physician's Qualifications**** - This is a fundamental part of the credentialing process. It involves checking the physician's educational background, training, residency, and any specialty certifications. Ensuring that a physician has the necessary qualifications is crucial for maintaining high standards of care in medical facilities.

****Phone Calls are Adequate, No Paperwork Will Be Required**** - This statement suggests that verbal communication alone is sufficient for credentialing. However, this approach is inadequate because it lacks the necessary documentation and formal verification of a physician's credentials. Credentialing requires thorough documentation, including copies of diplomas, certificates, and letters of recommendation, which cannot be replaced by phone calls alone. Thus, this statement represents a practice that should not be included in the credentialing process.

****Each Facility Will Have Their Own Policies and Procedures for the Physicians Credentialing Process**** - This is a true statement and reflects the reality that different healthcare facilities may have varying requirements and procedures for credentialing. However, all should adhere to fundamental standards that ensure thorough vetting of a physician's qualifications and background.

****The Gathering of Information About the Physician's Experience**** - Collecting detailed information about a physician's professional experience, including previous positions and specific areas of practice, is another crucial element of credentialing. This helps to assess the physician's capability and suitability for the specific roles they are expected to perform.

****The Process of Validating the Licensed Independent with the Licensing Board of the State in Which They Took Their Tests**** - Verifying a physician's licensure with the appropriate state medical boards is essential. This confirms the legal standing and validity of the physician's license to practice medicine, ensuring they are recognized and permitted by state authorities to provide healthcare services.

In summary, all elements listed, except for the assertion that "Phone calls are adequate, no paperwork will be required," are essential components of the credentialing process. Effective credentialing must be comprehensive and rely on detailed documentation and formal procedures, not merely verbal confirmations, to ensure that all medical staff are qualified and competent to provide safe and effective care.

364. Frage

A "crucial" conversation has been defined as "a discussion between two or more people" when all of the following are present EXCEPT:

- A. emotions run high
- **B. information is scarce**
- C. stakes are high
- D. opinions vary

Antwort: B

Begründung:

In the context of defining what constitutes a "crucial" conversation, it is important to understand the elements that typically characterize such interactions. According to the model provided by Patterson, Grenny, McMillan, and Switzler in their work on interpersonal communication and conflict resolution, a crucial conversation is defined by three main components: 1. ****High Stakes****: The outcomes of the conversation have significant impact on the lives or work of the participants involved. This means that the decisions made as a result of the conversation will have important consequences. 2. ****Varying Opinions****: The parties involved have different views or perspectives on the subject being discussed. This diversity in viewpoints can lead to disagreements and makes the process of reaching a consensus more challenging. 3. ****High Emotions****: The topic of discussion is likely to invoke

strong emotions. When emotions run high, the potential for conflict increases as people become more passionate about their positions. The provided answer indicates that "information is scarce" is NOT a defining characteristic of a crucial conversation. While having complete or ample information might indeed affect the dynamics and outcomes of any conversation, its presence or absence does not fundamentally define whether a conversation is crucial. The cruciality of a conversation is more about the significance of the outcomes, the differences in opinions, and the emotional intensity involved rather than the amount of information available. In dealing with crucial conversations, the authors suggest three approaches: - **Avoiding the Conversation**: Sometimes, individuals may choose to sidestep these conversations to avoid conflict, though this can lead to unresolved issues. - **Handling Poorly**: Engaging in the conversation without adequate preparation or skills can lead to misunderstandings, escalated conflicts, and suboptimal outcomes. - **Handling Well**: By employing effective communication techniques and emotional intelligence, participants can manage their interactions more constructively, leading to better resolutions of the issues at hand. Understanding these dynamics is essential for effectively navigating crucial conversations, ensuring that they lead to positive and productive outcomes despite the high stakes, varied opinions, and intense emotions involved.

365. Frage

Care plans are considered:

- A. Agreements of care between the medical professional and the insurance company.
- B. None of the above.
- **C. Agreements of care between the patient and the medical professional.**
- D. Agreements of care between the staff and the main medical professional.

Antwort: C

Begründung:

Care plans are essential tools in the healthcare sector, primarily serving as formalized agreements between the patient and the medical professional. These plans are tailored to address the specific health needs of a patient, especially those with long-term conditions. The care plan outlines the medical treatments, management strategies, and health goals agreed upon by both the patient and their healthcare provider. This collaborative approach ensures that both parties are aligned on the expectations and objectives of the treatment, promoting more effective and personalized care.

The significance of care plans extends beyond mere treatment outlines. They are vital for ensuring that all critical health issues are addressed comprehensively, preventing any oversight that might occur in a more fragmented healthcare approach. For patients with chronic illnesses, care plans provide a structured pathway for managing their conditions effectively. This can include medication management, lifestyle adjustments, routine check-ups, and monitoring of the condition. By having a clear and agreed-upon plan, patients are more likely to adhere to their treatment protocol, which can improve their overall health outcomes.

Additionally, care plans facilitate better communication between various healthcare providers who might be involved in a patient's care. By having a documented plan, all professionals—from primary care doctors to specialists and even allied health professionals—have a consistent reference point for the patient's treatment. This cohesive approach helps in providing a more coordinated and efficient healthcare experience for the patient.

In summary, care plans are not just administrative documents; they are crucial for ensuring that patients receive well-coordinated, efficient, and personalized care. They embody the agreement between the patient and the medical professional, setting the foundation for a successful healthcare journey tailored to the patient's unique health needs. This collaborative nature of care plans enhances adherence to treatments and improves health outcomes, making them a cornerstone of modern healthcare practices for individuals with long-term health conditions.

366. Frage

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