

CISSPテスト資料 & CISSP日本語版トレーニング



P.S. Xhs1991がGoogle Driveで共有している無料かつ新しいCISSPダンプ: https://drive.google.com/open?id=113PlglZmQ_9GwxI-ZdTd5zMarEfCYi8

CISSPの実際のテストは、さまざまな分野の多くの専門家によって設計され、顧客のさまざまな状況を考慮し、顧客が時間を節約できるように実用的なCISSP学習教材を設計しました。学生であろうとオフィスワーカーであろうと、CISSP試験の準備にすべての時間を費やすことにはないと思います。専門知識の勉強、家事、子供の世話などに取り組んでいます。簡素化された情報により、効率的に学習することができます。そして、あなたは事前に本当の試験を感じたいですか？ CISSP試験問題を購入するだけです！

ISC CISSP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Weight	Objectives
Identity and Access Management (IAM)	13%	- Identity Lifecycle Management - Authentication and Authorization
Asset Security	10%	- Information and Asset Classification - Data Lifecycle Management
Security Operations	13%	- Incident Response - Disaster Recovery and Business Continuity
Software Development Security	11%	- Application Security Controls - Secure Software Development Lifecycle (SDLC)
Security and Risk Management	14%	- Professional Ethics - Compliance and Legal Requirements - Security Governance Principles
Security Architecture and Engineering	13%	- Security Models and Frameworks - Secure Design Principles
Security Assessment and Testing	12%	- Audit Processes - Security Testing Methods
Communication and Network Security	13%	- Network Architecture and Design - Secure Network Components

>> CISSPテスト資料 <<

更新するCISSPテスト資料試験-試験の準備方法-効率的なCISSP日本語版トレーニング

弊社では、業界で人気のある傾向と、CISSP試験リファレンスに関する最新の知識を追跡および記録するプロフェッショナルサービスチームを採用しています。私たちは、時代に遅れをとらず、クライアントに高度なビューを提供することを優先しています。私たちは、テストCISSP認定の知識に関する最も先進的な社会的見解

を注意深く見守っています。当社の専門家は、最新のCISSP試験の練習問題でテストバンクを刷新し、最新の知識と情報をCISSP試験の質問と回答にまとめます。

ISC Certified Information Systems Security Professional (CISSP) 認定 CISSP 試験問題 (Q378-Q383):

質問 # 378

Which LAN transmission method below describes a packet sent from a single source to multiple specific destinations?

- A. Broadcast
- B. Unicast
- **C. Multicast**
- D. Anycast

正解: C

解説:

The correct answer is multicast.

Unicast describes a packet sent from a single source to a single destination.

Broadcast describes a packet sent to all nodes on the network segment.

Anycast, refers to communication between any sender and the nearest of a group of receivers in a network.

質問 # 379

An organization wants to define its physical perimeter. What primary device should be used to accomplish this objective if the organization's perimeter MUST cost-efficiently deter casual trespassers?

- **A. Fences six to seven feet high with a painted gate**
- B. Fences eight or more feet high with three strands of barbed wire
- C. Fences accompanied by patrolling security guards
- D. Fences three to four feet high with a turnstile

正解: A

解説:

The primary device that should be used to define the physical perimeter of an organization if the organization's perimeter must cost-efficiently deter casual trespassers is fences six to seven feet high with a painted gate. Physical perimeter is the boundary that separates the internal and external areas of an organization, where physical security devices, such as fences, gates, locks, or cameras, are used to control and monitor the access and movement of people, vehicles, or objects. Physical perimeter is an important part of the physical security, which is the protection of the physical assets and resources of an organization from unauthorized or malicious access, damage, or theft. Physical perimeter can be defined by using different types of devices, depending on the level of security, cost, and aesthetics required by the organization. Fences are one of the most common and effective devices for defining the physical perimeter, as they can provide the following benefits:

They can deter or prevent the unauthorized or unwanted entry or exit of people, vehicles, or objects, by creating a physical barrier or obstacle.

They can delay or slow down the authorized or wanted entry or exit of people, vehicles, or objects, by requiring the use of a gate, lock, or key.

They can detect or alert the unauthorized or unwanted entry or exit of people, vehicles, or objects, by using sensors, alarms, or cameras.

They can display or communicate the boundary or ownership of the organization, by using signs, symbols, or colors. Fences six to seven feet high with a painted gate can be a cost-efficient and effective device for defining the physical perimeter of an organization that wants to deter casual trespassers, which are the people who enter or exit the organization's premises without permission or authorization, but without any malicious or criminal intent. Fences six to seven feet high can provide enough height to prevent most people from climbing over or jumping over the fence, while also allowing enough visibility to see what is happening on the other side of the fence. Fences with a painted gate can provide a clear and attractive indication of the entrance or exit point of the organization, as well as the identity or image of the organization. Fences six to seven feet high with a painted gate can also be relatively easy and inexpensive to install and maintain, compared to other types of devices, such as walls, barbed wires, or electric fences.

質問 # 380

By examining the "state" and "context" of the incoming data packets, it helps to track the protocols that are considered "connectionless", such as UDP-based applications and Remote Procedure Calls (RPC). This type of firewall system is used in:

- A. fourth generation firewall systems
- B. second generation firewall systems
- C. first generation firewall systems
- **D. third generation firewall systems**

正解: D

解説:

"Stateful Inspection Characteristics The firewall maintains a state table that tracks each and every communication channel. Frames are analyzed at all communication layers. It provides a high degree of security and does not introduce the performance hit that proxy firewalls introduce. It is scalable and transparent to users. It provides data tracking for tracking connectionless protocols such as UDP and ICMP. The state and context of the data within the packets are stored and updated continuously. It is considered a third-generation firewall." Pg. 375 Shon Harris: All-in-One CISSP Certification

Not A:

"Packet filtering is the first generation firewall—that is, it was the first type that was created and used, and other types were developed fall into different generations." Pg 373 Shon Harris: All-in-One CISSP Certification

質問 # 381

The definition the science and art of specifying, designing, implementing and evolving programs, documentation and operating procedures whereby computers can be made useful to man is that of:

- **A. Software engineering**
- B. An object-oriented system
- C. Structured analysis/structured design (SA/SD)
- D. Functional programming

正解: A

解説:

This definition of software engineering is a combination of popular definitions of engineering and software. One definition of engineering is the application of science and mathematics to the design and construction of artifacts which are useful to man. A definition of software is that it consists of the programs, documentation and operating procedures by which computers can be made useful to man.

*Answer SA/SD deals with developing specifications that are abstractions of the problem to be solved and not tied to any specific programming languages.

Thus, SA/SD, through data flow diagrams (DFDs), shows the main processing entities and the data flow between them without any connection to a specific programming language implementation.

*An object-oriented system is a group of independent objects that can be requested to perform certain operations or exhibit specific behaviors. These objects cooperate to provide the systems required functionality. The objects have an identity and can be created as the program executes (dynamic lifetime). To provide the desired characteristics of object-oriented systems, the objects are encapsulated, i.e., they can only be accessed through messages sent to them to request performance of their defined operations. The object can be viewed as a black box whose internal details are hidden from outside observation and cannot normally be modified. Objects also exhibit the substitution property, which means that objects providing compatible operations can be substituted for each other. In summary, an object-oriented system contains objects that exhibit the following properties:
Identity each object has a name that is used to designate that object.

Encapsulation an object can only be accessed through messages to perform its defined operations.

Substitution objects that perform compatible operations can be substituted for each other.

Dynamic lifetimes objects can be created as the program executes.

* Answer functional programming uses only mathematical functions to perform computations and solve problems. This approach is based on the assumption that any algorithm can be described as a mathematical function. Functional languages have the characteristics that:

They support functions and allow them to be manipulated by being passed as arguments and stored in data structures.

Functional abstraction is the only method of procedural abstraction.

質問 # 382

A system administration office desires to implement the following rules:

* An administrator that is designated as a skill level 3, with 5 years of experience, is allowed to perform system backups, upgrades, and local administration.

* An administrator that is designated as a skill level 5, with 10 years of experience, is permitted to perform all actions related to system administration.

Which of the following access control methods MUST be implemented to achieve this goal?

- A. Attribute Based Access Control (ABAC)
- **B. Role Based Access Control (RBAC)**
- C. Mandatory Access Control (MAC)
- D. Discretionary Access Control (DAC)

正解: B

解説:

Section: Mixed questions

質問 # 383

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コンテンツだけでなくディスプレイでも、CISSPテスト準備の設計に最新のテクノロジーを適用しました。結果として、あなたは変化する世界に歩調を合わせ、CISSPトレーニング資料であなたの利点を維持することができます。また、重要な知識を個人的に統合し、カスタマイズされた学習スケジュールやTo Doリストを毎日設計できます。最後になりましたが、アフターサービスは、CISSPガイド急流で最も魅力的なプロジェクトになる可能性があります。

CISSP日本語版トレーニング: <https://www.xhs1991.com/CISSP.html>

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さらに、Xhs1991 CISSPダンプの一部が現在無料で提供されています: https://drive.google.com/open?id=113PlgflZmQ_9GwxI-ZdTd5zMarEfCyi8