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Linux Foundation Kubernetes and Cloud Native Security Associate Sample Questions (Q17-Q22):

NEW QUESTION # 17

You are responsible for securing the kubelet component in a Kubernetes cluster.

Which of the following statements about kubelet security is correct?

- A. Kubelet does not have any built-in security features.
- B. Kubelet runs as a privileged container by default.
- C. Kubelet supports TLS authentication and encryption for secure communication with the API server.
- D. Kubelet requires root access to interact with the host system

Answer: C

Explanation:

* The kubelet is the primary agent that runs on each node in a Kubernetes cluster and communicates with the control plane.

* Kubelet supports TLS (Transport Layer Security) for both authentication and encryption when interacting with the API server. This is a core security feature that ensures secure node-to-control-plane communication.

* Incorrect options:

* (A) Kubelet does not run as a privileged container by default; it runs as a system process (typically systemd-managed) on the host.

* (B) Kubelet does include built-in security features such as TLS authentication, authorization modes, and read-only vs secured ports.

* (D) While kubelet interacts with the host system (e.g., cgroups, container runtimes), it does not inherently require root access for communication security; RBAC and TLS handle authentication.

References:

Kubernetes Documentation - Kubelet authentication/authorization

CNCF Security Whitepaper - Cluster Component Security (discusses TLS and mutual authentication between kubelet and API server).

NEW QUESTION # 18

When using a cloud provider's managed Kubernetes service, who is responsible for maintaining the etcd cluster?

- A. Namespace administrator
- B. Application developer
- C. Kubernetes administrator
- D. **Cloud provider**

Answer: D

Explanation:

* In managed Kubernetes services (EKS, GKE, AKS), the control plane is operated by the cloud provider

* This includes etcd, API server, controller manager, scheduler.

* Users manage worker nodes (in some models) and workloads, but not the control plane.

* Exact extract (GKE Docs):

* "The control plane, including the API server and etcd database, is managed and maintained by Google."

* Similarly for EKS and AKS, etcd is fully managed by the provider.

References:

GKE Architecture: <https://cloud.google.com/kubernetes-engine/docs/concepts/cluster-architecture> EKS Architecture: <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/eks/latest/userguide/eks-architecture.html> AKS Docs: <https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/concepts-clusters-workloads>

NEW QUESTION # 19

In order to reduce the attack surface of the Scheduler, which default parameter should be set to false?

- A. **--profiling**
- B. --bind-address
- C. --scheduler-name
- D. --secure-kubeconfig

Answer: A

Explanation:

* The kube-scheduler exposes a profiling/debugging endpoint when --profiling=true (default).

* This can unnecessarily increase the attack surface.

* Best practice: set --profiling=false in production.

* Exact extract (Kubernetes Docs - kube-scheduler flags):

* "--profiling (default true): Enable profiling via web interface host:port/debug/pprof."

* Why others are wrong:

* --scheduler-name: just identifies the scheduler, not a security risk.

* --secure-kubeconfig: not a valid flag.

* --bind-address: changing it limits exposure but is not the default risk parameter for profiling.

References:

Kubernetes Docs - kube-scheduler options: <https://kubernetes.io/docs/reference/command-line-tools-reference/kube-scheduler/>

NEW QUESTION # 20

What is the purpose of the Supplier Assessments and Reviews control in the NIST 800-53 Rev. 5 set of controls for Supply Chain Risk Management?

- A. To identify potential suppliers for the organization.
- **B. To evaluate and monitor existing suppliers for adherence to security requirements.**
- C. To conduct regular audits of suppliers' financial performance.
- D. To establish contractual agreements with suppliers.

Answer: B

Explanation:

* In NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5, SR-6: Supplier Assessments and Reviews requires evaluating and monitoring suppliers' security and risk practices.

* Exact extract (NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5, SR-6):

* "The organization assesses and monitors suppliers to ensure they are meeting the security requirements specified in contracts and agreements."

* This is about ongoing monitoring of supplier adherence, not financial audits, not contract creation, and not supplier discovery.

References:

NIST SP 800-53 Rev. 5, Control SR-6 (Supplier Assessments and Reviews): <https://csrc.nist.gov/publications/detail/sp/800-53/rev-5/final>

NEW QUESTION # 21

Which label should be added to the Namespace to block any privileged Pods from being created in that Namespace?

- **A. pod-security.kubernetes.io/enforce: baseline**
- B. privileged: true
- C. pod.security.kubernetes.io/privileged: false
- D. privileged: false

Answer: A

Explanation:

* Kubernetes Pod Security Admission (PSA) enforces Pod Security Standards by applying labels on Namespaces.

* Exact extract (Kubernetes Docs - Pod Security Admission):

* "You can label a namespace with pod-security.kubernetes.io/enforce: baseline to enforce the Baseline policy."

* The baseline profile explicitly disallows privileged pods and other unsafe features.

* Why others are wrong:

* A & D: These labels do not exist in Kubernetes.

* B: Setting privileged: true would allow privileged pods, not block them

References:

Kubernetes Docs - Pod Security Admission: <https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/security/pod-security-admission/> Kubernetes Docs - Pod Security Standards: <https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/security/pod-security-standards/>

NEW QUESTION # 22

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